NEW ISSUE - Book-Entry-Only

RATING: Moody's: "Aa3" (See "RATING" herein)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED MAY 19, 2022

In the opinion of Parker McCay P.A., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, Bond Counsel, assuming continuing compliance by the Township (as hereinafter defined) with certain tax covenants described herein, under existing law, interest on the Bonds (as hereinafter defined) is not included for federal income tax purposes in the gross income of the owners thereof pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Code"), and will not constitute a tax preference item for purposes of the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. In addition, interest on the Bonds may be subject to the branch profits tax imposed on certain foreign corporations and to the tax on "excess net passive income" imposed on S corporations. Interest on the Bonds and any gain from the sale thereof is not included in the gross income of owners thereof under the New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act, as presently executed and construed.

\$31,880,000* TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN County of Camden, New Jersey GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022 (Callable)

Dated: Date of Delivery Due: March 1, as shown on the inside front cover

The Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township") is issuing \$31,880,000* aggregate principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022 ("Bonds"). The Bonds shall be issued in fully registered book-entry-only form without coupons.

The principal of the Bonds shall be paid on the respective maturity dates thereof upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds in the offices of the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any. Interest on the Bonds is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2023 in each year until maturity or earlier redemption thereof. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Upon initial issuance, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, payments of principal of and interest on the Bonds will be made directly to DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co., which will remit such payments to the Direct Participants (as hereinafter defined) which will, in turn, remit such payments to the Beneficial Owners (as hereinafter defined) of the Bonds. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds purchased. For so long as any purchaser is a Beneficial Owner of a Bond, such purchaser must maintain an account with a broker or dealer who is, or acts through, a Direct Participant to receive payment of the principal of and interest on such Bond.

The Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to: (i) the Local Bond Law, Chapter 169 of the Laws of 1960 of the State of New Jersey, as amended and supplemented ("Local Bond Law"); (ii) bond ordinances 2017-3 as amended by 2017-16, 2017-8, 2018-2 as amended by 2021-14, 2019-2, 2019-3, 2020-3, 2020-11, 2021-5 as amended by 2021-15 and 2021-25, 2021-9 and 2022-6, each duly and finally adopted by the Township Committee and published in accordance with the requirements of the Local Bond Law; (iii) a resolution adopted by the Township Committee on May 19, 2022; and (iv) a Certificate of Determination and Award executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Township on May ___, 2022.

The Bonds are being issued by the Township to provide funds which will be used to: (i) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment for which obligations have been authorized but not issued; (ii) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment by the repayment at maturity of certain bond anticipation notes heretofore issued by the Township; and (ii) pay certain costs and expenses incidental to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

The full faith and credit of the Township are irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The Bonds are general obligations of the Township payable as to principal and interest from *ad valorem* taxes that shall be levied upon all taxable real property within the Township without limitation as to rate or amount.

This cover contains certain information for quick reference only. It is *not* a summary of this issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement, including the Appendices attached hereto, to obtain information essential to their making of an informed investment decision.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the prior approval of legality by the law firm of Parker McCay P.A., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, Bond Counsel to the Township, and certain other conditions described herein. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Township by its Solicitor, Linda Galello, Esquire. Acacia Financial Group, Inc., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, has acted as Municipal Advisor to the Township in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. It is anticipated that the Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery, in immediately available funds, through DTC in New York, New York on or about June 7, 2022.

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSIONS FOR THE BONDS WILL BE RECEIVED VIA PARITY UNTIL 11:00 A.M. ON MAY 25, 2022. FOR MORE DETAILS ON HOW TO BID ELECTRONICALLY VIEW THE NOTICE OF SALE POSTED AT WWW.GOVDEBT.NET.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

\$31,880,000* TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN County of Camden, New Jersey GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022 (Callable)

<u>Year</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u> *	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Yield	CUSIP**
2024	\$740,000	%	%	
2025	855,000			
2026	790,000			
2027	730,000			
2028	975,000			
2029	1,030,000			
2030	1,820,000			
2031	1,885,000			
2032	1,945,000			
2033	2,030,000			
2034	2,100,000			
2035	2,175,000			
2036	2,250,000			
2037	2,335,000			
2038	2,415,000			
2039	2,505,000			
2040	2,600,000			
2041	2,700,000			

* Preliminary, subject to change.

^{**} A registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services, which is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by S&P Global Markets Intelligence. The CUSIP numbers listed above are being provided solely for the convenience of holders of the Bonds only at the time of issuance of the Bonds and the Township does not make any representation with respect to such numbers or undertake any responsibility for their accuracy now or at any time in the future. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity of the Bonds is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN COUNTY OF CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY

Mayor and Township Committee

NameTitleJessica RafehMayorNikki RobertsDeputy MayorMarco DiBattistaCommitteepersonVince MartinezCommitteepersonPatrick OlivoCommitteeperson

Township Administrator

Tim Killion

Chief Financial Officer

Elizabeth Peddicord

Township Clerk

Pamela Scott-Forman

Solicitor

Parker McCay P.A. Mount Laurel, New Jersey

Auditor

Bowman & Company LLP Voorhees, New Jersey

Bond Counsel

Parker McCay P.A. Mount Laurel, New Jersey

Municipal Advisor

Acacia Financial Group, Inc. Mount Laurel, New Jersey The information which is set forth herein has been provided by the Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township"), The Depository Trust Company and by other sources which are believed to be reliable by the Township, but the information provided by such sources is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by the Township. Certain general and financial information concerning the Township is contained in Appendices "A" and "B" to this Official Statement. Such information has been furnished by the Township.

No broker, dealer, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the Township to give any information or to make any representations with respect to the Bonds other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Township. The information contained herein has been provided by the Township and other sources deemed reliable; however, no representation or warranty is made as to its accuracy or completeness and such information is not to be construed as a representation or warranty by any underwriter or, as to information from sources other than itself, by the Township. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in any of the information herein since the date hereof, or the date as of which such information is given, if earlier.

References in this Official Statement to laws, rules, regulations, bond ordinances, agreements, reports and other documents do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references to such documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to the particular document, the full text of which may contain qualifications of and exceptions to statements made herein, and copies of which may be inspected at the office of the Township Clerk during normal business hours.

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for any person to make such an offer, solicitation or sale. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Official Statement. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Township or any underwriter.

Upon issuance, the Bonds will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, will not be listed on any stock or other securities exchange and neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, State, municipal or other governmental entity will have passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVER ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE.

The order and placement of materials in this Official Statement, including the Appendices, are not to be deemed to be a determination of relevance, materiality or importance, and this Official Statement, including the Appendices, must be considered in its entirety.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION	N	1
	ON FOR THE BONDS	
	HE ISSUE	
	OF THE BONDS	
	THE BONDS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	on Provisions	
	ry-Only System	
	uance of Book-Entry-Only System	
	THE BONDS RMATION REGARDING THE TOWNSHIP	
	AUDITORS	
	TISIONS OF THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY AND THE	
	RELATING TO GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT	
	nd Law	
	cal Affairs Law	
	dget Law	
	eous Revenues	
	te Taxes	
	of Current Expenses	
Budget Tr	ransfers	13
	udget	
Related C	Constitutional and Statutory Provisions	13
	icipal Finance Commission	
Limitation	n of Remedies Under Federal Bankruptcy Code	15
Procedure	e for Assessment and Collection of Taxes	15
Tax Appe	eals	16
CERTAIN RISK I	FACTORS	16
Recent He	ealthcare Developments	16
	curity	
TAX MATTERS.	•	18
Federal		18
New Jerse	ey	19
	in Federal and State Tax Law	
PREPARATION (OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT	20
	G	
	INVESTMENT	
	TIVVESTNIETVI	
	VISOR	
	OISCLOSURE	
	RS	
	NFORMATION	
ADDITIONAL IN	N'ORWATION	42
APPENDIX A:	CERTAIN ECONOMIC, FINANCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFREGARDING THE TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN	FORMATION
APPENDIX B:	COMPILED AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE OF PENNSAUKEN	ETOWNSHIP
APPENDIX C.	FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION	
APPENDIX D:	FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT	

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$31,880,000* TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN County of Camden, New Jersey GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022 (Callable)

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement, including the cover page and Appendices attached hereto, is to provide certain information relating to the issuance by the Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township") of its: \$31,880,000* aggregate principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022 ("Bonds").

AUTHORIZATION FOR THE BONDS

The Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to: (i) the Local Bond Law, Chapter 169 of the Laws of 1960 of the State of New Jersey ("State"), as amended and supplemented ("Local Bond Law"); (ii) bond ordinances 2017-3 as amended by 2017-16, 2017-8, 2018-2 as amended by 2021-14, 2019-2, 2019-3, 2020-3, 2020-11, 2021-5 as amended by 2021-15 and 2021-25, 2021-9 and 2022-6 (collectively, the "Bond Ordinances"), each duly and finally adopted by the Township Committee and published in accordance with the requirements of the Local Bond Law; (iii) a resolution adopted by the Township Committee on May 19, 2022; and (iv) a Certificate of Determination and Award executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Township on May ___, 2022.

PURPOSE OF THE ISSUE

The Bonds are being issued by the Township to provide funds, which will be used to: (i) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment for which obligations have been authorized but not issued; (ii) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment by the repayment, at maturity, of certain bond anticipation notes heretofore issued by the Township; and (iii) pay certain costs and expenses incidental to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

The improvements and equipment to be permanently financed with the proceeds of the Bonds include the following:

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^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

Bond Ordinance	Purpose/ Improvement	Amount Authorized	Notes Outstanding	Bonds to be Issued
2017-03; Amended by 2017-16	Various Capital Improvements	\$2,517,500	\$2,296,250	\$2,296,250
2017-08	Replacement of HVAC	323,000	311,500	311,500
2018-02; as amended by 2021-14	Various Capital Improvements	2,422,500	2,312,500	2,312,500
2019-02	Various Recreational Improvements	204,250	204,250	204,250
2019-03	Various Capital Improvements and Acquisition of Equipment	2,384,500	2,384,500	2,384,500
2020-03	Various Capital Improvements and Acquisition of Equipment	2,736,000	2,736,000	2,736,000
2020-11	Library/Municipal Building Complex	570,000	0	570,000
2021-05; as amended by 2021-15 and 2021-25	Various Capital Improvements and Acquisition of Equipment	4,275,000	4,275,000	4,275,000
2021-09	Library/Municipal Building Complex	13,800,000	0	13,800,000
2022-06	Acquisition of Various Capital Equipment Improvements and Completion of Various Improvements		0	2,990,000
TOTAL		\$32,732,750	\$14,520,000	\$31,880,000

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be issued in the aggregate principal amounts and mature on the dates as shown on the inside front cover hereof. The Bonds will be dated their date of delivery and bear interest from that date at the interest rates set forth on the inside front cover hereof. Interest on the Bonds is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 (each an "Interest Payment Date" and collectively, "Interest Payment Dates"), commencing March 1, 2023, in each year until maturity or earlier redemption thereof.

Individual purchases of the Bonds may be made in the principal amount of \$5,000, or any integral multiple of \$5,000, and in integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, or in such amount necessary to issue the principal amount of the Bonds, through book-entries made on the books and the records of DTC (as hereinafter defined) and its participants. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS--Book-Entry-Only System" below. The Bonds will mature on March 1 in the years and in the principal amounts, all as shown on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement.

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered book-entry only form without coupons. The principal of the Bonds will be payable to the registered owners at maturity upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds at the offices of the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any. Interest on each Bond shall be payable on each Interest Payment Date of such Bond to the registered owner of record thereof appearing on the registration books kept by the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, as of the close of business on the fifteenth (15th) day of the calendar month next preceding an Interest Payment Date (each a "Record Date").

So long as The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") or its nominee, Cede & Co., is the registered owner of the Bonds, payments of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be made directly to Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. Disbursements of such payments to the participants of DTC ("DTC Participants") is the responsibility of DTC and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners (as hereinafter defined) of the Bonds is the responsibility of the DTC Participants and not the Township.

Redemption Provisions

The Bonds maturing on and after March 1, 2033 are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates at the option of the Township, upon notice as set forth below, as a whole or in part (and, if in part, such maturities as the Township shall determine and within any such maturity by lot) on any date on or after March 1, 2032, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Notice of redemption shall be given by mailing first class mail in a sealed envelope with postage pre-paid not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the redemption date to the owner of every Bond of which all or a portion is to be redeemed at his or her last address, if any, appearing on the registration books of the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any. So long as the Bonds are issued in book-entry-only form, all notices of redemption will be sent only to DTC or any successor, and will not be sent to the

beneficial owners of the Bonds. Failure of an owner of the Bonds to receive such notice or of DTC to advise any participant or any failure of a participant to notify any beneficial owner of the Bonds shall not affect the validity of any proceedings for the redemption of Bonds. Such notice shall specify: (i) the series and maturity of the Bonds to be redeemed; (ii) the redemption date and the place or places where amounts that are due and payable upon such redemption will be payable; (iii) if less than all of the Bonds are to be redeemed, the letters and numbers or other distinguishing marks of the Bonds to be redeemed; (iv) in the case of a Bond to be redeemed in part only, the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed; (v) that on the redemption date there shall become due and payable with respect to each Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed the redemption price; and (vi) that from and after the redemption date interest on such Bond or portion thereof to be redeemed shall cease to accrue and be payable.

Book-Entry-Only System ¹

The description which follows of the procedures and record keeping with respect to beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, payment of principal and interest, and other payments on the Bonds to DTC Participants or Beneficial Owners (as each such terms is hereinafter defined), confirmation and transfer of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds and other related transactions by and between DTC, DTC Participants and Beneficial Owners, is based on certain information furnished by DTC to the Township. Accordingly, the Township does not make any representations as to the completeness or accuracy of such information.

The DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "Banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, Banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a whollyowned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S.

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¹ Source: The Depository Trust Company

and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, Banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all the Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices, if any, shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, as soon as possible after the applicable Record Date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the applicable Record Date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds and distributions on the Bonds, if any, will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding

detail information from the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds and distributions to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Township. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Township may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Township believes to be reliable, but neither the Township nor the Underwriters (as hereinafter defined) take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

NEITHER THE TOWNSHIP NOR ITS HEREAFTER DESIGNATED PAYING AGENT, IF ANY, WILL HAVE THE RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO THE DIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR THE PERSONS FOR WHOM THEY ACT AS NOMINEES WITH RESPECT TO THE PAYMENTS TO OR PROVIDING OF NOTICE FOR THE DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR THE INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS.

SO LONG AS CEDE & CO. IS THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE BONDS, AS NOMINEE OF DTC, REFERENCES HEREIN TO THE BONDHOLDERS OR REGISTERED OWNERS OF THE BONDS (OTHER THAN UNDER THE HEADING "TAX MATTERS") SHALL MEAN CEDE & CO. AND SHALL NOT MEAN THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE BONDS.

Discontinuance of Book-Entry-Only System

In the event that the book-entry-only system is discontinued and the Beneficial Owners become registered owners of the Bonds, the following provisions would apply: (i) the Bonds may be exchanged for an equal principal amount of Bonds in other authorized denominations and of the same maturity, upon surrender thereof at the offices of the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any; (ii) the transfer of the Bonds may be registered on the books maintained by the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, for such purposes only upon the surrender thereof to the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any,

together with the duly executed assignment in form satisfactory to the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any; and (iii) for every exchange or registration of transfer of the Bonds, the Township, or its hereafter designated paying agent, if any, may make a charge sufficient to reimburse for any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or registration of transfer for any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or registration of transfer of the Bonds. In such event, interest on the Bonds will be payable by check or draft, mailed on each Interest Payment Date, to the registered owners thereof as of the close of business on the Record Date, whether or not a business day.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

The full faith and credit of the Township are irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The Bonds are general obligations of the Township payable as to principal and interest from *ad valorem* taxes that shall be levied upon all taxable real property within the Township without limitation as to rate or amount.

The Township may pledge only its own credit and taxing power in respect of the Bonds, and has no power to pledge the credit or taxing power of the State or any other political subdivision thereof, nor shall the Bonds be deemed to be obligations of said State or any other political subdivision thereof, nor shall said State or any other political subdivision thereof be liable for the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds.

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE TOWNSHIP

General information concerning the Township, including economic, financial, demographic and other relevant data, is set forth in Appendix "A" to this Official Statement. Copies of the complete reports of audit may be obtained upon request to the office of the Chief Financial Officer of the Township.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

An excerpt of the Unaudited Financial Statements for the year ending December 31, 2021 and an excerpt of the Report of Audit of Financial Statements for the years ending December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 is included in Appendix "B" to this Official Statement. The audited financial data was provided by Bowman & Company LLP, Voorhees, New Jersey, and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such firm. Bowman & Company LLP, New Jersey, has consented to the inclusion of their report in this Official Statement. Copies of the complete Reports of Audit may be obtained upon request to the office of the Chief Financial Officer of the Township.

CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY AND THE UNITED STATES RELATING TO GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

Local Bond Law

General - The Local Bond Law governs the issuance of bonds and notes by counties and municipalities for the financing of capital improvements. Among its provisions are the following: (i) the power and obligation to pay any and all bonds and notes issued pursuant to the Local Bond Law shall be unlimited; (ii) the county or municipality shall levy *ad valorem* taxes upon all taxable property therein for the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds and notes without limitation as to rate or amount; (iii) generally, a down payment that is not less than five percent (5%) of the amount of debt obligations authorized must be appropriated in addition to the amount of debt obligations authorized; (iv) all non-special-assessment bonds shall mature within the period of usefulness or average period of usefulness of the improvements being financed; and (v) after issuance, all bonds and notes shall be conclusively presumed to be fully authorized and issued by all of the laws of the State, and all persons shall be estopped from questioning their sale, execution or delivery.

Debt Limits - The authorized bonded indebtedness of the Township is limited by statute, subject to the exceptions noted below, to an amount equal to three and one-half percent (3.50%) of its equalized valuation basis. The equalized valuation basis of the Township is set by statute as the average for the last three years of the equalized value of all taxable real property and improvements as annually determined by the State Board of Taxation. Certain categories of debt are permitted by statute to be deducted for purposes of computing the statutory debt limit.

Bonds, notes and long-term loans are included in the computation of debt for the statutory debt limit. The Township, including the issuance of the Bonds, is within, its three and one half percent (3.50%) debt limit.

Exceptions to Debt Limits – Extensions of Credit - The Township may exceed its debt limit with the approval of the State Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services, Local Finance Board ("Local Finance Board"), a State regulatory agency, and as permitted by other statutory exceptions. If all or any part of a proposed debt authorization would exceed its debt limit, the Township may apply to the Local Finance Board for an extension of credit. If the Local Finance Board determines that a proposed debt authorization would not materially impair the credit of the Township or substantially reduce the ability of the Township to meet its obligations or to provide essential public improvements and services, or make certain other statutory determinations, approval may be granted.

In addition, debt in excess of the statutory limit may be issued by the Township to fund certain notes, to provide for purposes in an amount not exceeding two-thirds (2/3) of the amount budgeted in such fiscal year for the retirement of outstanding obligations (exclusive of utility and assessment obligations).

Short-Term Financing – When approved by bond ordinance, the Township may issue bond anticipation notes to temporarily finance capital improvements. Such notes may not be issued in an aggregate amount exceeding that specified by the ordinance. The notes may not be

issued for periods of more than one year, renewable with the final maturity occurring no later than the first day of the fifth month following the close of the tenth fiscal year next following the date of the original note. After the third year, the amount of the notes that may be renewed annually must be decreased by the minimum amount required for the first year's principal payment for the bond issue in anticipation of which the notes are issued.

Refunding Bonds – Refunding bonds may be issued pursuant to the Local Bond Law for the purpose of paying, funding and refunding outstanding bonds, including emergency appropriations, the actuarial liabilities of a non-state administered public employee pension system and amounts owing to others for taxes levied in the local unit, or any renewals or extensions thereof, and for paying the cost of issuance of refunding bonds.

Local Fiscal Affairs Law

The Local Fiscal Affairs Law, Chapter 5 of Title 40A of the State Statutes, as amended and supplemented ("Local Fiscal Affairs Law"), governs audits, auditors, public moneys and financial statements of local governmental units, including the Township.

Each local unit is required to cause an annual audit of its books, accounts and financial transactions to be made and completed within six months after the close of its fiscal year by either a Registered Municipal Accountant or, by agreement with the Director ("Director") of the Division of Local Government Services ("Division") in the Department of Community Affairs, by qualified employees of the Division.

An independent examination of the Township's books, accounts and financial transactions must be performed annually by a Registered Municipal Accountant who is licensed by the State Board of Public Accountants. The audit, conforming to the Division's "Requirements of Audit", includes recommendations for improvement of the local unit's financial procedures and must be filed with the report, together with all recommendations made. A Summary of Audit, together with recommendations, must be published in a local newspaper within 30 days of its submission. The entire annual audit report for the year ended December 31, 2020 is on file with the Township Clerk and is available for review during business hours, and is available online at the Township's website: www.twp.pennsauken.nj.us.

The Local Fiscal Affairs Law also requires that the Chief Financial Officer of the local unit file annually with the Director a verified statement of the financial condition of the local unit as of the close of the fiscal year to be made not later than February 10 for December 31 fiscal year end local units and August 10 for June 30 fiscal year end local units.

Local Budget Law

The Local Budget Law, Chapter 4 of Title 40A of the State, as amended and supplemented ("Local Budget Law"), governs the budgeting and appropriation of funds by local governmental units.

The Local Budget Law requires local governmental units to adopt a "cash basis" budget in such form that there will be sufficient cash collected to meet all debt service requirements, necessary operations of the local governmental units for the fiscal year and any mandatory payments required to be met during the fiscal year.

No budget shall be adopted unless the Director shall have previously certified their approval thereof.

Each local governmental unit must include in its budget an appropriation for the payment of debt service. The Director is required to examine such appropriation to determine whether it is properly set forth, in addition to determining whether all estimates of revenue contained in the budget are reasonable, accurate and correctly stated.

A statute passed in 1976, as amended (N.J.S.A. 40A:4-45.1 et seq.), commonly known as the "Cap Law", imposed limitations on increases in municipal appropriations subject to various exceptions. On August 20, 1990, the Governor of the State signed into law P.L. 1990, c. 89, which revised and made permanent the "Cap Law". Since its inception, the "Cap Law" has been amended and modified several times, most recently on July 13, 2010. While the revised "Cap Law" is more restrictive on the ability of a local unit to increase its overall appropriations, it does not limit the obligation of the Township to levy ad valorem taxes upon all taxable real property within the Township to pay debt service on the Bonds. The Cap Law provides that a local unit shall limit any increase of its budget to 2.5% or the index rate, whichever is less, over the previous year's final appropriations subject to certain exceptions. The "index rate" is the rate of annual percentage increase in the Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Purchases of Goods and Services computed by the United States, Department of Commerce. Among the exceptions to the limitations imposed by the Cap Law are capital expenditures; debt service; extraordinary expenses approved by the Local Finance Board for implementation of an interlocal services agreement; expenditures mandated as a result of certain emergencies; and certain expenditures for services mandated by law.

Additionally, legislation constituting P.L. 2010, c. 44, was adopted on July 13, 2010 (S-29R1), which, among other things, imposes a two percent (2%) cap on the tax levy that municipalities, counties, fire districts and solid waste collection districts may impose, with very limited exceptions and subject to certain adjustments.

Exclusions from the two percent (2%) tax levy cap include: (i) increases required to be raised by taxation for capital expenditures, including debt service as defined by law; (ii) increases in pension contributions and accrued liability for pension contributions in excess of 2.0%; (iii) increases in health care costs equal to that portion of the actual increase in total health care costs for the budget year that is in excess of 2% of the total health care costs in the prior year, but is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the prior year and the average percentage increase of the State Health Benefits Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), as annually determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the Treasury; and (iv) and extraordinary costs incurred by a local unit directly related to a declared emergency, as defined by regulation promulgated by the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate. The amendments to the tax levy sections of the "Cap Law" (specifically, N.J.S.A. 40A:4-45-46) in 2010 no longer permit municipalities, counties, fire districts and solid waste collection districts to request approval from the Local Finance Board for a waiver to increase the amount to be raised by taxation in excess of the two percent (2%) cap. However, counties,

municipalities, fire districts and solid waste collection districts may request, through a public question submitted to the voters, an increase in the amount to be raised by taxes above the two percent (2%) tax levy cap. Such approval must be achieved by an affirmative vote in excess of fifty percent (50%) of those voting on such public question.

In response to the outbreak of the Coronavirus (as defined and described under the heading "CERTAIN RISK FACTORS - Recent Healthcare Developments" below), the State Legislature enacted P.L. 2020, c. 74 (A3971), under which a local unit may adopt an emergency appropriation to fund certain deficits and expenditures resulting from Coronavirus with approval of the Director and may either fund it as a deferred charge or issue special emergency notes to fund it payable by 1/5 each year beginning in the year after the year in which the deferred charge appears in the financial statements so it is paid off no later than the last day of the sixth fiscal year following the end of the fiscal year in which the application is made. If there is a showing of fiscal distress, that may be extended to ten (10) years. Such emergency appropriation must be approved by 2/3 vote of the governing body of the local unit and be accompanied by a certification of the Chief Financial Officer stating that the resolution covers deficits and expenses incurred during the emergency response to the Coronavirus. Moreover, to the extent that such Coronavirus-related emergency appropriations exceed the cost of providing similar services under non-emergency conditions, the deferred charge to be raised in the following year's budget is an eligible exception to both the levy cap and the appropriations cap. The Director may also promulgate guidelines modifying the standard for anticipated revenues when the amount realized in cash from the same source during the next preceding fiscal year experienced reductions due to Coronavirus. No debt was issued to fund these appropriations, and the deferred charges for these appropriations will be raised in operating budgets over a maximum of five years beginning in 2022.

Neither the tax levy limitation nor the "Cap Law" limits the obligation of the Township to levy *ad valorem* taxes upon all taxable real property within the Township to pay debt service on its bonds or notes, including the Bonds.

Miscellaneous Revenues

N.J.S.A. 40A:4-26 provides that: "No miscellaneous revenues from any source shall be included as an anticipated revenue in the budget in an amount in excess of the amount actually realized in cash from the same source during the next preceding fiscal year, unless the [D]irector shall determine upon application by the governing body that the facts clearly warrant the expectation that such excess amount will actually be realized in cash during the fiscal year and shall certify such determination, in writing, to the local unit." Such determination may be made by the governing body and the chief financial officer in any year during which the local unit is subject to local examination.

No budget or amendment shall be adopted unless the Director has previously certified the approval of such anticipated revenues.

Real Estate Taxes

Receipts from Delinquent Taxes - Revenues are permitted by *N.J.S.A.* 40A:4-29 to be anticipated in the annual budget for collection of delinquent taxes of prior years. The maximum amount permitted to be anticipated is determined by applying the collection rate of the prior year's delinquent taxes to the total amount of delinquent taxes outstanding at the beginning of the current year.

Current Year Tax Levy and Reserve for Uncollected Taxes - The current year's taxes to be levied are determined by adding the sums of the cash required from taxes to support the municipal, school, county and special district budgets, if any, together with the amount of an appropriation required to be included in the annual municipal budget entitled "Reserve for Uncollected Taxes", less the total of anticipated revenues. The inclusion of the "Reserve for Uncollected Taxes" appropriation in the current year's budget protects the municipality from taxes currently unpaid. The "Reserve for Uncollected Taxes" is required to be, at a minimum, an amount sufficient to provide for the same percentage of uncollected taxes in the current year as was experienced in the immediately preceding year, the average of the previous three years in accordance with P.L. 2000, c. 126, or the previous year collection percentage after reducing the previous year levy by tax appeal judgments of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq. in accordance with Chapter 56 of P.L. 2010.

N.J.S.A. 40A:4-41 provides with regard to current taxes that: "Receipts from the collection of taxes levied or to be levied in the municipality, or in the case of a county for general county purposes and payable in the fiscal year, shall be anticipated in an amount which is not in excess of the percentage of taxes levied and payable during the next preceding fiscal year which was received in cash by the last day of such preceding fiscal year."

Another provision requires that an additional amount (the "reserve for uncollected taxes") be added to the tax levy required for all current budget appropriations and school and county taxes of the current fiscal year. The reserve requirement is calculated as follows:

Levy Required for Current Budget,

School and County Taxes

Prior Year's Percentage of Current

Tax Collections (or Lesser %)

= Total Taxes to be Levied

In response to the outbreak of the Coronavirus, on May 4, 2020, the Local Finance Board released Local Finance Notice 2020-11 specifically permitting alternative methodologies for calculating the reserve for uncollected taxes. In particular, instead of using the methodology described above for purpose of calculating the reserve for uncollected taxes, one of the following two alternatives may be used: (i) *N.J.S.A.* 40A:4-41(c) allows for use of the average of the prior three (3) years' tax collection rate to mitigate a short-term decrease in the tax collection rate; or (ii) *N.J.S.A.* 40A:4-41(d) allows for a municipality to reduce the prior year's certified tax levy by the amount of any tax levy adjustment resulting from a tax appeal judgement. Use of either alternative calculation requires submission to the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs of a resolution of the governing body and subsequent approval therefrom.

See "CERTAIN RISK FACTORS – Recent Healthcare Developments" below for additional information on temporary changes made to property tax laws and regulations in response to the Coronavirus.

Deferral of Current Expenses

Emergency appropriations (i.e., those made after the adoption of the budget and determination of the tax rate for an unforeseen event or purpose) may be authorized by the governing body of the local governmental units. With minor exceptions, however, such appropriations must be included in full in the following year's budget. When such appropriations exceed three percent (3.00%) of the adopted operating budget, consent of the Director of Local Government Services must be obtained.

The exceptions are certain enumerated projects to cover the cost of the extraordinary expense for the repair, or reconstruction of streets, roads or bridges, or other public property damaged by snow, ice, frost or flood, where such expense was not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the budget, which may be amortized over three years; and tax map preparations, revision of ordinances, revaluations, master plan preparation, studies and planning necessary for the installation and construction of a sanitary sewer system, and payments of accumulated sick and vacation time which may be amortized over five years.

Budget Transfers

Budget transfers provide a degree of flexibility and afford a control mechanism. Transfers between major appropriation accounts are prohibited until the last two months of the year and, although subaccounts within an appropriation are not subject to the same year-end transfer restriction, they are subject to internal review and approval.

Capital Budget

In accordance with the Local Budget Law, each local unit shall prepare and adopt a capital budget, in conjunction with its annual operating budget, for any year in which it proposes to undertake a capital project. Every local unit which adopts a capital budget must also adopt a three (3) year capital program unless the local unit's population exceeds 10,000 where a six (6) year capital program is required.

Related Constitutional and Statutory Provisions

In the general election of January 2, 1976, as amended by the general election of January 6, 1984, the following Article 8, Section 1, Paragraph 7, with respect to a state income tax, was added to the State Constitution:

No tax shall be levied on personal incomes of individuals, estates and trusts of this State unless the entire net receipts therefrom shall be received into the treasury, placed in a perpetual fund and be annually appropriated, pursuant to formulas established from time to time by the Legislature, to the several counties, municipalities and school districts of this State exclusively for the purpose of reducing or offsetting property taxes. In no event, however, shall a

tax so levied on personal income be levied on payments received under the Federal Social Security Act, the Federal Railroad Retirement Act, or any federal law which substantially reenacts the provisions of either of those laws.

A progressive state income tax is currently in effect in the State.

The State Constitution may only be amended after: (i) approval of a proposed amendment by three-fifths (3/5) of all of the members of each house of the State Legislature and approval by a majority vote in a statewide referendum; or (ii) approval in two successive legislative years by a majority of all of the members of each house and approval by a majority vote in a statewide referendum. Amendments failing to receive voter approval may not be resubmitted for voter approval before the third succeeding general election after such disaffirmance.

The Municipal Finance Commission

The Municipal Finance Commission ("Commission") was created in 1931 to assist in the financial rehabilitation of municipalities, which had defaulted in their obligations. The powers of the Commission are exercised today by the Local Finance Board. The previously discussed elements of the local finance system are intended to prevent default on obligations or occurrence of severe fiscal difficulties in any local unit. Should extreme economic conditions adversely affect any local unit, the "Municipal Finance Commission Statutes" are available to assist in restoring the stability of the local unit.

Any holder of bonds or notes which are in default for over sixty (60) days (for payment of principal or interest) may bring action against such municipality in the State's Superior Court. Any municipality may declare itself unable to meet its obligations and bring action in such court. In either case, the court's determination that the municipality is in default or unable to meet its obligations causes the Commission to become operative in that municipality.

The Commission exercises direct supervision over the finances and accounts of any local unit under its jurisdiction. The Commission is authorized to appoint an auditor to examine and approve all claims against the municipality and to serve as comptroller for that community. The Commission is also directed to supervise tax collections and assessments, to approve the funding of municipal school district indebtedness, the adjustment or composition of the claims of creditors and the readjustment of debts under the Federal Municipal Bankruptcy Act. Such Act permits municipalities to have access to bankruptcy court for protection against suits by bondholders and creditors.

The Local Finance Board also serves as the "Funding Commission" to exercise supervision over the funding or refunding of local government debt. Any county or municipality seeking to adjust its debt service must apply to and receive the approval of such Funding Commission for the proposed reorganization of its debt.

Limitation of Remedies Under Federal Bankruptcy Code

The rights and remedies of the registered owners of the Bonds are subject to the provisions of Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code of the United States ("Bankruptcy Code"). In general, Chapter 9 permits, under prescribed circumstances, but only after an authorization by the applicable state legislature or by a governmental officer or organization empowered by state law to give such authorization, a political subdivision of a state to file a petition for relief in a bankruptcy court of the United States if it is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature and desires to effect a plan to adjust its debts.

The State has authorized the political subdivisions thereof to file such petitions for relief under the Bankruptcy Code pursuant to and subject to Article 8 of the Act. The Act provides that such petitions may not be filed without the prior approval of the Commission and that no plan of readjustment of the local unit's debts may be filed or accepted by the petitioner without express authority from the Commission to do so.

THE ABOVE REFERENCES TO THE BANKRUPTCY CODE ARE NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS AN INDICATION THAT THE TOWNSHIP EXPECTS TO RESORT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUCH BANKRUPTCY CODE OR THAT, IF IT DID, SUCH ACTION WOULD BE APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION, OR THAT ANY PROPOSED PLAN WOULD INCLUDE A DILUTION OF THE SOURCE OF PAYMENT OF AND SECURITY OF THE BONDS.

THE SUMMARIES OF AND REFERENCES TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND OTHER STATUTORY PROVISIONS ABOVE ARE NOT AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS COMPREHENSIVE OR DEFINITIVE. ALL REFERENCES TO SUCH DOCUMENTS ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PARTICULAR DOCUMENT, THE FULL TEXT OF WHICH MAY CONTAIN QUALIFICATIONS OF AND EXCEPTIONS TO STATEMENTS MADE HEREIN.

TAXATION

Procedure for Assessment and Collection of Taxes

Property valuations (assessments) are determined on true values as arrived at by a cost approach, market data approach and capitalization of net income where appropriate. Current assessments are the results of maintaining new assessments on a like basis with established comparable properties for newly assessed or purchased properties. This method assures equitable treatment to like property owners. The last complete revaluation of property within the Township was in 2014, effective for the 2015 tax year.

Upon the filing of certified adopted budgets by the Township and the County of Camden ("County"), the tax rate is struck by the County Board of Taxation based on the certified amounts in each of the taxing districts for collection to fund the budgets. The statutory provision for the assessment of property, levying of taxes and the collection thereof are set forth in *N.J.S.A.* 54:4-1 et seq. Special taxing districts are permitted in the State for various special services rendered to the properties located within the special district.

Tax bills are due quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1 and November 1. Installments not paid on or before the due date are subject to interest penalties of 8% per annum on the first \$1,500.00 of the delinquency and 18% per annum on any amounts in excess of \$1,500.00. These interest penalties are the maximum permitted under State Statutes. Additionally, a 6% penalty is charged on any delinquencies in excess of \$10,000.00 if not paid by the end of each year. Delinquent taxes open for one year or more are annually included in a tax sale in accordance with State Statutes. Tax liens retained by the Township are periodically assigned to the Township Solicitor for "in rem foreclosures" in order to acquire title to these properties.

Tax Appeals

The State Statutes provide a taxpayer with remedial procedures for appealing an assessment deemed excessive. The taxpayer has a right to petition the State Board of Taxation ("Tax Board") on or before the first day of April of the current tax year for review. The Tax Board has the authority, after a hearing, to decrease, increase or reject the appeal petition. These adjustments are usually concluded within the current tax year and reductions are shown as canceled or remitted taxes for that year. If the taxpayer feels his petition was unsatisfactorily reviewed by the Tax Board, appeal may be made to the State Tax Court. State Tax Court appeals tend to take several years prior to settlement and any losses in tax collection from prior years are charged directly to operations.

CERTAIN RISK FACTORS

Recent Healthcare Developments

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus ("Coronavirus" or "COVID-19"), which was first detected in China and has spread to other countries, including the United States, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization, a national emergency by the President of the United States ("President") and a state of emergency by the Governor of the State ("Governor") in early 2020.

In response, the President declared a national emergency on March 13, 2020. Additionally, on March 9, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order 103, pursuant which the Governor declared a State of Emergency and a Public Health Emergency, thereby allowing State agencies and departments to utilize State resources to assist affected communities in response to the COVID-19 outbreak. Other Executive Orders (some of which have since been modified or rescinded), limited various activities and undertook measures in an attempt to slow the spread of COVID-19 throughout the State. Quarantine and other "social distancing" measures undertaken by government agencies, businesses, schools and other entities in response to the COVID-19 outbreak altered behavior and affected commerce in a manner that negatively affected global, national and local economies.

On January 11, 2022, the Governor reinstated the Public Health Emergency declaration through Executive Order while also retaining and extending certain limited Executive Order related to public health and safety. On February 10, 2022, the Governor signed Executive Order 288 extending the Public Health Emergency declared on January 11, 2022; however, the Public

Health Emergency was terminated on March 7, 2022 via Executive Order 292, while the existing State of Emergency remains in effect.

In an effort to provide relief to entities impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, H.R. 1319 ("Plan") was signed into law by President Biden on March 12, 2021 and provides \$1.9 trillion in financial assistance to businesses, individuals and governmental entities. In particular, the Plan includes various forms of financial relief, including up to a \$1,400 increase in direct stimulus payments to individuals and various other forms of economic relief, including extended unemployment benefits, continued eviction and foreclosure moratoriums, an increase in the child tax credit, an increase in food and housing aid, assistance grants to restaurants and bars, and other small business grants and loans. The Plan also provides funding for state and local governments to recoup and offset costs related to COVID-19 and to encourage and re-establish economic development and certain infrastructure improvements.

Pursuant to the funding methodology under the Plan, the Township is expected to receive approximately \$3,743,052.18 in funding ("Plan Funds"), which Plan Funds must be obligated by the Township no later than December 31, 2024, and expended fully by December 31, 2026. Such funds are expected to be received in two (2) equal payments; one (1) to be received within 60 days of enactment of the Plan, and the balance to be received no earlier than 12 months from the initial payment. Pursuant to the Plan (codified as Section 603(c) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 603(c)), Plan Funds may be utilized to: (i) respond to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19 or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality; (ii) respond to workers performing essential work during the COVID-19 public health emergency by providing premium pay to eligible workers of the Township that are performing such essential work, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work; (iii) provide government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue due to the public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the Township prior to the emergency; and (iv) make necessary investments in water, sewer or broadband infrastructure. Plan Funds may not, however, be utilized for debt service, legal settlements or judgments or financial reserves.

While the effects of COVID-19 have abated significantly in the State, the Township cannot predict, and does not predict, the duration, severity or ultimate impact of COVID-19 upon global, State-wide and local economies and operations, including that of the Township.

Moreover, the Township has provided and intends to continue to provide essential services in and for the Township including, but not limited to, emergency services, core health and human services, and public works, together with certain other vital services the Township deems necessary to remain operational and responsive to public needs.

Cyber Security

The Township relies on a large and complex technology environment to conduct its various operations. As a result, the Township faces certain cyber security threats at various times including, but not limited to, hacking, phishing, viruses, malware and other attacks on its computing and digital networks and systems. To mitigate the risks of business operations impact

and/or damage from cybersecurity incidents or cyber-attacks, the Township has invested in multiple forms of cybersecurity and operational safeguards. In addition, the Township maintains insurance coverage for cyberattacks and related events.

TAX MATTERS

Federal

In the opinion of Parker McCay P.A., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, bond counsel ("Bond Counsel") to the Township, assuming continuing compliance by the Township with the tax covenants described below, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is not included for federal income tax purposes in the gross income of the owners thereof pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and will not constitute a tax preference item for purposes of the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals.

Section 884 of the Code imposes on certain foreign corporations a branch profits tax equal to thirty percent (30%) of the "dividend equivalent amount" for the taxable year. Interest on the Bonds received or accrued by a foreign corporation subject to the branch profits tax may be included in computing the "dividend equivalent amount" of such corporation.

In addition, passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to federal income taxation under Section 1375 of the Code for any S corporation that has Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of the taxable year, if more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross receipts of such S corporation is passive investment income.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel has relied on the Township's covenants contained in the Bond Ordinances and in the Certificate as to Non-Arbitrage and Other Tax Matters, that it will comply with the applicable requirements of the Code, including requirements relating to, *inter alia*, the use and investment of proceeds of the Bonds and rebate to the United States Treasury of specified arbitrage earnings, if any, under Section 148(f) of the Code. Failure of the Township to comply with such covenants could result in the interest on the Bonds being subject to federal income tax from the date of issue. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to monitor compliance with such covenants or to advise any party as to changes in the law after the date of issuance of the Bonds that may affect the tax-exempt status of the interest on the Bonds.

Ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers including, without limitation, certain holders of an interest in a financial asset securitization investment trust, controlled foreign corporations, property and casualty insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals who otherwise qualify for the earned income credit, and to individuals and families that qualify for a premium assistance credit amount under Section 36B of the Code. The Code denies the earned income credit to an individual who is otherwise eligible if the aggregate amount of disqualified income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds certain limits set forth in Sections 32(i) and (j) of the Code. Interest on the Bonds will constitute disqualified income for this purpose. The Code also provides that the earned income credit is phased out if the modified adjusted gross income of the taxpayer exceeds certain amounts. Interest on the Bonds is included in determining the modified adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. Section 36B of the Code

provides that the amount of the premium assistance credit amount is in part determined by the household income. Section 36B(d) of the Code provides that household income consists of the "modified adjusted gross income" of the taxpayer and certain other individuals. "Modified adjusted gross income" means adjusted gross income increased by certain amounts, including interest received or accrued by the taxpayer which is exempt from tax, such as the interest on the Bonds.

In addition, attention is called to the fact that Section 265(b)(1) of the Code eliminates the interest deduction otherwise allowable with respect to indebtedness deemed incurred by Banks, thrift institutions and other financial institutions to purchase or to carry tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986 other than "qualified tax-exempt obligations" as defined in Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. The Township has *not* designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for the purposes of Section 265(b)(1) of the Code.

Owners of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability and effect on their federal income taxes of the alternative minimum tax, the branch profits tax and the tax on passive investment income of S corporations, as well as the applicability and effect of any other collateral federal income tax consequences.

New Jersey

Bond Counsel is also of the opinion that interest on the Bonds and any gain from the sale thereof is not included in the gross income of the owners thereof under the State Gross Income Tax Act, as presently enacted and construed.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in the United States Congress and in the State legislature that, if enacted, could alter or amend the Federal and State tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value or marketability of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposals might be enacted or whether, if enacted, such proposals would apply to obligations issued prior to enactment. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed and litigation is threatened or commenced which, if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value or marketability of the Bonds.

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE BONDS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING ANY FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAX LEGISLATION, WHETHER CURRENTLY PENDING OR PROPOSED, REGULATORY INITIATIVES OR LITIGATION. THE OPINIONS EXPRESSED BY BOND COUNSEL ARE BASED UPON EXISTING LEGISLATION AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY RELEVANT JUDICIAL AND REGULATORY AUTHORITIES AS OF THE DATE OF ISSUANCE AND DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND BOND COUNSEL HAS EXPRESSED NO OPINION AS OF ANY DATE SUBSEQUENT THERETO OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY PENDING LEGISLATION, REGULATORY INITIATIVES OR LITIGATION.

LITIGATION

To the knowledge of the Township's Solicitor, Linda Galella, Esq., of the law firm Parker McCay P.A., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, there is no litigation of any nature now pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining the issuance or the delivery of the Bonds, or the levy or the collection of any taxes to pay the principal of or the interest on the Bonds, or in any manner questioning the authority or the proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds or for the levy or the collection of taxes, or contesting the corporate existence or the boundaries of the Township or the title of any of the present officers. Moreover, to the knowledge of the Solicitor, no litigation is presently pending or threatened that, in the opinion of the Solicitor, would have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of the Township if adversely decided.

RATING

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), has assigned a rating of "Aa3" to the Bonds.

The rating reflects only the views of Moody's and an explanation of the significance of such rating may on be obtained from Moody's. The Township furnished to Moody's certain information and materials concerning the Bonds and the Township. There can be no assurance that the rating will be maintained for any given period of time or that it may not be raised, lowered or withdrawn entirely if, in Moody's judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any downward change in or withdrawal of such a rating may have an adverse effect on the marketability or market price of the Bonds.

PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Township hereby states that the descriptions and statements herein and in the Appendices attached hereto, including financial and statistical statements, are true and correct in all material respects, and it will confirm the same to the purchasers of the Bonds by certificates signed by various officers and officials of the Township upon issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

All of the information has been obtained from sources which the Township considers to be reliable and it makes no warranty, guaranty or other representation with respect to the accuracy and completeness of such information.

The Township compiled Appendix "A" from information obtained from various sources they consider to be reliable and makes no warranty, guaranty or other representation with respect to the accuracy and completeness or fairness of the information contained herein and, accordingly, will express no opinion with respect thereto.

Neither Parker McCay, P.A. nor Acacia Financial Group, Inc. have participated in the preparation of this Official Statement, nor have such firms verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained herein (except under the heading "TAX MATTERS") and, accordingly, will express no opinion with respect thereto.

Bowman & Company LLP only takes responsibility for the financial statements, appearing in Appendix "B" hereto.

UNDERWRITING

The Bonds have been purchased from the Township at a public sale by _______, as underwriter ("Underwriter"), pursuant to a Certificate of Determination and Award, dated May ___, 2022. The Underwriter has purchased the Bonds in accordance with the Notices of Sale prepared in connection with the Bonds. The Bonds are being offered for sale at the yields set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement. The Underwriter is obligated to purchase all of the Bonds if any of the Bonds are purchased.

The Underwriter intends to offer the Bonds to the public initially at the offering yields set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement, which may subsequently change without any requirement of prior notice. The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing bonds and notes into investment trusts) at yields higher than the public offering yield set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement, and such public offering yields may be changed, from time to time, by the Underwriter without prior notice.

LEGALITY FOR INVESTMENT

The State and all public officers, municipalities, counties, political subdivisions and public bodies, and agencies thereof, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings and loan associations, savings banks and institutions, building and loan associations, investment companies, and other persons carrying on banking business, all insurance companies, and all executors, administrators, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries may legally invest any sinking funds, money or other funds belonging to them or within their control in any bonds and notes of the Township, including the Bonds, and such bonds and notes are authorized security for any and all public deposits.

NO DEFAULT

There is no record of default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the bonds or notes of the Township.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Acacia Financial Group, Inc., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, has served as Municipal Advisor to the Township with respect to the issuance of the Bonds ("Municipal Advisor"). The Municipal Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken, either to make an independent verification of, or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement and the appendices hereto. The Municipal Advisor is an independent firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Township has undertaken to file notice of certain enumerated events, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the Bonds in the form attached as Appendix "D" to this Official Statement.

As described in this paragraph, the Township has failed to timely file certain secondary market disclosure pursuant to the Rule in connection with previous undertakings related to certain of its general obligation bonds. The Township was late in filing a notice of redemption in connection with the refunding of the Series 2008 Bonds. The Township also failed to timely file a rating upgrade by Moody's in 2017. The Township has since filed such information as well as the required failure to file notices. The Township has engaged Acacia Financial Group, Inc. to serve as dissemination agent.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the Bonds will be subject to the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel. Such opinion will be printed on or accompany the Bonds and provide, *inter alia*, that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the Township, and the Township has the power and is obligated to levy *ad valorem* taxes upon all the taxable property within the Township without limitation as to rate or amount for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon. The enforceability of rights or remedies with respect to the Bonds may be limited by Bankruptcy, insolvency, or other law affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereinafter enacted. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Township by its Solicitor.

Bond Counsel has not verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in this Official Statement (except to the extent, if any, as specifically stated herein) and will express no opinion relating thereto.

The legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of that expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or the future performance of parties to the transaction. Nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Inquiries regarding this Official Statement may be directed to Acacia Financial Group, Inc., (856) 234-2266.

So far as any statements made in this Official Statement involve matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly stated, they are set forth merely as opinions and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such statements will be realized. Neither this Official Statement nor any statement, which may have been made verbally or in writing, is to be construed as a contract with, or a covenant for the benefit of, the holders of the Bonds. The information and expressions of opinion contained herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the Bonds made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Township since the date hereof. The information contained in the Official Statement is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness.

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of laws of the State herein do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the official compilation thereof.

This Official Statement has been duly executed and delivered by the Chief Financial Officer of the Township for and on behalf of the Township.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN, NEW JERSEY

By:		
-	ELIZABETH PEDDICORD, Chief Financial O	fficer

Dated: May ___, 2022

APPENDIX A CERTAIN INFORMATION REGARDING THE TOWNSHIP

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE TOWNSHIP

History

The Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township"), was incorporated in 1892 by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of New Jersey ("State"). It is approximately twelve (12) square miles in area and lies adjacent to the City of Camden. Located in the Delaware Valley area, the Township has approximately two (2) miles of frontage along the Delaware River, directly across from the City of Philadelphia, on which many industrial plants are located.

The Township is a residential and industrial community. The residences are single-family residences and are mostly owner occupied. There are over one thousand apartment units in the Township. There are also a number of commercial enterprises.

The majority of residents are employed in the Camden County and Philadelphia areas. Major highways and improved roads provide convenient access to such areas. Public transportation is also readily available.

Local Government

The Township government is based on the Township Committee form of government, which exercises legislative power in the Township. The Township Committee members are elected on an atlarge basis for staggered three-year terms. Two members are elected in each of two consecutive years while a single member is elected in the third year. The Mayor is appointed annually by a majority of the Township Committee.

The day-to-day administrative duties are the responsibility of the Township Administrator, who is appointed by the Township Committee.

The financial affairs of the Township are administered by its Chief Financial Officer, who reports to the Administrator. With the Township Administrator, the Chief Financial Officer prepares and then monitors the annual municipal budget after adoption by the Township Committee.

Library

The Pennsauken Free Library is located in a building near the Township's Municipal Building on Route 130 and Merchantville Avenue. It houses approximately 96,000 volumes and a varied collection of phonograph records, pamphlets and reproductions, microfilm and over 200 periodicals. The building is designed to accommodate handicapped residents who wish to use it. Meeting rooms are available for use by local organizations. Public access to the internet is made available through nine portals in a newly established computer section.

Police and Fire Protection

The Township's Police Department operates from the Township's Police and Municipal Court complex on Bethel Avenue and Route 130. The Police Department consists of the Police Chief, two Captains, Four Lieutenants, Eleven Sergeants, Nine Detectives and Fifty-Nine Patrolmen.

The Township has five fire companies, which are staffed by a volunteer force of approximately 95 members. There is a paid Fire Chief, Three Fire Captains, Four Fire Lieutenants and fourteen paid firemen who maintain the stations and fire equipment. The Township also operates a Bureau of Fire Prevention consisting of one part-time Fire Official and four part-time paid Fire Inspectors who make annual inspections to insure compliance with the State's Uniform Fire Protection Code.

Public Works

The Township employs a fully-staffed Public Works Department which cleans, repairs and maintains streets and public areas.

Golf Course Utility

In 1982, the Township acquired Iron Rock Golf Course, now called Pennsauken Country Club, which is operated by a municipal utility called the Golf Course Utility ("Utility").

The Utility is supported by revenues generated by its operations. A separate budget is established with anticipated revenues and appropriations set forth therein. This budget is required to be balanced and to fully provide for payment of debt service. The regulations which apply to the Current Fund of the Township regarding anticipation of revenue and deferral of charges apply equally to the budget of the Utility. Anticipated deficits in Utility operations are required to be raised in the Current Fund. The Utility was self-liquidating for the year ended December 31, 2020, in terms of revenues being sufficient to pay operating, maintenance and debt service expenditures.

Parks and Recreation

The Parks and Recreation Department has a full-time Recreation Program Coordinator and a full-time secretary who works with Public Works in a year-round program for the improvement and maintenance of parks, fields, and playgrounds for adults and children.

The facilities available are 22 playgrounds, 10 basketball courts, 22 ball fields, 3 soccer fields, 2 mini-soccer fields, 1 micro mini soccer field, 1 football field, 1 all purpose field, 3 swimming pools, 1 volley ball court, 6 horseshoe pits, 1 hockey rink, 3 mini hockey rinks, 11 tennis courts, 1 jogging track, 1 exercise unit and 140 acre Tippin's Pond/Heritage Park consisting of a bird sanctuary, boardwalk, natural amphitheater and fishing piers.

The Township and its local school district work together to provide recreational activities for the adults and children of the Township. Programs include year round volleyball and basketball, clinics in football, softball, tennis, hockey, soccer and baseball and programs for special needs children through the Pennsauken Committee for the Handicap/Special Education Division of the local school district and Pennsauken Youth Athletic Activities.

The Parks and Recreation Department also provides programs for Christmas and Halloween, along with an annual car show, craft show, parades and summer theater program.

Pennsauken Sewerage Authority

In 1950, the Township created, by ordinance, in accordance with State statutes, the Pennsauken Sewerage Authority ("Authority"), for the purpose of treating and disposing of the Township's sewage.

The governing body of the Authority is autonomous and consists of five members appointed by the Township Committee. The terms of the members of the Authority are staggered so that the term of at least one member expires each year.

A Service Contract was entered into on May 1, 1987 ("Service Contract"), between the Authority and the Township. Under the Service Contract, the Township agrees to pay any shortfall the Authority may encounter in making payments for either operating expenses and/or debt service. Should this occur, the Authority would be required to repay this amount to the Township, plus interest at 1% per year above the highest rate paid by the Authority on any outstanding bonds.

Presently, the Authority provides and charges for all connected customers within the municipal boundaries of the Township for the collection of sewage. The Authority has also contracted to collect all sewage discharged into the collection system maintained by Merchantville Borough and a certain portion of Cherry Hill Township. Sewage collected by the Authority from whatever source is then passed on to the Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority ("CCMUA") system. The CCMUA is, in turn, responsible for the treatment of all waste materials.

The following is a summary of the financial operations of the Authority for the last three years ended:

	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2020	<u>2019</u>	2018
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses	\$ 4,455,307	\$ 4,788,006	\$ 4,511,268
	(4,421,633)	(4,026,427)	(4,238,213)
Operating Gain (Loss)	33,674	761,579	273,055
Net Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	(136,516)	(150,847)	(126,188)
Change in Net Position	(102,842)	610,732	146,867
Net Position - Beginning	(5,571,935)	(6,182,666)	(6,329,533)
Net Position - Ending (Restated)	\$ (5,674,776)	\$ (5,571,935)	\$ (6,182,666)

Merchantville-Pennsauken Water Commission

The Merchantville-Pennsauken Water Commission ("Water Commission") was formed on July 1, 1926. The Water Commission consists of three members appointed by the Township and two members appointed by the Borough of Merchantville. Each member serves a term of five years.

The Commission is jointly owned by the Borough of Merchantville and the Township in the following percentages:

Borough of Merchantville	11.58%
Township of Pennsauken	88.42
	100.00%

The Township from time to time guarantees the payment of the principal of and interest on certain debt obligations of the Commission. Specifically, the unconditional guarantee by the Township is equal to the full extent of its ownership interest in the Commission, that being 88.42% of the amount of any default by the Commission on such obligations subject to the guaranty. As of December 31, 2020, the Township has provided its guaranty for \$5,047,740 outstanding principal amount of the Commission's debt.

The operation of the Water Commission has been self-liquidating since its inception.

Customers of the Commission include residential and commercial accounts within the municipalities of Merchantville and Pennsauken and sections of Cherry Hill and Camden. In addition to the sale of water, the Commission bills commercial and municipal customers fixed fees for fire services and hydrants. As of December 31, 2016, the number of the Commission's accounts was as follows:

Residential, Apartments, and Commercial Water Services	13,427
Senior Citizen Accounts	366
Fire Services	339
Fire Hydrants	242
Total	14.374

Garbage District

The Township has contracted for the collection and disposal of solid waste by an independent contractor. In late 1978, the Township purchased 270 acres of land on which is situated a 175 acre sanitary landfill ("Sanitary Landfill") which had been in operation for a number of years. Approximately 15% of the cost of disposing the Township's solid waste was eliminated by the purchase of the Sanitary Landfill. Of the remaining 95 acres, 60 acres were developed as an industrial park known as the Veterans Industrial Park.

In January of 1979, the Township created, by ordinance, in accordance with State statutes, a Garbage District effective March 1, 1979, for the purpose of providing garbage and trash removal services. This enabled the Township to remove the cost of operating the Garbage District from the State mandated 5% limit on the annual Municipal Budget as established by the State Cap Law. This resulted in a separate tax rate of \$.192 per \$100 of assessed valuation in 2021. This separate rate merely sets aside, with no overall increase, that portion of the taxes which had or would have been included in the tax levied for local purposes.

Solid Waste Management Authority

In accordance with State statutes, the Township established the Pennsauken Solid Waste Management Authority ("PSWMA") in 1983. The express purpose of the PSWMA was to provide solid waste disposal services to the Township and certain other municipalities in the County at the Sanitary Landfill and to construct and put into operation a resource recovery facility.

In December 1988, the PSWMA entered into an Administrative Consent Order ("ACO") with the Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP"), whereby PSWMA agreed to investigate certain allegations of ground water contamination, at the Sanitary Landfill, to develop a remediation plan, and to take any and all remedial action which may be necessary to mitigate any contamination. Remedial investigations revealed elevated levels of pollutants. Engineers are presently preparing a feasibility study and ultimately will prepare a remedial action plan to be approved by the DEP, in compliance with the ACO. Upon approval of the remedial action plan by DEP, the ACO requires implementation of such plan. The cost of compliance with the ACO may be significant.

On October 31, 1991, the DEP, pursuant to the New Jersey Spill Compensation and Control Act, *N.J.S.A.* 58:10-23.11a *et seq.* issued a Directive and Notice to Insurers ("Directive") to PSWMA and twenty-one other respondents. The Directive identifies the respondents, including PSWMA, as responsible for contaminating certain water supply wells known as the Puchak Well Field owned and operated by the City of Camden. The Directive seeks to require the PSWMA and the other respondents to pay DEP the sum of \$4,018,000 for construction of a water treatment system and to make annual payments of \$611,000 for operation and maintenance of the water treatment system at the site. In the event the total payment is not made in response to the Directive, the Directive states that each of the respondents, if ultimately held responsible, can face treble damages and penalties of

up to \$50,000 per day. On May 7, 1992, a Supplemental Directive and Notice to Insurers was issued to the aforementioned Puchak respondents increasing the potential liability from \$4,018,000 to \$8,655,000 plus the annual payments of \$611,000. By letter of August 26, 1992, Cigna denied PSWMA coverage. On November 13, 1992, PSWMA filed a claim for said potential liability against the New Jersey Spill Fund. No determination has been made as to which, if any, of the respondents named in the Directive will make the demanded payment.

In 1991, pursuant to agreements among the Township, PSWMA, and the Pollution Control Financing Authority of Camden County ("PCFA"), the PCFA took over the operation of the Sanitary Landfill and acquired the assets and certain liabilities of PSWMA and agreed to make certain payments to the Township. Included within the liabilities assumed by the PCFA are the costs of compliance with the ACO and the Directive, as amended.

In December, 1991, PCFA, PSWMA, and the Township instituted suit against the former owner and users of the Sanitary Landfill to recoup costs imposed by the ACO and against potential responsible parties named by the DEP as responsible for contaminating certain water supply wells known as the Puchak Well Field to recover costs imposed by the DEP under the Directive. The suit, captioned *Pennsauken Solid Waste Management Authority et. al. v. Ward Sand and Materials et al.*, Docket Number L-013345-91, is presently pending in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Camden County. Certain of the named defendants and third party defendants in that suit have counterclaimed for contribution against PSWMA and the Township, on the basis of their operation and/or ownership of the Sanitary Landfill, or as a user or generator.

The PCFA has assumed any and all past and future obligations arising from the ownership and operation of the Sanitary Landfill by PSWMA and the Township, but has not assumed any potential liability of the Township as a waste generator. The PSWMA and the Township's insurance carrier has undertaken the defense of the PSWMA and the Township under a reservation of rights for the claim that the PSWMA and the Township contributed to the contamination. A court could ultimately rule that the claim made against the PSWMA and the Township are outside the scope of its coverage or exceed its coverage amounts. The cost of the ultimate cleanup could be substantial and may have a material and adverse effect on the PSWMA and the Township. The responsibility, if any, of the PSWMA and Township has not been determined at this time.

Compensated Absences

Non-uniformed Township employees are entitled to fifteen paid sick leave days each year. Police and fire employees are entitled to seventeen paid sick leave days each year. Unused sick leave may be accumulated and carried forward. Vacation days not used during the year may be accumulated and carried forward; however, for non-uniformed employees, only a maximum of one (1) year of unused vacation days may be carried forward. All full-time employees are entitled to three personal holidays, plus fourteen or thirteen holidays depending upon whether they are uniformed or non-uniformed employees respectively. All police and fire employees may carry forward an unlimited number of unused vacation days and holidays and are compensated as follows upon termination:

Superior Officer's Association Members: 60 Vacation Days
Fraternal Order of Police Members: 65 Vacation or Sick Days
Fireman's Mutual Benevolent Association Members: Members Hired Prior to January 1, 2014 - \$25,000 Maximum (Vacation only), Members Hired after January 1, 2014 - \$15,000
Maximum (Vacation only)

Permanent part-time employees are entitled to compensated absences. Seasonal part-time employees are entitled to paid sick leave per New Jersey statute.

The Township does not compensate any employees, with the exception of the Fraternal Order of Police employees mentioned above, for unused sick leave upon termination or retirement.

Pension Plans

The Township, on behalf of most of its employees, is enrolled in the New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System, a pension actuarial system administered by the Division of Pensions within the Treasury Department of the State. The members of the Police and Fire Departments, however, are enrolled in the Police and Firemen's Retirement System.

Township Employees

	December 31,				
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Full-time	262	206	194	198	194
Part-time	<u>120</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>192</u>
	<u>382</u>	<u>378</u>	<u>373</u>	<u>385</u>	<u>386</u>

Employee Collective Bargaining Units

The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, Municipal Public Employees Council No. 71 represents 46 Township employees. There are 82 Township employees represented by the Fraternal Order of Police, Garden State Lodge No. 3 which includes police and superior officers.

The Pennsauken Career Firefighters Association, Firefighters Mutual Benevolent Association Local 64 ("FMBA") represents 14 Township employees with FMBA Local 264 representing and additional 7 employees. The agreement with the Fraternal Order of Police, Garden State Lodge No. 3 patrolmen expires on December 31, 2022. The agreement with the Fraternal Order of Police, Garden State Lodge No. 3, superior officers expires June 30, 2023. The agreements with the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, the Pennsauken Career Firefighters Association, Firefighters Mutual Benevolent Association Locals 64 and 264 all expire on December 31, 2023.

Township Population(1)

2020 Federal Census	37,074
2010 Federal Census	35,885
2000 Federal Census	35,737
1990 Federal Census	34,738
1980 Federal Census	33,775

Selected Census 2020 Data for the Township(1)

Median household income	\$67,700
Per capita income	\$27,193

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

Building, Zoning and Development Codes

The Township has established development regulations governing the size of lots for various types of construction. The land requirements are based on the type and nature of the building.

The Township's building codes conform to standards of the Uniform Construction Code of New Jersey. These codes and other Municipal Codes are codified as a basis for improved administration and regulation.

In January, 1977, the Township adopted the Municipal Land Use Law. The Municipal Land Use Law gave the Township Planning Board and the Township Zoning Board of Adjustment authority to regulate most land use other than single family residential use. In this way, the Township is able to guide the approximate use or development of land to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare.

Business and Industry

Industrial operations in the Township cover a broad spectrum of activities, including warehousing, light manufacturing from raw materials, assembly operations, transportation and a limited number of heavy industrial uses such as metal and aluminum extruding and oil and gasoline storage facilities.

The Township has created two redevelopment zones. One encompasses waterfront properties with more than 700 acres of underused industrial property. The Township is uniquely situated on an urban waterfront, which mirrors a growing international trend. Communities across the country and around the world are rediscovering and capitalizing on the potential of urban waterfronts. The Township is in the process of negotiating redevelopment agreements with Buckeye Partners, LP and Liberty Terminal, LLC for large industrial use projects encompassing significant portions of land in this unique environment. In addition, substantial studies, planning and testing have already been conducted to facilitate the redevelopment effort. Moreover, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and the Township have executed a Brownfield's Development Area Initiative Memorandum of Understanding to promote environmental protection for the waterfront development area and to foster neighborhood revitalization.

The other redevelopment zone is located along the Route 73 corridor, an area beginning close to the Tacony-Palmyra Bridge and continuing into the southern end of the Borough of Cinnaminson, known as the "Crossroads Redevelopment Area". The Camden County Improvement Authority ("CCIA"), the governmental economic development agency of Camden County, found the Crossroads Redevelopment Area to be an attractive location for residential and retail redevelopment activities. Specifically, to facilitate redevelopment of the Crossroads Redevelopment Area, the CCIA applied for, received a grant from the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, and was designated by the Township as the redevelopment authority for a portion of the Crossroads Redevelopment Area by Ordinance 02-43 duly adopted after public hearing on December 30, 2002. Site clearance, preparation and environmental studies and remediation have been completed and the CCIA has sold the property to DELCO Development, LLC, a qualified nationally recognized multi-family developer.

DELCO recently finished the redevelopment of the 35 acre Crossroads Redevelopment Area, a project named Haddon Pointe, that included the construction of 190 Townhouses, Eleven (11) residential apartment buildings comprising a total of 258 units, a club house and other related site improvements. As of May 2, 2022, one-hundred and ninety (190) townhomes have been completed and issued certificates of occupancy.

Industries in the Township are concentrated primarily in twelve industrial parks. These industrial parks have convenient access to rail lines, deep water transportation and highways and are in close proximity to the Philadelphia metropolitan market via three bridges located on the perimeter of the Township.

In August 2021, the Township named Pennview Partners LLC as a redeveloper for 1550 Route 73 North, Pennsauken, New Jersey. The redevelopment plan includes a self-storage facility, residential development consisting of apartments or condominium units and or mixed-use residential, affordable housing or commercial space, along with two (2) free standing billboards.

Commercial and industrial tax assessments represented 32.83% of the total assessed valuation of the Township in 2021.

Building Permits (1)

Number of Permits Issued	Value of Construction
622	\$41,233,640
2,656	91,022,622
2,009	68,224,469
2,381	55,257,804
2,423	33,841,448
2,584	65,169,797
	622 2,656 2,009 2,381 2,423

Labor Force(3)

<u>Year</u>	Labor <u>Force</u>	Employed <u>Persons</u>	Unemployed <u>Persons</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
Township				
2020	18,893	16,904	1,989	10.5%
2019	18,516	17,778	738	4.0
2018	18,308	17,441	867	4.7
2017	18,788	17,849	939	5.0
2016	18,725	17,711	1,014	5.4
County				
2020	256,048	230,287	25,761	10.1%
2019	253,053	242,811	10,242	4.0
2018	249,945	238,357	11,588	4.6
2017	256,929	243,835	13,094	5.1
2016	256,005	241,947	14,058	5.5
State				
2020	4,495,200	4,055,300	439,900	9.8%
2019	4,493,100	4,333,300	159,800	3.6
2018	4,422,900	4,239,600	183,400	4.1
2017	4,518,800	4,309,700	209,100	4.6
2016	4,530,800	4,305,500	225,300	5.0

⁽¹⁾ Source: Township Construction official

⁽²⁾ As of April 1, 2022

⁽³⁾ Source: New Jersey Department of Labor

TEN LARGEST NON-GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYERS(1)

Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees
Pepsi/Beverage Dist Ctr.	Beverages	621
Bayada	Home Healthcare Services	510
J & J Snacks	Snack Foods	435
Puratos Corporation	Food Production	332
Helvoet Pharma	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	308
Disc Makers	Audio Disc & Tapes	300
Holman/RMP	Automotive	230
Barry Callebaut	Chocolate Products	223
Bergey's Truck Center	Truck Sales/Leasing	100
Top Pop	Specialty Packager of Frozen Alcoholic	
	Beverages	100

EDUCATION(2)

General

The Pennsauken Township School District ("School District") is a Type II school district. It functions independently through a nine-member board ("Board") elected by the voters in alternate three-year terms.

The Board prepares annually an operating and maintenance, capital outlay and debt service budget. The amounts to be raised by taxation for operating and maintenance expenses and capital outlay projects are submitted to the voters for approval. If the amounts are disapproved, the Township Committee fixes an amount and certifies same to the Board and to the County Board of Taxation. If the Board determines that the amount certified by the Township is insufficient to operate a thorough and efficient school system, the Board may appeal to the State Commission of Education to restore the local funds eliminated.

School operations are based on a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year and are accounted for in the General Fund of the School District.

The Township's public school system has a total of 10 schools and educates students from grades Pre-K through 12. Special education students are mainstreamed into the public school system. The senior high school also has cooperative programs with the Camden County Vocational School and adult evening programs.

(1) Source: Township officials(2) Source: School District officials

School District Enrollments(1)

		A	s of October	r 15 <u>,</u>	
<u>Grade</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Pre-K	91	149	158	149	109
K	288	258	309	278	292
1	275	292	280	293	326
2	283	261	281	306	298
3	256	253	290	287	296
4	256	273	272	283	293
5	269	279	278	280	298
6	294	286	292	300	297
7	292	302	303	315	316
8	304	305	316	325	305
9	330	325	320	280	256
10	343	325	289	262	243
11	399	329	272	286	277
12	345	244	252	240	280
Sp. Education	<u>803</u>	<u>795</u>	<u>795</u>	<u>777</u>	<u>751</u>
Total	<u>4,828</u>	<u>4,676</u>	<u>4,707</u>	<u>4,661</u>	<u>4,637</u>

Present School Facilities, Enrollment and Capacity(1)

<u>Facilities</u>	Date <u>Construct</u>	Renovations/ ted Additions	<u>Grades</u>	Enrollment 10/15/21	Functional Capacity
Baldwin	1955		Spec. Ed/Pre-K	138	275
Burling	1963	2007	Spec. Ed/Pre-K-5	112	150
Delair	1924 ((new building 2002)	K-4	306	430
George B. Fine	1964	2002	Pre-K-4 & Spec. Ed	d 229	378
Benjamin Franklin	1954	1964/1990	Spec. Ed/K-4	334	551
Longfellow	1926		K-4	n/a	227
Roosevelt	1926		K-4 & Spec. Ed	n/a	217
B.T. Washington	1927		Special Education		
G			Alternative Center	n/a	43
Howard M. Phifer Middle	e 1965	1989/1991	7-8 & Spec. Ed	1,084	1,274
Senior High	1959	1991/2001	9-12 & Spec. Ed	1,699	1,986
G.H. Carson	1954	1991	K-4 & Spec. Ed	301	314
Pennsauken Intermedia	te 2002		4 & 5	625	986
Total				<u>4,828</u>	<u>7,317</u>

⁽¹⁾ Source: School District officials

HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES

Rutgers University-Camden Campus

Rutgers University-Camden ("Rutgers"), a comprehensive, publicly-supported, coeducational four-year institution accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and funded primarily by the State, was founded in 1950 on a 23.8 acre campus in the City of Camden. In the fall 2020, there were approximately 5,502 undergraduate students and 1,574 graduate students.

Camden County College

Fully accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, Camden County College ("College") is a comprehensive publicly supported, co-educational two-year institution developed under the State Department of Higher Education. It is funded in part by the Camden County Board of Commissioners who appoint an eleven (11) member Board of Trustees. The College has three distinct campuses in Blackwood, Camden and Cherry Hill – along with its satellite locations in Lakeland, Sicklerville and elsewhere throughout the County.

As of the Spring of 2021, full time enrollment was 7,553 and part-time enrollment was 3,294 for a total of 10,847.

Camden County Technical Schools

From a vocational school that opened with 400 students in 12 trade areas in 1928, Camden County Technical Schools ("CCTS") has grown to be one of the largest and most comprehensive technical schools in the nation. The district today encompasses a full range of day and evening programs at campuses in Pennsauken and Gloucester Township. Beginning in 2012, the adult programs were operated by Camden County College as part of the Camden County shared services agreement.

For high school students, there are over 30 career programs from which to choose. For the 2020-2021 school year, 1,464 students are enrolled at the Gloucester Township Campus, and 784 at the Pennsauken Campus, including 260 Special Education Students between the two campuses. Seniors are offered the opportunity to participate in several of our school-to-career programs and are offered lifetime job placement assistance. In addition, students are offered a full-range of athletics and activities to complement their education. Through Camden County College, high school juniors and seniors at CCTS have various opportunities to earn college credit for college level work completed while in high school. Students may bank the credits earned for future enrollment at colleges and universities.

In addition to the facilities mentioned above, Stockton University, University of Pennsylvania, Temple University, LaSalle University, Villanova University, St. Joseph's University, Drexel University and Rowan University are all within a commuting distance from the Township.

CERTAIN TAX INFORMATION

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS (1)

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	2022 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
W-W Pennsauken Industrial	Real Estate	\$52,953,600
Buckeye Pennsauken Terminal LLC	Oil Products-Wholesale	23,392,800
Lockbourne Manor LLC	Apartments	13,583,000
Sauken Associates LP	Retail/Office Space	10,849,500
Cooper RPA LLC	Apartments	8,670,300
Beverage Distribution Center Inc.	Soft Drinks Manufacturer	8,163,400
Pennsauken Senior Living, LLC	Senior Housing	8,085,300
City of Camden	Department of Utilities	7,926,700
Union River Realty	Warehouse	7,494,000
Helvoet Pharman, Inc.	Pharmaceuticals	6,909,400

CURRENT TAX COLLECTIONS (2)

	Total	Current in Ye	ar of Levy	Balance	Dec. 31
<u>Year</u>	<u>Levy</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percent	<u>Amount</u>	Percent
2021 (3)	\$89,412,201	\$87,539,620	97.91%	\$1,694,908	1.90%
2020	88,084,695	86,216,402	97.88%	1,611,290	1.83%
2019	88,835,725	86,485,499	97.35%	2,226,999	2.51%
2018	89,080,988	86,773,548	97.41%	2,072,350	2.33%
2017	89,210,383	86,837,597	97.34%	2,200,453	2.47%

DELINQUENT TAXES (2)

Balance		Collected		cted	Transfer	Other	Balance
<u>Year</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>	<u>Added</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percent	to Liens	Credits	Dec. 31
2021 (3)	\$1,644,184	\$35,702	\$1,517,399	90.33%	-	\$145,237	\$17,250
2020	2,273,600	35,643	2,261,458	97.93%	\$14,266	625	32,894
2019	2,088,145	31,256	2,065,929	97.48%	549	6,322	46,601
2018	2,234,429	28,750	2,198,418	97.14%	27,543	21,423	15,795
2017	2,122,541	36,993	2,119,655	98.15%	-	5,904	33,975

(1) Source: Township Assessor

(2) Source: Annual Reports of Audit, unless otherwise noted
 (3) Source: Information from Annual Compiled Financial Statement

TAX TITLE LIENS (1)

<u>Year</u>	Balance Jan. 1	Added by Sales & Transfers	Collections	Other Credits	Adjustments	Balance Dec. 31
2021 (2)	\$854,740	\$227,042	\$293,365	-	-	\$788,417
2020	756,701	135,400	4,227	\$48,209	\$15,075	854,740
2019	790,543	94,249	37,223	-	90,868	756,701
2018	699,159	157,022	65,638	-	-	790,543
2017	805,607	114,614	211,579	_	9,483	699,159

FORECLOSED PROPERTY(1)(3)

			Adjustment			
<u>Year</u>	Balance <u>Jan. 1</u>	Added by Transfer	due to <u>Revaluation</u>	Gain/Loss o <u>Sale</u>	n <u>Adjustment</u>	Balance <u>Dec. 31</u>
2021 (2) \$7,213,200	-	-	-	_	\$7,213,200
2020	7,213,200	-	-	-	-	7,213,200
2019	7,282,300	\$90,868	\$202,832	\$146,000	\$216,800	7,213,200
2018	2,550,800	-	4,745,100	13,600	-	7,282,300
2017	2,550,800	-	-	_	_	2,550,800

NET ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND ANNUAL TAX RATES (4)

Tax Rate(5)

<u>Year</u>	Net Valuation <u>Taxable</u>	<u>Total</u>	County	Local School	Garbage <u>District</u>	<u>Municipal</u>
2022	\$ 2,358,511,023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2021	2,357,328,991	\$3.963	\$0.878	\$1.860	\$0.192	\$1.033
2020	2,352,369,818	3.735	0.832	1.757	0.185	0.961
2019	2,351,677,129	3.773	0.856	1.771	0.182	0.964
2018	2,345,603,985	3.789	0.866	1.777	0.179	0.967
2017	2,350,051,566	3.793	0.902	1.744	0.176	0.971

⁽¹⁾ Source: Annual Reports of Audit, unless otherwise noted

⁽²⁾ Source: Information from Annual Compiled Financial Statement

⁽³⁾ These amounts are reflected on the basis of assessed value in the year of acquisition in accordance with the regulation of the Division of Local Government Services.

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Township Tax Collector

⁽⁵⁾ Per \$100 of assessed valuation

RATIO OF ASSESSED VALUATION TO TRUE VALUE AND TRUE VALUE PER CAPITA(1)

<u>Year</u>	Real Property Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of <u>True Value</u>	True Value	True Value <u>Per Capita</u>
2022	\$2,353,610,300	83.32%	\$2,824,784,325	\$76,193 (2)
2021	2,352,075,500	91.55%	2,569,170,399	69,298 (2)
2020	2,347,430,700	97.20%	2,415,052,160	65,141 (2)
2019	2,347,473,100	96.52%	2,432,110,547	67,775 (3)
2018	2,341,534,200	98.53%	2,376,468,284	66,225 (3)

REAL PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION (4)

Assessed Value of Land and

<u>Year</u>	<u>Improvements</u>	Vacant Land	Residential	Commercial	<u>Industrial</u>	Apartments
2022	\$2,353,610,300	\$34,918,100	\$1,553,368,500	\$447,346,900	\$278,259,000	\$39,717,800
2021	2,352,075,500	32,551,000	1,547,183,900	458,155,000	274,467,800	39,717,800
2020	2,347,430,700	33,055,300	1,542,826,600	510,395,300	221,472,800	39,680,700
2019	2,347,473,100	30,339,000	1,541,784,200	524,666,200	211,082,600	39,601,100
2018	2,341,534,200	29,169,300	1,540,368,000	537,847,900	194,547,900	39,601,100

⁽¹⁾ Source: State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Taxation

⁽²⁾ Based on Federal Census 2020 of 37,074

⁽³⁾ Based on Federal Census 2010 of 35,885

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Township Tax Assessor

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN STATEMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS (1)

The following table summarizes the direct debt of the Township of Pennsauken as of December 31, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of the Local Bond Law of the State of New Jersey (*N.J.S.A*. 40A:2-2- et.seq.). The gross debt comprises short and long-term debt issued and debt authorized but not issued, including General, Golf Course Utility, Water Commission and debt of the Township of Pennsauken School District. Deductions from gross debt to arrive at net debt include deductible school debt, as well as, debt considered to be self-liquidating. The resulting net debt of \$44,831,845 represents 1.724% of the average of equalized valuations for the Township for the last three years, which is within the 3.5% limit imposed by *N.J.S.A.* 40A:2-6.

			Authorized		Ded	uctions	
	Deb	t Issued	But Not	Gross	School	Self-Liquidating	Net
	Bonds/Loans	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Debt</u>
General	\$15,937,145	\$14,520,000	\$14,374,700	\$44,831,845			\$44,831,845
SchoolLocal	33,045,000			33,045,000	\$33,045,000		
Golf Course Utility	802,855			802,855		\$802,855	
Merchantville-Pennsauken							
Water Commission	4,092,758			4,092,758		4,092,758	
	\$53,877,758	\$14,520,000	\$14,374,700	\$82,772,458	\$33,045,000	\$4,895,613	\$44,831,845

⁽¹⁾ Source: Annual Debt Statement

DEBT RATIOS AND VALUATIONS(1)(2)

Average of Equalized Valuations of Real Property with Improvements and Second Class Railroad Property for 2019, 2020 and 2021	\$2,600,711,647
Statutory Net Debt as a Percentage of the Average of Equalized Valuations of Real Property with Improvements for 2019, 2020 and 2021	1.72%
2022 Net Valuation Taxable	\$2,358,511,023
2022 Equalized Valuation of Real Property and Taxable Personal Property Used in Communications	\$2,829,685,048
Gross Debt (3): As a percentage of 2022 Net Valuation Taxable	3.34%
As a percentage of 2022 Equalized Valuation of Real Property and Taxable Personal Property Used in Communications	2.78%
Net Debt (3):	
As a percentage of 2022 Net Valuation Taxable As a percentage of 2022 Equalized Valuation of Real Property and	1.90%
Taxable Personal Property Used in Communications	1.58%
Gross Debt Per Capita (4) Net Debt Per Capita (4)	\$2,122 \$1,209
TOWNSHIP BORROWING CAPACITY(1)(2)	
3.5% of Averaged (2019-21) Equalized Valuation of Real Property	
including Improvements (\$2,600,711,647)	\$91,024,908
Net Debt	44,831,845
Remaining Borrowing Capacity	\$46,193,063
SCHOOL DISTRICT BORROWING CAPACITY(1)(2)	
4% of Averaged (2019-21) Equalized Valuation of Real Property	
including Improvements (\$2,600,711,647)	\$104,028,466
School District Debt	33,045,000
Remaining Borrowing Capacity	\$70,983,466
(1) As of December 31, 2021	

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2021

⁽²⁾ Source: Township Auditor

⁽³⁾ Excluding overlapping debt

⁽⁴⁾ Based on 2020 Federal Census of 37,074

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

		DEBT 1	ISSL	JED				
	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	<u>Deductions</u>			Statutory Net Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Net Debt Outstanding Allocated o the Issuer	_	Debt Auth. but not <u>Issued</u>
County of Camden(1):								
General:								
Bonds	\$ 37,050,000	\$ 16,715,177	(2)	\$	20,334,823	\$ 1,301,429	(4)	\$ 116,445,099
Notes	10,461,125				10,461,125	669,512	(4)	
Loan Agreements	345,677,884				345,677,884	22,123,385	(4)	
Bonds Issued by Other Public Bodies								
Guaranteed by the County	239,049,706	239,049,706	(3)		_			
Pennsauken Sewerage Authority	355,266				355,266	355,266		
	\$ 632,593,981	\$ 255,764,883		\$	376,829,098	\$ 24,449,591		\$ 116,445,099

⁽¹⁾ Source: County of Camden.

⁽²⁾ Includes Reserve for Payment of Bonds, Other Accounts Receivable and General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Deductible in accordance with N.J.S. 40:37A-80.

⁽⁴⁾ Such debt is allocated as a proportion of the Issuer's share of the total 2021 Net Valuation on which County taxes are apportioned, which is 6.40%.

Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority

The Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority ("CCMUA") is a public body corporate and politic of the State and was originally created as the Camden County Sewerage Authority ("Sewerage Authority") by a resolution of the County adopted on December 5, 1967. The Sewerage Authority was reorganized in 1972 as a utilities authority and changed its name to the Camden County Municipal Utilities Authority pursuant to a resolution of the County adopted on April 13, 1972. The CCMUA operates under the supervision of nine commissioners who are appointed by the Board for five-year staggered terms. The County has entered into a deficiency agreement with the CCMUA ("Deficiency Agreement") whereby the County is obligated to pay to the CCMUA any annual charges equal to any deficits in CCMUA revenues necessary to pay or provide for: (i) operation and maintenance expenses of the CCMUA's regional sewer system, (ii) principal and interest payments on bonds and notes of the CCMUA in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$685,500,000, and (iii) the maintenance of reserves required under the bond resolution securing the CCMUA's bonds and notes. The obligation of the County pursuant to the provisions of the Deficiency Agreement is a direct and general obligation of the County, and any annual charges are ultimately payable by the County from the levy of ad valorem taxes on all the taxable real property within the jurisdiction of the County in amounts sufficient to enable the County to meet its obligations under the Deficiency Agreement. To date, no payments have been required to be made by the County pursuant to the Deficiency Agreement. The County and the CCMUA may agree to amend the Deficiency Agreement at any time to increase the obligations of the County thereunder.

The CCMUA owns and operates a sewage collection and treatment system which serves all County residents connected to local sewer collection systems. The CCMUA's system does not include the local sewage collection system of any CCMUA participant, but it owns and operates interceptor sewer lines connecting the local systems to the CCMUA's sewage treatment facilities.

The CCMUA is required to charge and collect service charges for the use of its facilities such that revenues of the CCMUA will at all times be adequate to pay all operating and maintenance expenses, including reserves, insurance, extensions and replacements, and to pay punctually the principal of and interest on any bonds and notes of the CCMUA and to maintain reserves and sinking funds therefor as may be required by the terms of any agreements with the holders thereof.

The gross debt as of December 31, 2020 for the CCMUA was \$229,111,976. The County guarantees up to \$685,500,000 of debt issued by the CCMUA.

Camden County Improvement Authority

The Camden County Improvement Authority ("CCIA") is a public body corporate and politic of the State and was created by a resolution of the County Board. The CCIA operates under the supervision of a five (5) member Board who are appointed for five (5) year staggered terms by the County Board. The CCIA has from time to time issued its revenue bonds for projects involving the County and for which the County has a repayment obligation or guaranty. The CCIA also issues conduit debt from time to time which is not included in the overlapping debt as there is no obligation by the taxpayers to repay the associated debt service.

The amount of debt which the County has guaranteed or for which it has a repayment obligation as of December 31, 2020 was \$397,269,301.93.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE BONDED DEBT ONLY(1)(2)

		General		Golf C	ourse U	tility	Total Debt
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>	<u>Service</u>
2022	\$2,973,861	\$260,218	\$3,234,079	\$146,139	\$15,774	\$161,913	\$3,395,991
2023	3,007,082	216,145	3,223,227	152,918	12,868	165,786	3,389,013
2024	2,150,659	169,844	2,320,503	79,341	9,833	89,174	2,409,677
2025	2,193,880	137,414	2,331,294	81,120	8,229	89,349	2,420,643
2026	2,212,101	102,384	2,314,485	82,899	6,589	89,488	2,403,973
2027	1,105,322	64,125	1,169,447	84,678	4,913	89,591	1,259,038
2028	1,133,187	40,323	1,173,510	86,813	3,089	89,902	1,263,412
2029	1,161,053	13,787	1,174,840	88,947	1,056	90,003	1,264,843
							_
Total	\$15,937,145	\$1,004,239	\$16,941,384	\$802,855	\$62,350	\$865,205	\$17,806,589

⁽¹⁾ Source: Township Auditor(2) As of December 31, 2021

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN 2021 MUNICIPAL BUDGET*

CURRENT FUND

Anticipated Revenues:	
Fund Balance	\$2,500,000.00
Miscellaneous Revenues:	
Local Revenues	3,061,526.19
State Aid Without Offsetting Appropriations	5,499,150.00
Dedicated Uniform Construction Code Fees Offset with Appropriations	1,130,000.00
Special Items of Revenues Anticipated with Prior Written Consent of	
Director of Local Government Services - Public and Private Revenue	35,000.00
Special Items of Revenues Anticipated with Prior Written Consent of	
Director of Local Government Services - Other Special Items	3,501,823.81
Receipts from Delinquent Taxes	1,750,000.00
Amount to be Raised from Taxation for Municipal Purposes	24,335,300.00
Total Revenues	\$41,812,800.00
Appropriations:	
Within "CAPS":	
Operations	\$29,727,350.00
Deferred Charges and Statutory Expenditures	5,054,376.52
Excluded from "CAPS":	
Other Operations	856,344.48
Public and Private Programs	35,000.00
Capital Improvements	190,000.00
Municipal Debt Service	3,581,929.00
Reserve for Uncollected Taxes	2,367,800.00
Total Appropriations	\$41,812,800.00
GOLF COURSE UTILITY FUND	
Anticipated Revenues:	
Fund Balance	\$237,500.00
Playing Fees	1,200,000.00
Equipment Rental Fees	420,000.00
Miscellaneous	190,000.00
Total Revenues	\$2,047,500.00
Appropriations:	
Operating	\$1,828,595.00
Debt Service	162,415.00
Statutory Expenditures	56,490.00
Total Appropriations	\$2,047,500.00

^{*} As adopted

SIX YEAR CAPITAL PROGRAM* Projects Scheduled for the Years 2021 - 2026

		Capital		
	Estimated	Improvement	Grants-In Aid	Bonds and Notes
Project Title	Total Cost	<u>Fund</u>	and Other Funds	<u>General</u>
Camden Avenue Repaving Project	\$65,000	\$3,250		\$61,750
NJ DOT Trust Fund Road PgmJohn Tipton Blvd.	380,000	3,220	\$315,600	61,180
NJ DOT Trust Fund Road PgmMelrose Ave	405,000	3,490	335,200	66,310
2021 Road Reconstruction Program	688,000	34,400		653,600
Storm Drainage Improvements	54,000	2,700		51,300
Concrete Repair Program	72,200	3,610		68,590
Purchase of Fire Fighting Equipment	558,600	27,930		530,670
Purchase of Equipment for the Police Dpt	1,011,500	50,575		960,925
Improvements/Equipment for the EMS Dpt	278,000	13,900		264,100
Emergency Management Vehicles & Equip	120,000	6,000		114,000
Public Works Equipment & Improvements	730,000	36,500		693,500
Improvements to Parks & Recreation Facilities	308,100	15,405		292,695
Improvements to PYAA Facilities/Fields	34,400	1,720		32,680
Improvements/Equipment for the Country Club	181,300	9,065		172,235
Improvements/Equipment for Public Buildings	264,700	13,235		251,465
	\$5,150,800	\$225,000	\$650,800	\$4,275,000

^{*} As adopted

APPENDIX B

COMPILED AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Township Committee Township of Pennsauken Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance--regulatory basis of the various funds as of December 31, 2021 and the related statement of operations and changes in fund balances-- regulatory basis for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting practices prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, and for determining that this regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable financial reporting framework. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements to have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management has elected to omit substantially all of the disclosures required by these regulatory accounting practices. If the omitted disclosures were included in the financial statements, they might influence the user's conclusions about the Township's assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, the financial statements are not designed for those who are not informed about such matters.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

/s/ Scott P. Barron Certified Public Accountant Registered Municipal Accountant

Voorhees, New Jersey May 3, 2022

CURRENT FUND

Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis
As of December 31, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	
Regular Fund:	
Treasurer:	
Cash	\$ 10,900,062.76
Due from/to State of New Jersey	
Veterans and Senior Citizens Deductions	852.74
	10,900,915.50
Receivables with Full Reserves:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	1,712,157.83
Tax Title Liens Receivable	788,416.66
Property Acquired for Taxes (At Assessed Valuation)	7,213,200.00
Municipal Assessments Receivable	68,657.88
P.I.L.O.T. Revenue Receivable	15,049.95
Revenue Accounts Receivable	32,774.87
Due from Grant Fund	1,080.85
Protested Checks	837.18
	9,832,175.22
	20,733,090.72
Federal and State Grant Fund:	
Cash	954,546.23
Federal and State Grants Receivable	770,901.93
r sucrai and state Stants (Goorasis	
	1,725,448.16
	\$ 22,458,538.88
	(Continued)

CURRENT FUND

Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis
As of December 31, 2021

LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE

Liabilities: \$ 337,749.05 Reserve for Encumbrances 355,374.86 Due to State of New Jersey: Veterans' and Senior Citizens' Deductions DCA Training Fees 23,554.10 Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to Trusts—Other 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Federal and State Grant Fund: 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Regular Fund:		
Appropriation Reserves \$ 337,749.05 Reserve for Encumbrances 355,374.86 Due to State of New Jersey: **** Veterans' and Senior Citizens' Deductions DCA Training Fees 23,554.10 Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Resserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Reserve for Encumbrances 355,374.86 Due to State of New Jersey: 23,554.10 Veterans' and Senior Citizens' Deductions 23,554.10 Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,286.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to Trusts—Other 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 220,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Appropriation Reserves	\$	337,749.05
Due to State of New Jersey: Veterans' and Senior Citizens' Deductions DCA Training Fees 23,554.10 Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85			
Veterans' and Senior Citizens' Deductions 23,554.10 DCA Training Fees 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Appropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85			,
Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to Trusts—Other 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	•		
Marriage License 4,403.00 Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to Trusts—Other 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	DCA Training Fees		23,554.10
Contracts Payable 1,318.03 Tax Overpayments 68,333.93 Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve Unappropriated Reserve 905,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85 1,725,448.16 1,725,448.16 1,725,448.16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes 44,915.67 Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85			1,318.03
Prepaid Taxes 988,643.78 Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Tax Overpayments		68,333.93
Reserve for Revaluation Program 7,008.05 Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes		44,915.67
Local School Tax Payable 3,582,285.83 Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Prepaid Taxes		988,643.78
Due to Garbage District 118,021.04 Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve for Encumbrances 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Reserve for Revaluation Program		7,008.05
Due to Public Library 3,640.00 Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve of Encumbrances 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Local School Tax Payable		3,582,285.83
Due to TrustsOther 437,918.37 Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve for Encumbrances 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Due to Garbage District		118,021.04
Due to Camden County Improvement Authority 206,540.12 Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: 20,733,090.72 Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Due to Public Library		3,640.00
Reserve for Election Workers 1,650.00 Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve serve for Encumbrances 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Due to TrustsOther		437,918.37
Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets Fund Balance 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Due to Camden County Improvement Authority		206,540.12
Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Reserve for Election Workers		1,650.00
Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets 9,832,175.22 Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85			
Fund Balance 4,719,559.67 20,733,090.72 Federal and State Grant Fund: Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85			6,181,355.83
20,733,090.72	Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets		9,832,175.22
Federal and State Grant Fund: 606,690.18 Appropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85	Fund Balance		4,719,559.67
Appropriated Reserve 606,690.18 Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85 1,725,448.16		;	20,733,090.72
Unappropriated Reserve 995,904.56 Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85 1,725,448.16	Federal and State Grant Fund:		
Reserve for Encumbrances 121,772.57 Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85 1,725,448.16	Appropriated Reserve		606,690.18
Due from/to Current Fund 1,080.85 1,725,448.16	Unappropriated Reserve		995,904.56
1,725,448.16	Reserve for Encumbrances		121,772.57
	Due from/to Current Fund		1,080.85
\$ 22 458 538 88			1,725,448.16
Ψ 22,400,000.00		\$ 2	22,458,538.88

CURRENT FUND

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenue and Other Income Realized	
Fund Balance Utilized	\$ 2,500,000.00
Miscellaneous Revenues Anticipated	14,508,236.51
Receipts from Delinquent Taxes and Tax Title Liens	1,810,764.15
Revenue from Current Taxes	92,054,620.12
Non-Budget Revenue	274,607.06
Other Credits to Income:	214,001.00
Unexpended Balance of Appropriation Reserves	16,197.59
Charles Dataines on Appropriation (1888)	
Total Income	111,164,425.43
Expenditures	
Budget Appropriations:	
Within "CAPS":	
Operations - Salaries and Wages	17,356,890.00
Operations - Other Expenses	12,374,965.00
Deferred Charges and Statutory Expenditures	5,049,871.52
Excluded from "CAPS":	
Operations - Salaries and Wages	89,283.08
Operations - Other Expenses	2,129,276.98
Capital ImprovementsExcluded from "CAPS"	190,000.00
Municipal Debt ServiceExcluded from "CAPS"	3,581,926.56
Local District School Tax	43,845,082.00
County Taxes	20,693,971.70
Due County for Added and Omitted Taxes	44,915.67
Garbage District Tax	4,515,000.00
Other Expenditures:	, ,
Refund of Prior Year Revenue	33,913.87
Prior Year Senior and Veteran Deductions Disallowed	35,702.32
Creation of Reserve for:	
Interfund Receivables	206,566.98
Total Expanditures	110 117 265 69
Total Expenditures	110,147,365.68
Statutory Excess to Fund Balance	1,017,059.75
Fund Balance	
Balance Jan. 1	6,202,499.92
Dalatice Jan. 1	0,202,499.92
	7,219,559.67
Decreased by:	1,218,338.07
Utilized as Revenue	2 500 000 00
Ounzed as Revenue	2,500,000.00
Balance Dec. 31	\$ 4,719,559.67

TRUST FUND

Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis
As of December 31, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Animal Control Fund: Cash	_\$	31,269.74
Other Funds: CashTreasurer Deferred Charge - Deficit in Public Defender Due Current Fund Section 8 - Inventory Section 8 - Mortgage Receivables		5,161,581.29 19,623.41 437,918.37 72,000.00 8,983.25 5,700,106.32
CDBG Trust Fund: Cash Grants Receivables		53,912.26 193,394.18 247,306.44
	\$	5,978,682.50
LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE Animal Control Fund: Due Current Fund	\$	13,268.80
Reserve for Animal Control Trust Fund Expenditures Due to State of New Jersey		17,991.94 9.00
		31,269.74
Other Funds: Reserve for Trust Others Due Bank Due General Capital Fund		5,694,971.87 134.45 5,000.00 5,700,106.32
CDBG Trust Fund: Due to Current Fund Reserve for CDBG		82,477.66 164,828.78
		247,306.44
	\$	5,978,682.50

GENERAL CAPITAL FUND

Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis
As of December 31, 2021

	AS	S	Е٦	ΓS
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Fund Balance

Cash Deferred Charges to Future Taxation: Funded Unfunded Due from Trust Other Federal and State Grants Receivable	\$ 2,609,139.55 15,937,145.00 28,894,700.00 5,000.00 251,707.32
	\$ 47,697,691.87
LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE	
Improvement Authorizations: Funded Unfunded Reserve for Encumbrances General Serial Bonds Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 98,171.19 15,010,431.36 2,019,750.82 15,937,145.00 14,520,000.00

112,193.50

\$ 47,697,691.87

GOLF COURSE UTILITY FUND
Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis
As of December 31, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Operating Fund:	. 4.000	404.00
CashTreasurer	\$ 1,029,	131.69
Total Operating Fund	1,029,	131.69
Capital Fund:		
CashTreasurer		067.58
Fixed Capital Fixed Capital Authorized and Uncompleted		739.94 500.00
Total Capital Fund	7,442,	307.52
	_\$ 8,471,·	439.21
<u>LIABILITIES, RESERVES</u> <u>AND FUND BALANCE</u>		
Operating Fund:		
Liabilities:		
Appropriation Reserves		486.27
Reserve for Encumbrances Accrued Interest on Bonds and Notes		791.11 344.30
Due to State of NJ Sales Tax Payable		711.33
Reserve for Gift Certificates		586.44
	62,	919.45
Fund Balance	966,	212.24
Total Operating Fund	1,029,	131.69
Capital Fund:		
Capital Improvement Fund	3,	029.00
Reserve for:	0.000	
Amortization Preliminary Expenses	6,636,	384.94 38.58
Serial Bonds	802,	855.00
Total Carital Fund		
Total Capital Fund		307.52
	\$ 8,471,	439.21

GOLF COURSE UTILITY FUND

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance--Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenue and Other Income Realized	
Operating Surplus Anticipated Playing Fees Equipment Rental Fees Miscellaneous Other Credits to Income:	\$ 237,500.00 1,754,664.17 480,196.64 338,668.05
Unexpended Balance of Appropriation Reserves	9,008.83
Total Income	2,820,037.69
Expenditures	
Operating Debt Service Deferred Charges and Statutory Expenditures Other Debits to Expenditures	1,825,095.00 162,407.30 59,990.00
Refund of Prior Year Revenue	7,899.80
Total Expenditures	2,055,392.10
Statutory Excess to Fund Balance	764,645.59
Fund Balance	
Balance Jan. 1	439,066.65
	1,203,712.24
Utilized as Revenue: Sewer Operating Budget	237,500.00
Balance Dec. 31	\$ 966,212.24

Selected Information - Substantially All Disclosures Required By the Regulatory Basis of Accounting Have Been Omitted For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Description of Financial Reporting Entity</u> - The Township of Pennsauken (hereafter referred to as the "Township") was incorporated as a township by an act of the New Jersey legislature on February 18, 1892 from portions of the now-defunct Stockton Township. The Township, located in Camden County, New Jersey, has a total area of approximately twelve square miles with approximately two miles of frontage along the Delaware River directly across from the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In New Jersey, the Township borders Camden, Cherry Hill, Collingswood and Merchantville in Camden County and Cinnaminson Township, Maple Shade Township and Palmyra Borough in Burlington County. According to the 2020 census, the population is 37,074.

The Township is governed under the Township Committee form of government, with a five-member Committee. The Committee is elected directly by the voters in partisan elections to serve three-year terms of office on a staggered basis, with one or two seats coming up for election each year. At an annual reorganization meeting, the Committee selects one of its members to serve as Mayor and another as Deputy Mayor. Legislative and executive power is vested in the Committee.

<u>Component Units</u> - The financial statements of the component units of the Township are not presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity,* as amended. If the provisions of the aforementioned GASB Statement, as amended had been complied with, the financial statements of the following component units would have been either blended or discretely presented with the financial statements of the Township, the primary government:

Pennsauken Sewerage Authority 1250 John Tipton Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Pennsauken Free Public Library 5605 N. Crescent Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Pennsauken Garbage District 5605 N. Crescent Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Merchantville - Pennsauken Water Commission 20 W. Maple Ave.
Merchantville, NJ 08109

Annual financial reports may be inspected directly at the offices of these component units during regular business hours.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - The financial statements of the Township contain all funds and account groups in accordance with the Requirements of Audit (the "Requirements") as promulgated by the State of New Jersey, Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services. The principles and practices established by the Requirements are designed primarily for determining compliance with legal provisions and budgetary restrictions and as a means of reporting on the stewardship of public officials with respect to public funds. Generally, the financial statements are presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting with minor exceptions as mandated by these Requirements. In addition, the prescribed accounting principles previously referred to differ in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to local government units. The more significant differences are explained in this note.

In accordance with the *Requirements*, the Township accounts for its financial transactions through the use of separate funds and an account group which are described as follows:

<u>Current Fund</u> - The current fund accounts for resources and expenditures for governmental operations of a general nature, including federal and state grant funds.

<u>Trust Funds</u> - The various trust funds account for receipts, custodianship, and disbursement of funds in accordance with the purpose for which each reserve was created.

<u>General Capital Fund</u> - The general capital fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of funds for the acquisition of general capital facilities, other than those acquired in the current fund.

<u>Golf Course Utility Operating and Capital Funds</u> - The golf course utility operating and capital funds account for the operations and acquisition of capital facilities of the municipally owned golf course operations.

<u>General Fixed Asset Group of Accounts</u> - The general fixed asset group of accounts is utilized to account for property, land, buildings, and equipment that have been acquired by other governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The Township must adopt an annual budget for its current and golf course utility funds in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4 et seq. N.J.S.A. 40A:4-5 requires the governing body to introduce and approve the annual municipal budget no later than February 10 of each year. At introduction, the governing body shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper published and circulating in the municipality. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the governing body may, by majority vote, adopt the budget or may amend the budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4-9. Amendments to adopted budgets, if any, are detailed in the statements of revenues and expenditures.

An extension of the statutory dates for introduction, approval, and adoption of the municipal budget may be granted by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services, with the permission of the Local Finance Board.

Budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Township's financial statements.

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash on deposit with public depositories. All certificates of deposit are recorded as cash regardless of the date of maturity. Investments are stated at cost; therefore, unrealized gains or losses on investments have not been recorded.

New Jersey municipal units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units. In addition, other State statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local authorities and other state agencies.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The cash management plan adopted by the Township requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Act.

<u>Interfunds</u> - Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed. Interfund receivables in the current fund are recorded with offsetting reserves which are created by charges to operations. Income is recognized in the year the receivables are liquidated. Interfund receivables in the other funds are not offset by reserves.

<u>Inventories of Supplies</u> - The costs of inventories of supplies for all funds are recorded as expenditures at the time individual items are purchased. The costs of inventories are not included on the various statements of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance.

General Fixed Assets - Accounting for governmental fixed assets, as required by N.J.A.C. 5:30-5.6, differs in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In accordance with the regulations, all local units, including municipalities, must maintain a general fixed assets reporting system that establishes and maintains a physical inventory of nonexpendable, tangible property as defined and limited by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Part 200, §200.12), except that the useful life of such property is at least five years. The Township has adopted a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.00, the maximum amount allowed by the Circular. Generally, assets are valued at historical cost; however, assets acquired prior to December 31, 1985 are valued at actual historical cost or estimated historical cost. No depreciation of general fixed assets is recorded. Donated general fixed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the transaction. Interest costs relative to the acquisition of general fixed assets are recorded as expenditures when paid. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks and drainage systems are not capitalized. Expenditures for construction in progress are recorded in the capital funds until such time as the construction is completed and put into operation. The Township is required to maintain a subsidiary ledger detailing fixed assets records to control additions, retirements, and transfers of fixed assets. In addition, a statement of general fixed asset group of accounts, reflecting the activity for the year, must be included in the Township's basic financial statements.

<u>General Fixed Assets (Cont'd)</u> - The regulations require that general fixed assets, whether constructed or acquired through purchase, grant or gift be included in the aforementioned inventory. In addition, property management standards must be maintained that include accurate records indicating asset description, source, ownership, acquisition cost and date, the percentage of Federal participation (if any), and the location, use, and condition of the asset. Periodically, physical inventories must be taken and reconciled with these records. Lastly, all fixed assets must be adequately controlled to safeguard against loss, damage, or theft.

<u>Utility Fixed Assets</u> - Property and equipment purchased by a utility fund are recorded in the utility capital account at cost and are adjusted for disposition and abandonment. The amounts shown do not represent replacement cost or current value. The reserve for amortization and deferred reserve for amortization accounts in the utility capital fund represent charges to operations for the cost of acquisition of property and equipment, improvements, and contributed capital.

<u>Foreclosed Property</u> - Foreclosed property is recorded in the current fund at the assessed valuation when such property was acquired and is fully reserved. Ordinarily it is the intention of the municipality to resell foreclosed property in order to recover all or a portion of the delinquent taxes or assessments and to return the property to a taxpaying basis. For this reason the value of foreclosed property has not been included in the general fixed asset group of accounts. If such property is converted to a municipal use, it will be recorded in the general fixed asset group of accounts.

<u>Deferred Charges</u> - The recognition of certain expenditures is deferred to future periods. These expenditures, or deferred charges, are generally overexpenditures of legally adopted budget appropriations or emergency appropriations made in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4-46 et seq. Deferred charges are subsequently raised as items of appropriation in budgets of succeeding years.

<u>Liens Sold for Other Governmental Units</u> - Liens sold on behalf of other governmental units are not recorded on the records of the tax collector until such liens are collected. Upon their collection, such liens are recorded as a liability due to the governmental unit net of the costs of the initial sale. The related costs of sale are recognized as revenue when received.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - Fund balances included in the current fund and golf course utility operating fund represent amounts available for anticipation as revenue in future years' budgets, with certain restrictions.

Revenues - Revenues are recorded when received in cash except for certain amounts which are due from other governmental units. Revenue from federal and state grants is realized when anticipated as such in the Township's budget. Receivables for property taxes are recorded with offsetting reserves on the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance of the Township's current fund; accordingly, such amounts are not recorded as revenue until collected. Other amounts that are due to the Township which are susceptible to accrual are also recorded as receivables with offsetting reserves and recorded as revenue when received.

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> - Property tax revenues are collected in quarterly installments due February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1. The amount of tax levied includes not only the amount required in support of the Township's annual budget, but also the amounts required in support of the budgets of the County of Camden, the Township of Pennsauken School District, and the Township of Pennsauken Garbage District. Unpaid property taxes are subject to tax sale in accordance with the statutes.

<u>School Taxes</u> - The Township is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting school taxes for the Township of Pennsauken School District. Operations is charged for the full amount required to be raised from taxation to operate the local school district for the period from January 1 to December 31.

<u>County Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting county taxes for the County of Camden. County taxes are determined on a calendar year by the County Board of Taxation based upon the ratables required to be certified to them on January 10 of each year. Operations is charged for the amount due to the County for the year, based upon the ratables required to be certified to the County Board of Taxation by January 10 of the current year. In addition, operations is charged for the County share of added and omitted taxes certified to the County Board of Taxation by October 10 of the current year, and due to be paid to the County by February 15 of the following year.

<u>Garbage District Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting garbage district taxes for the Township of Pennsauken Garbage District. Operations is charged for the full amount required to be raised from taxation to operate the Garbage District for the period from January 1 to December 31.

<u>Library Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting and remitting library taxes for the Pennsauken Public Library. The amount of the library tax is a separate local levy tax and is remitted to the Library through the municipal budget.

Reserve for Uncollected Taxes - The inclusion of the "reserve for uncollected taxes" appropriation in the Township's annual budget protects the Township from taxes not paid currently. The reserve, the minimum amount of which is determined on the percentage of collections experienced in the immediate preceding year, with certain exceptions, is required to provide assurance that cash collected in the current year will provide sufficient cash flow to meet expected obligations.

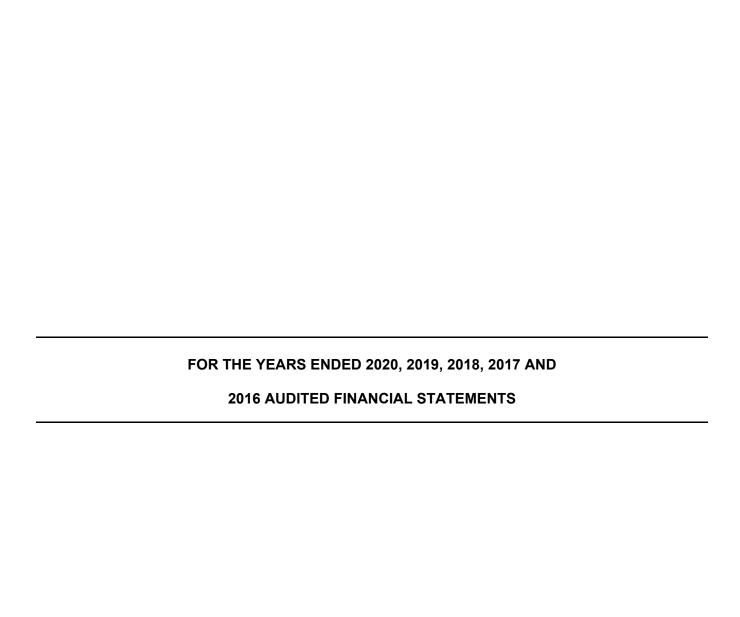
Expenditures - Expenditures are recorded on the "budgetary" basis of accounting. Generally, expenditures are recorded when paid. However, for charges to amounts appropriated for "other expenses", an amount is encumbered through the issuance of a numerically controlled purchase order or when a contract is executed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:30-5.2. When encumbered charges are paid, the amount encumbered is simultaneously liquidated in its original amount. Encumbrances are offset by an account entitled reserve for encumbrances. The reserve is classified as a cash liability under New Jersey municipal accounting. At December 31, this reserve represents the portion of appropriation reserves that has been encumbered and is subject to the same statutory provisions as appropriation reserves.

Appropriations for principal payments on outstanding general capital and utility bonds and notes are provided on the cash basis; interest on general capital indebtedness is on the cash basis, whereas interest on utility indebtedness is on the accrual basis.

<u>Appropriation Reserves</u> - Appropriation reserves covering unexpended appropriation balances are automatically created at year-end and recorded as liabilities, except for amounts which may be canceled by the governing body. Appropriation reserves are available, until lapsed at the close of the succeeding year, to meet specific claims, commitments, or contracts incurred during the preceding year. Lapsed appropriation reserves are recorded as income.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt, relative to the acquisition of capital assets, is recorded as a liability in the general capital and utility capital funds. Where an improvement is a "local Improvement", i.e. assessable upon completion, long-term debt associated with that portion of the cost of the improvement to be funded by assessments is transferred to the trust fund upon the confirmation of the assessments or when the improvement is fully and permanently funded.

<u>Compensated Absences and Postemployment Benefits</u> - Compensated absences for vacation, sick leave and other compensated absences are recorded and provided for in the annual budget in the year in which they are paid, on a pay-as-you-go basis. Likewise, no accrual is made for postemployment benefits, if any, which are also funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Township Committee Township of Pennsauken Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance - regulatory basis of the various funds of the Township of Pennsauken, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of operations and changes in fund balance - regulatory basis for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

As described in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to meet the requirements of the State of New Jersey.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township of Pennsauken, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, or the results of its operations and changes in fund balance for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance - regulatory basis of the various funds of the Township of Pennsauken, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and changes in fund balance - regulatory basis of such funds for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles and practices prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, as described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants

& Consultants

Scott P. Barron

Certified Public Accountant
Registered Municipal Accountant

Voorhees, New Jersey September 9, 2021

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN CURRENT FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	As of December 31				
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
ASSETS					
Regular Fund:					
Cash	\$12,960,745	\$14,308,581	\$13,668,551	\$12,541,366	\$9,581,362
Due from State of New Jersey	3,103				
Receivables and Other Assets with Full Reserves:					
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	1,644,184	2,273,600	2,088,145	2,234,429	2,122,541
Tax Title Liens Receivable	854,740	756,701	790,543	699,159	805,607
Municipal Assessments Receivable	68,658	96,653	112,814	21,789	21,789
Property Acquired for TaxesAssessed Valuation	7,213,200	7,213,200	7,282,300	2,550,800	2,550,800
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	1,580	1,683	5,266	4,587	2,471
Revenue Accounts Receivable	25,637	248,860	229,235	226,691	228,429
Protested Checks Receivable	553	10,033	7,708	5,591	10,795
Due from Pennsauken Garbage District			6,056		
Due from Township of Pennsauken Library					
Due from US Dept. of Treasury				107,473	
Due from Bank			7,247	7,914	5,530
Interfunds Receivable	43,623			28,878	17,573
Deferred Charges			180,000	520,000	860,000
Total Regular Fund	22,816,022	24,909,312	24,377,865	18,948,677	16,206,897
Federal and State Grant Fund:					
Federal and State Grants Receivable	548,904	269,807	75,598	88,896	64,484
Interfunds Receivable		1,881	19,436	15,669	
Total Federal and State Grant Fund	548,904	271,689	95,034	104,565	64,484
Total Assets	\$23,364,926	\$25,181,000	\$24,472,899	\$19,053,242	\$16,271,380

(Continued)

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN CURRENT FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	As of December 31				
LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>
Regular Fund:					
Appropriation Reserves	\$143,330	\$112,212	\$307,522	\$547,430	\$553,159
Reserve for Encumbrances	197,107	424,145	206,070	145,981	432,900
Prepaid Taxes	1,093,414	945,153	974,943	1,625,747	868,456
Tax Overpayments	13,363	2,721	1,614	1,848	8,641
Prepaid Fees and Permits			8,468	8,468	8,468
Prepaid Merhantville-Pennsauken Water Commission Antenna Fee					
Local School Taxes Payable	3,424,180	3,463,765	3,464,998	3,478,154	3,353,739
Due to County for Added and Omitted Taxes	49,849	24,558	47,327	17,511	46,442
Due Pennsauken Garbage District	127,636	105,016	,	74,952	11,317
Due to B.I.G. Council	,	•	25	,	,
Due to/from Township of Pennsauken Library	3,640	2,586	3,640	19,197	
Due to State of New Jersey	32,577	20,932	29,004	37,221	27,854
Prepaid Payments in Lieu of Taxes	307,221	8,916	4,808	10,207	14,897
Due to Various Municipal Utility Authorities	70,982	•	461	•	,
Interfunds Payable	1,287,142	1,793,586	1,506,557	794,532	418,445
Reserve for Revaluation Program	10,908	14,068	21,787	21,787	29,245
Reserve for Election Expenses				2,100	2,100
Special Emergency Notes Payable				520,000	860,000
Reserve for Receivables and Other Assets	9,852,174	10,600,730	10,529,314	5,887,311	5,765,535
Fund Balance	6,202,500	7,390,924	7,271,327	5,756,232	3,805,699
Total Regular Fund	22,816,022	24,909,312	24,377,865	18,948,677	16,206,897
Federal and State Grant Fund:					
Unappropriated Reserves	10,000	10,000	36,135	24,962	29,542
Appropriated Reserves	475,345	250,909	57,699	77,917	6,405
Reserve for Encumbrances	19,937	10,780	1,200	1,686	10,964
Interfunds Payable	43,623				17,573
Total Federal and State Grant Fund	548,904	271,689	95,034	104,565	64,484
Total Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance	\$23,364,926	\$25,181,000	\$24,472,899	\$19,053,242	\$16,271,380

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN CURRENT FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenue and Other Income Realized:					
Fund Balance Utilized	\$2,810,000	\$1,197,500	\$1,022,500	\$200,000	\$600,000
Receipts from Current Taxes	86,216,402	86,485,499	86,773,548	86,837,597	85,279,951
Receipts from Delinquent Taxes	2,265,685	2,103,152	2,264,056	2,331,234	2,230,682
Miscellaneous Revenues Anticipated	13,684,641	14,507,091	14,218,509	13,809,148	13,246,942
Non-Budget Revenues and Other Income	246,015	409,297	566,840	468,833	416,788
Liquidation of Reserves for:					
Due from Bank		20	667		
Due from US Dept. of Treasury			107,473		
Due from Federal and State Grant Fund				17,573	19,436
Due from Trust Other Fund			28,878		1,772
Due from Pennsauken Free Public Library					941
Due from Pennsauken Garbage District		6,056			
Total Income	105,222,743	104,708,615	104,982,470	103,664,385	101,796,511
Expenditures and Encumbrances:					
Operating	30,197,616	29,098,169	27,811,802	27,345,762	28,664,236
Capital Improvements	200,000	140,000	552,500	147,000	115,000
Debt Service	3,523,858	3,413,372	3,326,631	3,266,738	2,828,515
Deferred Charges	4,162,640	4,617,107	4,519,990	4,268,903	4,199,345
Prior Year Veterans' and Senior Citizens'	1/102/010	1,017,107	.,515,550	1,200,303	1,133,313
Deductions Disallowed	35,644	31,256	28,750	27,510	30,250
County Taxes	19,618,893	20,149,326	20,336,965	21,183,011	20,651,011
Local District School Tax	41,327,680	41,651,523	41,658,909	40,991,363	39,833,823
Garbage District Taxes	4,355,000	4,280,000	4,200,000	4,130,000	4,060,000
Adjustment to Due State of New Jersey	1,555,666	1,200,000	94	1,130,000	1,000,000
Cancellation of Federal and State					
Grant Receivable	30,194		2		295
Refund of Prior Year Revenue	105,467	8,440	1,059	8,390	22,093
Creation of Reserves for:	,	3,110	1,000	0,000	22,033
Due from Federal and State Grant Fund	43,623				
Due from Trust Other Fund				28,878	
Due from Bank				7,914	4,624
Due from US Dept. of Treasury				107,473	
Due from Pennsauken Garbage District			6,056		
Protested Checks Receivable	553	2,325	2,117	908	4,157
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	103,601,167	103,391,518	102,444,875	101,513,851	100,413,348
Excess in Revenue	1,621,575	1,317,097	2,537,595	2,150,533	1,383,164
Fund Balance, January 1	7,390,924	7,271,327	5,756,232	3,805,699	3,022,535
	0.615.55	0.500.15	0.000.00=		
	9,012,500	8,588,424	8,293,827	5,956,232	4,405,699
Less: Utilized as Revenue	2,810,000	1,197,500	1,022,500	200,000	600,000
Fund Balance, December 31	\$6,202,500	\$7,390,924	\$7,271,327	\$5,756,232	\$3,805,699

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN TRUST FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND RESERVES--REGULATORY BASIS

	As of December 31				
	<u>2020</u>	2019	2018	2017	2016
ASSETS					
Animal Control Fund:					
Cash	\$1,756	\$3,875	\$3,840	\$1,621	\$1,670
Deferred Charge	13,125	11,101	11,070	13,283	8,275
Interfund Receivable	167	24	91	98	78
Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable					
Total Animal Control Fund	15,048	15,000	15,001	15,001	10,023
TrustOther Funds:					
Cash	\$4,751,962	\$2,465,779	2,801,455	1,962,080	2,463,855
Interfunds Receivable	189,931	207,797	156,522		11,622
Mortgages Receivable	8,983	8,983	8,983	8,983	8,983
Housing Rehabilitation Program Inventory	72,000	72,000	72,000	72,000	219,786
Community Development Block Grant Receivable	205,968	127,091	102,835	322,044	231,544
Total TrustOther Funds	5,228,844	2,881,650	3,141,795	2,365,107	2,935,790
Total Assets	\$5,243,892	\$2,896,650	\$3,156,797	\$2,380,108	\$2,945,813
LIABILITIES AND RESERVES					
Animal Control Fund:					
Interfunds Payable	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$10,000
Prepaid License	48				
Due to State of New Jersey			1	1	23
Total Animal Control Fund	15,048	15,000	15,001	15,001	10,023
TrustOther Funds:					
Due to Bank	134	134	134	83	83
Interfunds Payable	5,000	5,000		28,878	6,000
Reserve for Economic Development	329	240	97	4,008	3,979
Reserve Community Development Block Grant	130,430	94,810	88,835	169,515	196,495
Reserve for Section 8 Program	49,631	65,760	54,951	39,843	108,127
Reserve for Payroll Deductions	380,978	182,982	259,082	270,338	564,694
Miscellaneous Trust Reserves	4,662,342	2,532,725	2,738,697	1,852,442	2,056,411
Total TrustOther Funds	5,228,844	2,881,650	3,141,795	2,365,107	2,935,790
Total Liabilities and Reserves	\$5,243,892	\$2,896,650	\$3,156,797	\$2,380,108	\$2,945,813

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN GENERAL CAPITAL FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	December	December 31				
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$13,101	\$74,374	\$77,418	\$191,428	\$186,692	
Deferred Charges to Future Taxation:						
Funded	18,847,429	21,299,136	23,977,267	26,581,465	28,816,000	
Unfunded	11,051,200	7,855,200	5,266,450	2,843,950	3,450	
Due from Garden State Preservation						
Trust Fund Receivable					322,000	
Due from State of New Jersey	576,390	598,260	748,334	62,970	58,387	
Community Development Block						
Grant Receivable		159,000				
Interfunds Receivable	1,084,693	1,597,050	1,341,888	790,162	292,921	
	\$31,572,812	\$31,583,020	\$31,411,356	\$30,469,976	\$29,679,449	
LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE						
General Serial Bonds	\$18,847,429	\$21,299,136	\$23,977,267	\$26,581,465	\$28,816,000	
Bond Anticipation Notes	10,585,000	7,850,000	5,260,000	2,515,000		
Improvement Authorizations:						
Funded	147,435	571,876	1,001,737	333,982	665,013	
Unfunded	691,060	1,086,777	678,417	713,763	950	
Capital Improvement Fund	34,672	8,672	4,922	2,422	4,922	
Contracts Payable	1,188,761	734,947	406,917	292,587	192,512	
Due to Bank					52	
Interfunds Payable	16,745					
Fund Balance	61,711	31,612	82,097	30,757		
	\$31,572,812	\$31,583,020	\$31,411,356	\$30,469,976	\$29,679,449	

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN GOLF COURSE UTILITY FUND STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	As of December 31				
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
ASSETS					
Operating Fund:					
Cash	\$438,631	\$399,792	\$161,490	\$163,374	\$141,462
Interfunds Receivable	53,405	4,458	1,246	1,229	6,330
Total Operating Fund	492,036	404,251	162,736	164,602	147,792
Capital Fund:					
Cash	1,720	1,712	1,699	1,691	14,676
Interfunds Receivable	2,874	2,882	2,895	2,903	127,375
Fixed Capital	6,907,740	6,907,740	6,907,740	6,907,740	6,899,854
Fixed Capital Authorized and Uncompleted	531,500	531,500	531,500	531,500	531,500
Total Capital Fund	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,573,405
Total Assets	\$7,935,870	\$7,848,085	\$7,606,570	\$7,608,437	\$7,721,197
LIABILITIES, RESERVES					
AND FUND BALANCE					
Operating Fund:					
Appropriation Reserves	\$10,970	\$1,562	\$12,387	\$24,121	\$28,284
Reserve for Encumbrances	12,443	81,018	23,890	14,113	33,585
Reserve for Gift Certificates	13,236				
Due State - Sales Tax Payable	9,523	7.245	0.101	6.210	11 570
Accrued Interest on Bonds and Notes Interfunds Payable	6,299 499	7,245 507	8,181 520	6,319 528	11,579
Fund Balance	439,067	313,919	117,758	119,521	74,345
Total Operating Fund	492,036	404,251	162,736	164,602	147,792
		,	102,700	10 .,002	, , , , _
Capital Fund:	0.47 =74		4 000 700	4 260 525	4 470 000
General Serial Bonds Bond Anticipation Notes	947,571	1,090,864	1,232,733	1,368,535	1,479,000
Interfunds Payable					3,881
Improvement Authorizations:					3,001
Funded	1,527		1,527	1,527	89,873
Unfunded	·		•	•	
Contracts Payable					45,229
Capital Improvement Fund	3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029	3,029
Reserve for Preliminary Expenses	39	39	39	39	39
Reserve for Amortization	6,491,669	6,348,376	6,206,507	6,070,705	5,952,354
Reserve for Encumbrances		1,527			
Total Capital Fund	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,443,834	7,573,405
Total Liabilities, Reserves and Fund Balance	\$7,935,870	\$7,848,085	\$7,606,570	\$7,608,437	\$7,721,197

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN GOLF COURSE UTILITY FUND STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE--REGULATORY BASIS

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016
Revenue and Other Income Realized:					
Fund Balance Utilized	\$140,000	\$62,720	\$20,000	\$35,000	\$45,000
Playing Fees	1,210,465	1,089,042	893,822	963,732	941,023
Equipment Rental Fees	422,645	481,816	447,710	489,604	474,084
Miscellaneous	182,636	246,147	230,750	236,226	233,014
Other Credits to Income	4,396	14,153	10,947	22,946	473
Total Income	1,960,142	1,893,878	1,603,230	1,747,508	1,693,595
Expenditures:					
Operating	1,509,270	1,414,470	1,365,120	1,453,225	1,517,680
Capital Improvements					25,000
Debt Service	163,839	165,242	165,898	162,122	69,086
Deferred Charges and Statutory Expenditures	21,885	55,285	53,975	51,985	50,835
Refund of Prior Year Revenue					3,411
Total Expenditures	1,694,994	1,634,997	1,584,993	1,667,332	1,666,012
Excess in Revenues	265,148	258,881	18,237	80,176	27,583
Fund Balance January 1	313,919	117,758	119,521	74,345	91,762
Less:	579,067	376,639	137,758	154,521	119,345
Utilized as Revenue	140,000	62,720	20,000	35,000	45,000
Fund Balance December 31	\$439,067	\$313,919	\$117,758	\$119,521	\$74,345

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Description of Financial Reporting Entity</u> - The Township of Pennsauken (hereafter referred to as the "Township") was incorporated as a township by an act of the New Jersey legislature on February 18, 1892 from portions of the now-defunct Stockton Township. The Township, located in Camden County, New Jersey, has a total area of approximately twelve square miles with approximately two miles of frontage along the Delaware River directly across from the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In New Jersey, the Township borders Camden, Cherry Hill, Collingswood and Merchantville in Camden County and Cinnaminson Township, Maple Shade Township and Palmyra Borough in Burlington County. According to the 2010 census, the population is 35,885.

The Township is governed under the Township Committee form of government, with a five-member Committee. The Committee is elected directly by the voters in partisan elections to serve three-year terms of office on a staggered basis, with one or two seats coming up for election each year. At an annual reorganization meeting, the Committee selects one of its members to serve as Mayor and another as Deputy Mayor. Legislative and executive power is vested in the Committee.

<u>Component Units</u> - The financial statements of the component units of the Township are not presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity,* as amended. If the provisions of the aforementioned GASB Statement, as amended had been complied with, the financial statements of the following component units would have been either blended or discretely presented with the financial statements of the Township, the primary government:

Pennsauken Sewerage Authority 1250 John Tipton Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Pennsauken Free Public Library 5605 N. Crescent Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Pennsauken Garbage District 5605 N. Crescent Blvd. Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110

Merchantville - Pennsauken Water Commission 20 W. Maple Ave.
Merchantville, NJ 08109

Annual financial reports may be inspected directly at the offices of these component units during regular business hours.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - The financial statements of the Township contain all funds and account groups in accordance with the Requirements of Audit (the "Requirements") as promulgated by the State of New Jersey, Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services. The principles and practices established by the Requirements are designed primarily for determining compliance with legal provisions and budgetary restrictions and as a means of reporting on the stewardship of public officials with respect to public funds. Generally, the financial statements are presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting with minor exceptions as mandated by these Requirements. In addition, the prescribed accounting principles previously referred to differ in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to local government units. The more significant differences are explained in this note.

In accordance with the *Requirements*, the Township accounts for its financial transactions through the use of separate funds and an account group which are described as follows:

<u>Current Fund</u> - The current fund accounts for resources and expenditures for governmental operations of a general nature, including federal and state grant funds.

<u>Trust Funds</u> - The various trust funds account for receipts, custodianship, and disbursement of funds in accordance with the purpose for which each reserve was created.

<u>General Capital Fund</u> - The general capital fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of funds for the acquisition of general capital facilities, other than those acquired in the current fund.

<u>Golf Course Utility Operating and Capital Funds</u> - The golf course utility operating and capital funds account for the operations and acquisition of capital facilities of the municipally owned golf course operations.

<u>General Fixed Asset Group of Accounts</u> - The general fixed asset group of accounts is utilized to account for property, land, buildings, and equipment that have been acquired by other governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The Township must adopt an annual budget for its current and golf course utility funds in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4 et seq. N.J.S.A. 40A:4-5 requires the governing body to introduce and approve the annual municipal budget no later than February 10 of each year. At introduction, the governing body shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper published and circulating in the municipality. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the governing body may, by majority vote, adopt the budget or may amend the budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4-9. Amendments to adopted budgets, if any, are detailed in the statements of revenues and expenditures.

An extension of the statutory dates for introduction, approval, and adoption of the municipal budget may be granted by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services, with the permission of the Local Finance Board.

Budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Township's financial statements.

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash on deposit with public depositories. All certificates of deposit are recorded as cash regardless of the date of maturity. Investments are stated at cost; therefore, unrealized gains or losses on investments have not been recorded.

New Jersey municipal units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units. In addition, other State statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local authorities and other state agencies.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The cash management plan adopted by the Township requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Act.

<u>Interfunds</u> - Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed. Interfund receivables in the current fund are recorded with offsetting reserves which are created by charges to operations. Income is recognized in the year the receivables are liquidated. Interfund receivables in the other funds are not offset by reserves.

<u>Inventories of Supplies</u> - The costs of inventories of supplies for all funds are recorded as expenditures at the time individual items are purchased. The costs of inventories are not included on the various statements of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance.

General Fixed Assets - Accounting for governmental fixed assets, as required by N.J.A.C. 5:30-5.6, differs in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In accordance with the regulations, all local units, including municipalities, must maintain a general fixed assets reporting system that establishes and maintains a physical inventory of nonexpendable, tangible property as defined and limited by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Part 200, §200.12), except that the useful life of such property is at least five years. The Township has adopted a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.00, the maximum amount allowed by the Circular. Generally, assets are valued at historical cost; however, assets acquired prior to December 31, 1985 are valued at actual historical cost or estimated historical cost. No depreciation of general fixed assets is recorded. Donated general fixed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the transaction. Interest costs relative to the acquisition of general fixed assets are recorded as expenditures when paid. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks and drainage systems are not capitalized. Expenditures for construction in progress are recorded in the capital funds until such time as the construction is completed and put into operation. The Township is required to maintain a subsidiary ledger detailing fixed assets records to control additions, retirements, and transfers of fixed assets. In addition, a statement of general fixed asset group of accounts, reflecting the activity for the year, must be included in the Township's basic financial statements.

<u>General Fixed Assets (Cont'd)</u> - The regulations require that general fixed assets, whether constructed or acquired through purchase, grant or gift be included in the aforementioned inventory. In addition, property management standards must be maintained that include accurate records indicating asset description, source, ownership, acquisition cost and date, the percentage of Federal participation (if any), and the location, use, and condition of the asset. Periodically, physical inventories must be taken and reconciled with these records. Lastly, all fixed assets must be adequately controlled to safeguard against loss, damage, or theft.

<u>Utility Fixed Assets</u> - Property and equipment purchased by a utility fund are recorded in the utility capital account at cost and are adjusted for disposition and abandonment. The amounts shown do not represent replacement cost or current value. The reserve for amortization and deferred reserve for amortization accounts in the utility capital fund represent charges to operations for the cost of acquisition of property and equipment, improvements, and contributed capital.

<u>Foreclosed Property</u> - Foreclosed property is recorded in the current fund at the assessed valuation when such property was acquired and is fully reserved. Ordinarily it is the intention of the municipality to resell foreclosed property in order to recover all or a portion of the delinquent taxes or assessments and to return the property to a taxpaying basis. For this reason the value of foreclosed property has not been included in the general fixed asset group of accounts. If such property is converted to a municipal use, it will be recorded in the general fixed asset group of accounts.

<u>Deferred Charges</u> - The recognition of certain expenditures is deferred to future periods. These expenditures, or deferred charges, are generally overexpenditures of legally adopted budget appropriations or emergency appropriations made in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:4-46 et seq. Deferred charges are subsequently raised as items of appropriation in budgets of succeeding years.

<u>Liens Sold for Other Governmental Units</u> - Liens sold on behalf of other governmental units are not recorded on the records of the tax collector until such liens are collected. Upon their collection, such liens are recorded as a liability due to the governmental unit net of the costs of the initial sale. The related costs of sale are recognized as revenue when received.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - Fund balances included in the current fund and golf course utility operating fund represent amounts available for anticipation as revenue in future years' budgets, with certain restrictions.

Revenues - Revenues are recorded when received in cash except for certain amounts which are due from other governmental units. Revenue from federal and state grants is realized when anticipated as such in the Township's budget. Receivables for property taxes are recorded with offsetting reserves on the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance of the Township's current fund; accordingly, such amounts are not recorded as revenue until collected. Other amounts that are due to the Township which are susceptible to accrual are also recorded as receivables with offsetting reserves and recorded as revenue when received.

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> - Property tax revenues are collected in quarterly installments due February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1. The amount of tax levied includes not only the amount required in support of the Township's annual budget, but also the amounts required in support of the budgets of the County of Camden, the Township of Pennsauken School District, and the Township of Pennsauken Garbage District. Unpaid property taxes are subject to tax sale in accordance with the statutes.

<u>School Taxes</u> - The Township is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting school taxes for the Township of Pennsauken School District. Operations is charged for the full amount required to be raised from taxation to operate the local school district for the period from January 1 to December 31.

<u>County Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting county taxes for the County of Camden. County taxes are determined on a calendar year by the County Board of Taxation based upon the ratables required to be certified to them on January 10 of each year. Operations is charged for the amount due to the County for the year, based upon the ratables required to be certified to the County Board of Taxation by January 10 of the current year. In addition, operations is charged for the County share of added and omitted taxes certified to the County Board of Taxation by October 10 of the current year, and due to be paid to the County by February 15 of the following year.

<u>Garbage District Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting, and remitting garbage district taxes for the Township of Pennsauken Garbage District. Operations is charged for the full amount required to be raised from taxation to operate the Garbage District for the period from January 1 to December 31.

<u>Library Taxes</u> - The municipality is responsible for levying, collecting and remitting library taxes for the Pennsauken Public Library. The amount of the library tax is a separate local levy tax and is remitted to the Library through the municipal budget.

Reserve for Uncollected Taxes - The inclusion of the "reserve for uncollected taxes" appropriation in the Township's annual budget protects the Township from taxes not paid currently. The reserve, the minimum amount of which is determined on the percentage of collections experienced in the immediate preceding year, with certain exceptions, is required to provide assurance that cash collected in the current year will provide sufficient cash flow to meet expected obligations.

Expenditures - Expenditures are recorded on the "budgetary" basis of accounting. Generally, expenditures are recorded when paid. However, for charges to amounts appropriated for "other expenses", an amount is encumbered through the issuance of a numerically controlled purchase order or when a contract is executed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:30-5.2. When encumbered charges are paid, the amount encumbered is simultaneously liquidated in its original amount. Encumbrances are offset by an account entitled reserve for encumbrances. The reserve is classified as a cash liability under New Jersey municipal accounting. At December 31, this reserve represents the portion of appropriation reserves that has been encumbered and is subject to the same statutory provisions as appropriation reserves.

Appropriations for principal payments on outstanding general capital and utility bonds and notes are provided on the cash basis; interest on general capital indebtedness is on the cash basis, whereas interest on utility indebtedness is on the accrual basis.

<u>Appropriation Reserves</u> - Appropriation reserves covering unexpended appropriation balances are automatically created at year-end and recorded as liabilities, except for amounts which may be canceled by the governing body. Appropriation reserves are available, until lapsed at the close of the succeeding year, to meet specific claims, commitments, or contracts incurred during the preceding year. Lapsed appropriation reserves are recorded as income.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt, relative to the acquisition of capital assets, is recorded as a liability in the general capital and utility capital funds. Where an improvement is a "local Improvement", i.e. assessable upon completion, long-term debt associated with that portion of the cost of the improvement to be funded by assessments is transferred to the trust fund upon the confirmation of the assessments or when the improvement is fully and permanently funded.

<u>Compensated Absences and Postemployment Benefits</u> - Compensated absences for vacation, sick leave and other compensated absences are recorded and provided for in the annual budget in the year in which they are paid, on a pay-as-you-go basis. Likewise, no accrual is made for postemployment benefits, if any, which are also funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Note 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Township does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000.00 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the municipality in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled agency funds such as salary withholdings, bail funds, or funds that may pass to the municipality relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized.

As of December 31, 2020, the Township's bank balances of \$18,523,464.91 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured by FDIC and GUDPA	\$ 14,008,129.29
Uninsured and Uncollateralized	4,515,335.62
Total	\$ 18,523,464.91

New Jersey Cash Management Fund - During the year, the Township participated in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. The Fund is governed by regulations of the State Investment Council, who prescribe standards designed to insure the quality of investments in order to minimize risk to the Funds participants. Deposits with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund are not subject to custodial credit risk as defined above. At December 31, 2020, the Township's deposits with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund were \$225,932.09.

Note 3: PROPERTY TAXES

The following is a five-year comparison of certain statistical information relative to property taxes and property tax collections for the current and previous four calendar years:

	Year Ended									
		<u> 2020</u>	<u>2</u>	<u> 2019</u>	2	<u>2018</u>	2	<u>2017</u>	<u>.</u>	<u> 2016</u>
Tax Rate	\$	3.735	\$	3.773	\$	3.789	\$	3.793	\$	3.725
Apportionment of Tax Rate: Municipal Municipal Library County Local School	\$.926 .035 .832 1.757	\$.930 .034 .856 1.771	\$.934 .033 .866 1.777	\$.936 .035 .902 1.744	\$.941 .034 .880 1.697
Special District Tax: Garbage District		.185		.182		.179		.176		.173

Note 3: PROPERTY TAXES (CONT'D)

Five-year comparison of certain statistical information relative to property taxes and property tax collections for the current and previous four calendar years (cont'd):

Assessed Valuation

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
2020	\$ 2,352,369,818.0	0
2019	2,351,677,129.0	0
2018	2,345,603,985.0	0
2017	2,350,051,566.0	0
2016	2,346,443,560.0	0

Comparison of Tax Levies and Collections

Year	Tax Levy	Collections	Percentage of Collections
2020	\$ 88,084,695.05	\$ 86,216,401.87	97.88%
2019	88,835,724.61	86,485,499.02	97.35%
2018	89,080,988.24	86,773,547.51	97.41%
2017	89,210,383.37	86,837,597.26	97.34%
2016	87,601,004.42	85,279,951.27	97.35%

Delinquent Taxes and Tax Title Liens

<u>Year</u>	Tax Title <u>Liens</u>	Delinquent <u>Taxes</u>	Total <u>Delinquent</u>	Percentage of Tax Levy
2020	\$ 854,740.26	\$ 1,644,184.05	\$ 2,498,924.31	2.84%
2019	756,700.72	2,273,600.43	3,030,301.15	3.41%
2018	790,542.82	2,088,145.37	2,878,688.19	3.23%
2017	699,159.21	2,234,429.00	2,933,588.21	3.29%
2016	805,606.71	2,122,541.21	2,928,147.92	3.34%

The following comparison is made of the number of tax title liens receivable on December 31 for the current and previous four calendar years:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number</u>
2020	57
2019	54
2018	61
2017	54
2016	63

Note 4: PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY TAX TITLE LIEN LIQUIDATION

The value of property acquired by liquidation of tax title liens on December 31, on the basis of the last assessed valuation of such properties, for the current and previous four years was as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 7,213,200.00
2019	7,213,200.00
2018	7,282,300.00
2017	2,550,800.00
2016	2,550,800.00

Note 5: MUNICIPAL ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE

When owners do not maintain their properties in accordance with Township ordinances, assessments are imposed for the maintenance of the property. The balance due for the current and previous four years was as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 68,657.88
2019	96,652.99
2018	112,814.05
2017	21,789.00
2016	21,789.00

Note 6: MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2020, the Township has loans receivable recorded in the Trust Other Funds from various families that were granted funds for the purposes of property improvements under the Township's housing rehabilitation program. The term of the loans call for an interest rate of one percent and principal to be repaid monthly over two-hundred and forty months or at the time the property is sold or title transferred, which is decided by the family at the inception of the loan. Some of the loans are to be repaid on a monthly basis and others are to be repaid at the time of the sale or title transfer. The balance of these loans at December 31, 2020 was \$8,983.25.

Note 7: FUND BALANCES APPROPRIATED

The following schedules detail the amount of fund balances available at the end of the current year and four previous years and the amounts utilized in the subsequent year's budgets:

<u>Year</u>	Balance <u>December 31,</u>	Utilized in Budget of Succeeding Year	of Fund <u>Balance Used</u>
2020	\$ 6,202,499.92	\$ 2,500,000.00	40.31%
2019	7,390,924.48	2,810,000.00	38.02%
2018	7,271,327.09	1,197,500.00	16.47%
2017	5,756,232.25	1,022,500.00	17.76%
2016	3,805,698.78	200,000.00	5.26%

Note 7: FUND BALANCES APPROPRIATED (CONT'D)

Golf Course Utility Fund

<u>Year</u>	<u>De</u>	Balance ecember 31,	Utilized in Budget of ceeding Year	Percentage of Fund <u>Balance Used</u>
2020	\$	439,066.65	\$ 237,500.00	54.09%
2019		313,918.51	140,000.00	44.60%
2018		117,757.57	62,720.00	53.26%
2017		119,521.02	20,000.00	16.73%
2016		74,345.01	35,000.00	47.08%

Note 8: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following interfund balances were recorded on the various statements of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance as of December 31, 2020:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfunds <u>Receivable</u>	Interfunds <u>Payable</u>
Current	\$ 43,622.65	\$ 1,287,141.77
Federal and State Grant	0.01	43,622.65
Trust - Animal Control	166.82	15,000.00
Trust - Other	189,931.20	11,684.28
General Capital	1,084,693.27	16,745.01
Golf Course Utility - Operating	53,404.76	499.39
Golf Course Utility - Capital	2,874.39	
	\$ 1,374,693.10	\$ 1,374,693.10

The interfund receivables and payables above predominately resulted from collections and payments made by certain funds on behalf of other funds. During the year 2021, the Township expects to liquidate such interfunds, depending upon the availability of cash flow.

Note 9: PENSION PLANS

A substantial number of the Township's employees participate in one of the following defined benefit pension plans: the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS") and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System ("PFRS"), which are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. In addition, certain Township employees may be eligible to participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program ("DCRP"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. This Plan is administered by Prudential Financial for the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. Each Plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about the PERS and PFRS plans' fiduciary net position which can be obtained by writing to or at the following website:

State of New Jersey
Division of Pensions and Benefits
P.O. Box 295
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295
https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS' designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the Township, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pensions fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund. The PERS' Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PERS.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The Police and Firemen's Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established as of July 1, 1944, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:16A. The PFRS' designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PFRS is mandatory for substantially all full-time police and firemen of the Township. The PFRS' Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PFRS.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program is a multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund established on July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007, and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.). The DCRP is a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 401(a) et seq., and is a "governmental plan" within the meaning of IRC § 414(d). The DCRP provides retirement benefits for eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Individuals covered under DCRP are employees enrolled in PERS on or after July 1, 2007, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees enrolled in New Jersey State Police Retirement System (SPRS) or the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) after May 21, 2010, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS on or after November 2, 2008, who do not earn the minimum annual salary for tier 3 enrollment but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually; and employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS after May 21, 2010 who do not work the minimum number of hours per week required for tiers 4 or 5 enrollment, but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of the PERS.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 21, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll after May 21, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 with 25 years or more of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. The PFRS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except disability benefits, which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Vesting and Benefit Provisions (Cont'd)

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - Eligible members are provided with a defined contribution retirement plan intended to qualify for favorable Federal income tax treatment under IRC Section 401(a), a noncontributory group life insurance plan and a noncontributory group disability benefit plan. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employee contributions shall immediately become and shall at all times remain fully vested and non-forfeitable. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employer contributions shall be vested and non-forfeitable on the date the participant commences the second year of employment or upon his or her attainment of age 65, while employed by an employer, whichever occurs first.

Contributions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of P.L. 2011, C. 78, the member contribution rate is currently 7.50% of base salary, effective July 1, 2018. The rate for members who are eligible for the Prosecutors Part of PERS (P.L. 2001, C. 366) is 10.0%. Employers' contributions are based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

The Township's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2020 was 15.82% of the Township's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, including an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2020, the Township's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 is \$1,213,325.00, and is payable by April 1, 2021. Due to the basis of accounting described in note 1, no liability has been recorded in the financial statements for this amount. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2019, the Township's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$1,010,292.00, which was paid on April 1, 2020.

Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$593,105.12.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The contribution policy for PFRS is set by N.J.S.A 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of P.L. 2011, C. 78, the member contribution rate is currently 10.0% of base salary. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's contribution amount is based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Contributions (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (Cont'd) - Special Funding Situation Component - Under N.J.S.A. 43:16A-15, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. The legislation, which legally obligates the State, is as follows: Chapter 8, P.L. 2000, Chapter 318, P.L. 2001, Chapter 86, P.L. 2001, Chapter 511, P.L. 1991, Chapter 109, P.L. 1979, Chapter 247, P.L. 1993 and Chapter 201, P.L. 2001. The amounts contributed on behalf of the local participating employers under this legislation is considered to be a *special funding situation* as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the Plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to disclose in the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers related to this legislation.

The Township's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2020 was 31.88% of the Township's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2020, the Township's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 is \$2,850,880.00, and is payable by April 1, 2021. Due to the basis of accounting described in note 1, no liability has been recorded in the financial statements for this amount. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2019, the Township's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$2,655,084.00, which was paid on April 1, 2020.

Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$921,016.94.

The amount of contractually required contribution for the State of New Jersey's proportionate share, associated with the Township, for the year ended December 31, 2020 was 4.40% of the Township's covered payroll.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2020, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Township, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$393,777.00, and is payable by April 1, 2021. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2019, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Township, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$342,237.00, which was paid on April 1, 2020.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-3 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, Plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. In addition to the employee contributions, the Township contributes 3% of the employees' base salary, for each pay period, to Prudential Financial not later than the fifth business day after the date on which the employee is paid for that pay period.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no Township employees participating in this plan.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Public Employees' Retirement System

Pension Liability - As of December 31, 2020, the Township's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability was \$18,086,901.00. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The Township's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Township's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Township's proportion was .1109123346%, which was an increase of .0070482086% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Pension Expense - For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Township's proportionate share of the PERS pension (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date was \$758,565.00. This (benefit) expense is not recognized by the Township because of the regulatory basis of accounting as described in note 1; however, as previously mentioned, for the year ended December 31, 2020, the Township's contribution to PERS was \$1,010,292.00, and was paid on April 1, 2020.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System

Pension Liability - As of December 31, 2020, the Township's and State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability were as follows:

Township's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 32,973,586.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability Associated with the Township	5,117,350.00
	\$ 38,090,936.00

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The Township's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Township's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State of New Jersey, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Township's proportion was .2551874666%, which was a decrease of .0076633549% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. Likewise, at June 30, 2020, the State of New Jersey's proportion, on-behalf of the Township, was .2551874666%, which was a decrease of .2551874666% from its proportion, on-behalf of the Township, measured as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)</u>

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (Cont'd)

Pension Expense - For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Township's proportionate share of the PFRS pension (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date was \$1,148,882.00. This (benefit) expense is not recognized by the Township because of the regulatory basis of accounting as described in note 1; however, as previously mentioned, for the year ended December 31, 2020, the Township's contribution to PFRS was \$2,655,084.00, and was paid on April 1, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the State's proportionate share of the PFRS pension (benefit) expense, associated with the Township, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, was \$579,949.00. This on-behalf (benefit) expense is not recognized by the Township because of the regulatory basis of accounting as described in note 1.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - As of December 31, 2020, the Township had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>	PERS	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 329,333.00	\$ 332,430.00	\$ 661,763.00	\$ 63,963.00	\$ 118,338.00	\$ 182,301.00	
Changes of Assumptions	586,760.00	82,978.00	669,738.00	7,573,157.00	8,840,021.00	16,413,178.00	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	618,225.00	1,933,396.00	2,551,621.00	-	-	-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Township Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	1,576,777.00	495,535.00	2,072,312.00	17,908.00	2,107,502.00	2,125,410.00	
Township Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	606,663.00	1,425,440.00	2,032,103.00				
	\$ 3,717,758.00	\$ 4,269,779.00	\$ 7,987,537.00	\$ 7,655,028.00	\$ 11,065,861.00	\$ 18,720,889.00	

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - Deferred outflows of resources in the amounts of \$606,663.00 and \$1,425,440.00 for PERS and PFRS, respectively, will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ending December 31, 2021. These amounts were based on an estimated April 1, 2022 contractually required contribution, prorated from the pension plans' measurement date of June 30, 2020 to the Township's year end of December 31, 2020.

The Township will amortize the other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions over the following number of years:

	PERS		PFRS		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected					
and Actual Experience					
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:					
June 30, 2015	5.72	-	-	5.53	
June 30, 2016	5.57	-	-	5.58	
June 30, 2017	5.48	_	5.59	-	
June 30, 2018	-	5.63	5.73	-	
June 30, 2019	5.21	-	_	5.92	
June 30, 2020	5.16	-	5.90	-	
Changes of Assumptions					
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:					
June 30, 2014	6.44	-	6.17	-	
June 30, 2015	5.72	-	5.53	-	
June 30, 2016	5.57	_	5.58	-	
June 30, 2017	_	5.48	-	5.59	
June 30, 2018	_	5.63	_	5.73	
June 30, 2019	_	5.21	_	5.92	
June 30, 2020	_	5.16	_	5.90	
Net Difference between Projected					
and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments					
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:					
June 30, 2016	5.00	-	5.00	-	
June 30, 2017	5.00	-	5.00	-	
June 30, 2018	5.00	-	5.00	-	
June 30, 2019	5.00	-	5.00	-	
June 30, 2020	5.00	-	5.00	-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences					
between Township Contributions and					
Proportionate Share of Contributions Year of Pension Plan Deferral:					
June 30, 2014	6.44	6.44	6.17	6.17	
June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015	5.72	5.72	5.53	5.53	
June 30, 2016	5.72 5.57	5.72 5.57	5.58	5.58	
June 30, 2017	5.48	5.48	5.59	5.59	
June 30, 2017	5.63	5.63	5.73	5.73	
June 30, 2019	5.21	5.03	5.92	5.92	
June 30, 2020	5.16	5.16	5.90	5.90	
•					

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future periods as follows:

Year Ending Dec 31,	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ (1,864,066.00)	\$ (3,508,487.00)	\$ (5,372,553.00)
2022	(1,660,105.00)	(2,521,861.00)	(4,181,966.00)
2023	(803,752.00)	(1,089,816.00)	(1,893,568.00)
2024	(161,800.00)	(393,219.00)	(555,019.00)
2025	(54,210.00)	(708, 139.00)	(762,349.00)
	\$ (4,543,933.00)	\$ (8,221,522.00)	\$ (12,765,455.00)

Actuarial Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>
Inflation Rate:		
Price	2.75%	2.75%
Wage	3.25%	3.25%
Salary Increases: (1)		
Through 2026	2.00% - 6.00%	
Thereafter	3.00% - 7.00%	
Through All Future Years		3.25% - 15.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial		
Assumptions were Based	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018	July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018

⁽¹⁾ based on years of service

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

Public Employees' Retirement System

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2020.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Employee mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree Below-Median Income Weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and 96.0% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. For beneficiaries (contingent annuitants), the Pub-2010 General Retiree Below-Median Income Weighted mortality table was used, unadjusted, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2020.

For both PERS and PFRS, in accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2020) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' and PFRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the table that follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	7.71%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.57%
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.23%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.42%
Real Assets	3.00%	9.73%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.56%
High Yield	2.00%	5.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.59%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	2.67%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	1.94%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.40%
	100.00%	

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

Discount Rate -

Public Employees' Retirement System - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2020. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.21% as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers would be based on 78% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2020. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.21% as of June 30, 2020 measurement date based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 78% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Township's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - The following presents the Township's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Township's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

		PERS	
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,768,391.00	\$ 18,086,901.00	\$ 14,114,529.00

Sensitivity of Township's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) - As previously mentioned, PFRS has a special funding situation, where the State of New Jersey pays a portion of the Township's annual required contribution. As such, the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, for the Township and the State of New Jersey, calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used, is as follows:

		PFRS	
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 43,848,083.00	\$ 32,973,586.00	\$ 23,941,486.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	0.005.000.00	5 447 050 00	0.745.040.00
associated with the Township	 6,805,023.00	5,117,350.00	 3,715,610.00
	\$ 50,653,106.00	\$ 38,090,936.00	\$ 27,657,096.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension (benefit) expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the PERS and PFRS and additions to/deductions from PERS and PFRS' respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS and PFRS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Supplementary Pension Information

In accordance with GASBS 68, the following information is also presented for the PERS and PFRS pension plans. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Last Eight Plan Years)

		Measurement Date Ended June 30,				
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1109123346%	0.1038641260%	0.1028952196%	0.1017434065%		
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,086,901.00	\$ 18,714,740.00	\$ 20,259,556.00	\$ 23,684,239.00		
Township's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$ 8,036,980.00	\$ 7,376,924.00	\$ 7,202,384.00	\$ 6,959,932.00		
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	225.05%	253.69%	281.29%	340.29%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	58.32%	56.27%	53.60%	48.10%		
		Measurement Date	e Ended June 30,			
	<u>2016</u>	Measurement Date	e Ended June 30, 2014	<u>2013</u>		
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2016 0.1010490132%		•	2013 0.1029114824%		
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		<u>2015</u>	2014			
, ,	0.1010490132%	2015 0.1019301596%	2014 0.1066554322%	0.1029114824%		
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.1010490132% \$ 29,917,819.00	2015 0.1019301596% \$ 22,881,278.00	2014 0.1066554322% \$ 19,968,814.00	0.1029114824% \$ 19,668,429.00		

Supplementary Pension Information (Cont'd)

Schedule of the Township's Contributions - Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Last Eight Years)

	Year Ended December 31,							
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Township's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,213,325.00	\$	1,010,292.00	\$	1,023,475.00	\$	942,544.00
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	(1,213,325.00)	\$	(1,010,292.00)		(1,023,475.00)		(942,544.00)
Township's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Township's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	7,670,452.00	\$	7,829,086.00	\$	7,491,595.00	\$	7,305,606.00
Township's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		15.82%		12.90%		13.66%		12.90%
	_			Year Ended [)ece	ember 31,		
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Township's Contractually Required Contribution								
,	\$	897,705.00	\$	876,326.00	\$	879,252.00	\$	775,417.00
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 	897,705.00 (897,705.00)	\$	876,326.00 (876,326.00)	\$	879,252.00 (879,252.00)	\$	775,417.00
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually	\$ \$		\$		\$	·	\$	·
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	_		_			·		·

Supplementary Pension Information (Cont'd)

Schedule of the Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (Last Eight Plan Years)

		Measurement Date	e Ended June 30,	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.2551874666%	0.2628508215%	0.2590877011%	0.2692835362%
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 32,973,586.00	\$ 32,167,207.00	\$ 35,058,837.00	\$ 41,572,172.00
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the Township	5,117,350.00	5,079,263.00	4,762,163.00	4,656,433.00
Total	\$ 38,090,936.00	\$ 37,246,470.00	\$ 39,821,000.00	\$ 46,228,605.00
Township's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$ 8,950,180.00	\$ 8,874,876.00	\$ 8,595,364.00	\$ 8,640,576.00
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	368.41%	362.45%	407.88%	481.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	63.52%	65.00%	62.48%	58.60%
		Measurement Date	e Ended June 30,	
	<u>2016</u>	Measurement Date	e Ended June 30, 2014	<u>2013</u>
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2016 0.2768757032%		,	2013 0.2968137408%
Township's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		<u>2015</u>	2014	
	0.2768757032%	2015 0.2699374696%	2014 0.2896178346%	0.2968137408%
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.2768757032%	2015 0.2699374696% \$ 44,962,173.00	2014 0.2896178346% \$ 36,431,237.00	0.2968137408% \$ 39,458,708.00
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the Township	0.2768757032% \$ 52,890,342.00 4,441,477.00	2015 0.2699374696% \$ 44,962,173.00 3,943,032.00	2014 0.2896178346% \$ 36,431,237.00 3,932,032.00	0.2968137408% \$ 39,458,708.00 3,678,031.00
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the Township Total	0.2768757032% \$ 52,890,342.00 4,441,477.00 \$ 57,331,819.00	2015 0.2699374696% \$ 44,962,173.00 3,943,032.00 \$ 48,905,205.00	2014 0.2896178346% \$ 36,431,237.00 3,932,032.00 \$ 40,363,269.00	0.2968137408% \$ 39,458,708.00 3,678,031.00 \$ 43,136,739.00

Supplementary Pension Information (Cont'd)

Schedule of the Township's Contributions - Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (Last Eight Years)

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Township's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,850,880.00	\$	2,655,084.00	\$	2,532,964.00	\$	2,383,209.00
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(2,850,880.00)		(2,655,084.00)		(2,532,964.00)		(2,383,209.00)
Township's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Township's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	8,942,106.00	\$	8,818,197.00	\$	8,943,603.00	\$	8,642,661.00
Township's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		31.88%		30.11%		28.32%		27.57%
				Year Ended D)ece	ember 31,		
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Township's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,257,480.00	\$	2,194,189.00	\$	2,224,465.00	\$	2,165,487.00
Township's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(2,257,480.00)		(2,194,189.00)		(2,224,465.00)		(2,165,487.00)
Township's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	
Township's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	8,472,342.00	\$	8,672,192.00	\$	8,708,801.00	\$	8,944,369.00

Other Notes to Supplementary Pension Information

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms

The June 30, 2020 measurement date included two changes to the plan provisions. Chapter 157, P.L. 2019 expanded the definition of regular or assigned duties for purposes of accidental disability. The Division of Pension and Benefits (DPB) also adopted a new policy regarding the crediting of interest on member contributions for the purpose of refund of accumulated deductions.

Supplementary Pension Information (Cont'd)

Other Notes to Supplementary Pension Information (Cont'd)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Cont'd)

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used as of June 30 measurement date is as follows:

Year Rate		<u>Rate</u> <u>Year</u>		
2020	7.00%	2016	3.98%	
2019	6.28%	2015	4.90%	
2018	5.66%	2014	5.39%	
2017	5.00%			

The long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30 measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u> <u>Rate</u>		<u>Rate</u>		
2020	7.00%	2016	7.65%		
2019	7.00%	2015	7.90%		
2018 2017	7.00% 7.00%	2014	7.90%		
2017	7.0076				

The mortality assumption was updated upon direction from the DPB.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms

None

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used as of June 30 measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u> <u>Rate</u>		Rate Year			
2020	7.00%	2016	5.55%		
2019	6.85%	2015	5.79%		
2018	6.51%	2014	6.32%		
2017	6.14%				

The long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30 measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2020	7.00%	2016	7.65%
2019	7.00%	2015	7.90%
2018	7.00%	2014	7.90%
2017	7.00%		

The mortality assumption was updated upon direction from the DPB.

In May of 2021, the New Jersey Division of Local Government Services issued Local Finance Notice 2021-10 which allows local units to disclose the most recently available information as it relates to the New Jersey Division of Pension's reporting on GASBS No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions*. As of the date of this report, the information for the measurement period ended June 30, 2020 was not available; therefore, the information from the measurement period June 30, 2019 is disclosed below.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided - The Township contributes to the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan (the "Plan"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. It covers employees of local government employers that have adopted a resolution to participate in the Plan. The Plan meets the definition of an equivalent arrangement as defined in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB Statement No. 75); therefore, assets are accumulated to pay associated benefits. For additional information about the Plan, please refer to the State of New Jersey (the State), Division of Pensions and Benefits' (the Division) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

The Plan provides medical and prescription drug to retirees and their covered dependents of the participating employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees. Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer; at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations agreement.

In accordance with Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, which is codified in N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32i, the State provides medical and prescription coverage to local police officers and firefighters, who retire with 25 years of service or on a disability from an employer who does not provide postretirement medical coverage. Local employers were required to file a resolution with the Division in order for their employees to qualify for State-paid retiree health benefits coverage under Chapter 330. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L.1989.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Cont'd)

Contributions - The funding policy for the OPEB plan is pay-as-you-go; therefore, there is no prefunding of the liability. However, due to premium rates being set prior to each calendar year, there is a minimal amount of net position available to cover benefits in future years. Contributions to pay for the health benefit premiums of participating employees in the OPEB plan are collected from the State of New Jersey, participating local employers, and retired members.

The Township was billed monthly by the Plan and paid \$27,332.04, for the year ended December 31, 2019, representing .16% of the Township's covered payroll. During the year ended December 31, 2019, retirees were not required to contribute to the Plan.

Special Funding Situation Component - The State of New Jersey makes contributions to cover those employees eligible under Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, as disclosed below. Local employers remit employer contributions on a monthly basis. Retired member contributions are generally received on a monthly basis. Partially funded benefits are also available to local police officers and firefighters who retire with 25 years of service or on disability from an employer who does not provide coverage under the provisions of Chapter 330, P.L. 1997. Upon retirement, these individuals must enroll in the OPEB plan.

Under Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, the State shall pay the premium or periodic charges for the qualified local police and firefighter retirees and dependents equal to 80% of the premium or periodic charge for the category of coverage elected by the qualified retiree under the State managed care plan or a health maintenance organization participating in the program providing the lowest premium or periodic charge. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L.1989.

Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the Plan, there is no net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers related to this legislation. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that is associated with the local participating employer.

The amount of actual contributions to the OPEB Plan made by the State, on-behalf of the Township, is not known, however, under the Special Funding Situation, the State's OPEB (benefit) expense, on-behalf of the Township, is \$223,577.00 for the year ended December 31, 2019 representing 1.34% of the Township's covered payroll.

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

OPEB Liability - At December 31, 2019 the Township's and State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability were as follows:

Township's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability \$ 484,543.00

State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Township

16,867,035.00

\$ 17,351,578.00

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019.

The Township's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. For the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the Township's proportion was 0.003577% which was a decrease of (.001251%) from its proportion measured as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

The State's proportion of the net OPEB liability, on-behalf of the Township was based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's special funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. For the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the State's proportion on-behalf of the Township was 0.305246% which was a decrease of (0.014996%) from its proportion measured as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

OPEB (Benefit) Expense - At December 31, 2019, the Township's proportionate share of the OPEB (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date is (\$51,774.00). This (benefit) expense is not recognized by the Township because of the regulatory basis of accounting as described in note 1; however, as previously mentioned, for the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township made contributions to the Plan totaling \$27,332.04.

At December 31, 2019, the State's proportionate share of the OPEB (benefit) expense, associated with the Township, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date is \$223,577.00. This onbehalf (benefit) expense is not recognized by the Township because of the regulatory basis of accounting as described in note 1.

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - At December 31, 2019, the Township had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	s Inflows		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience			\$	141,699.00	
Changes of Assumptions				171,711.00	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	399.00			
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Township Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		10,607.00		318,147.00	
Township Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		15,943.69			
	\$	26,949.69	\$	631,557.00	

\$15,943.69 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Township's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the Township's net OPEB liability during the year ending December 31, 2020.

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - The Township will amortize the above other deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected		
and Actual Experience		
June 30, 2017	-	-
June 30, 2018	-	8.14
June 30, 2019	-	8.05
Changes of Assumptions		
Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2017	-	8.04
June 30, 2018	-	8.14
June 30, 2019	-	8.05
Net Difference between Projected		
and Actual Earnings on OPEB		
Plan Investments		
Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2017	5.00	-
June 30, 2018	5.00	-
June 30, 2019	5.00	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences		
between Township Contributions and		
Proportionate Share of Contributions		
Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2017	8.04	8.04
June 30, 2018	8.14	8.14
June 30, 2019	8.05	8.05

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability will be recognized in future periods as follows:

Year Ending Dec. 31,	
2020	\$ (98,238.00)
2021	(98,238.00)
2022	(98,270.00)
2023	(98,320.00)
2024	(98,367.00)
Thereafter	 (129,118.00)
	\$ (620,551.00)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan in which the member is enrolled. The actuarial valuation at June 30, 2019 used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Salary Increases *

PERS:

Initial Fiscal Year Applied:

Rate Through 2026 2.00% to 6.00% Rate Thereafter 3.00% to 7.00%

PFRS:

Rate for all Years 3.25% to 15.25%

PERS mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational morality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019.

PFRS mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Safety classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational morality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the PFRS and PERS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018, respectively.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

^{*} Salary Increases are Based on Years of Service Within the Respective Plan

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

All of the Plan's investments are in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("CMF"). The New Jersey Division of Investments manages the CMF, which is available on a voluntary basis for investment by State and certain non-State participants. The CMF is considered to be an investment trust fund as defined in GASB Statement No. 31, Certain Investments and External Investment Pools. The CMF invests in U.S. Government and Agency Obligations, Commercial Paper, Corporate Obligations and Certificates of Deposit. Units of ownership in the CMF may be purchased or redeemed on any given business day (excluding State holidays) are the unit cost of value of \$1.00. Participant shares are valued on a fair value basis. The CMF pay interest to participants on a monthly basis.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the OPEB Liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Health Care Trend Assumptions - For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially 5.7% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2020 are reflected. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 7.5% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after eight years.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As previously mentioned, the OPEB Plan has a special funding situation where the State of New Jersey pays a portion of the Township's contributions for certain eligible employees. As such, the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, the Plan's measurement date, for the Township and the State of New Jersey, calculated using a discount rate of 3.50%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used, is as follows:

	1% Decrease <u>(2.50%)</u>	Current Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase <u>(4.50%)</u>
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 560,255.00	\$ 484,543.00	\$ 423,017.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Township	19,502,583.00	16,867,035.00	14,725,304.00
	\$ 20,062,838.00	\$ 17,351,578.00	\$ 15,148,321.00

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The Township's and State's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2019, the Plan's measurement date, using a healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate used, is as follows:

	1% <u>Decrease</u>	 ealthcare Cost <u>Trend Rates</u>	1% <u>Increase</u>
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 408,895.00	\$ 484,543.00	\$ 581,045.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated	14,233,699.00	 16,867,035.00	20,226,298.00
with the Township	\$ 14,642,594.00	\$ 17,351,578.00	\$ 20,807,343.00

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB (benefit) expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. Accordingly, contributions (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about the Plan, please refer to the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

Supplementary OPEB Information

In accordance with GASBS No. 75, the following information is also presented for the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Township's Proportionate Share of the net OPEB Liability (Last Three Plan Years)

	Measurement Date Ended June 30,					
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Township's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.003577%		0.004828%		0.004766%
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	484,543.00	\$	756,384.00	\$	973,016.00
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Township		16,867,035.00		19,899,340.00		29,427,653.00
Total	\$	17,351,578.00	\$	20,655,724.00	\$	30,400,669.00
Township's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	16,796,818.00	\$	16,210,115.00	\$	15,556,948.00
Township's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.88%		4.67%		6.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.98%		1.97%		1.03%

Schedule of the Township's Contributions (Last Three Years)

	Year Ended December 31,							
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		
Township's Required Contributions	\$	27,332.04	\$	51,339.96	\$	54,275.40		
Township's Contributions in Relation to the Required Contribution		(27,332.04)		(51,339.96)		(54,275.40)		
Township's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$			
Township's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	16,647,283.00	\$	16,435,198.00	\$	15,948,267.00		
Township's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.16%		0.31%		0.34%		

Other Notes to Supplementary OPEB Information

Changes in Benefit Terms

In 2019, there were slight changes to the Chapter 48 provisions.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2019, the discount rate changed to 3.50% from 3.87%, and there were changes in the assumed health care cost trend, PPO/HMO future retiree elections, and excise tax assumptions. Further, decrements, salary scale, and mortality assumptions were updated based on the July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018 PFRS and July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2018 PERS experience studies. For mortality related to PFRS members and retirees, the Pub-2010 "Safety" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019 was used. For mortality related to PERS members and retirees, the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2019 was used.

In 2018, the discount rate changed to 3.87% from 3.58%, there were changes in the census, claims and premiums experience and a decrease in the assumed health care cost trend and excise tax assumptions.

In 2017, the discount rate changed to 3.58% from 2.85%.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description and Benefits Provided - The Township provides postretirement health care benefits through a health plan for retirees and their families, which includes a medical, dental, prescription drug and vision plan. The Township provides a single employer post-employment healthcare plan, which is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of the GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, and covers the following retiree population: eligible retirees who retire from active employment with the Township and who have at least thirty (30) years of service with the Township and are members of the New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and police and fire personnel who retire with at least twenty-five (25) years of service in the Township and have at least twenty-five (25) years of service in the New Jersey Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS). Medical coverage is provided for the retirees and their families; however once Medicare age is attained by the retired employee or their spouse, Medicare is primary and the Township provides supplementary medical insurance benefits. Prescription drugs and dental benefits are provided for retirees and their families. Vision benefits are provided for retired employees. Life insurance is not provided. The plan is administered by the Township; therefore, premium payments are made directly to the insurance carriers. Pursuant to Chapter 78 of P.L. 2011, effective June 28, 2011, retirees are required to contribute for medical and prescription drug benefits. Contributions are not required for employees with at least 20 years in the PERS or PFRS as of the effective date and meet the eligibility requirements of the employer pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40A:10-23 (i.e., age 62 with 15 years or 25 years of service). As of December 31, 2020, no retirees are required to make contributions.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u> - As of December 31, 2020, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	142
Active Employees	206
Total	348

Total OPEB Liability

The Township's total OPEB liability of \$104,081,242.00 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of this same date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> - The following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Mortality - Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table with MP-18 Projection.

Discount Rate – Future costs have been discounted at the rate of 1.91% compounded annually. The rate is based upon the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index which consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years as of December 2020. Eligible bonds are rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating was used. For December 2019, future costs were discounted at the rate of 2.49% compounded annually. For December 2018, future costs were discounted at the rate of 3.64% compounded annually. Prior to 2017, an interest rate of 5% was assumed.

Turnover – Terminations of employment other than for death or retirement will occur in the future in accordance with the State of New Jersey PERS Local Government turnover/withdrawal experience.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONT'D)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Cont'd) -

Disability – The actuary has assumed no terminations of employment due to disability. Retirees resulting from a disability were factored into the determination of age at retirement.

Age at Retirement – Active participants, on average, will receive their benefits when eligible but no earlier than age 60.

Spousal Coverage – Married employees will remain married.

Health Care Cost Inflation – Health care gross costs will increase at an annual rate of 7.0% for Pre-Medicare medical benefits and 5.0% for Post-Medicare medical benefits.

Administration Expenses – Annual cost to administer the retiree claims, approximately 2.0%, is included in the annual health care costs.

Final Average Salary - Final average salary for retirees age 55 and over is \$84,164.00.

The actuary has used their professional judgment in applying these assumptions to this Plan.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2019		\$	74,749,569.00
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	\$1,366,587.00		
Interest Cost	1,825,118.00		
Benefit Payments	(2,903,326.00)		
Changes in Assumptions	16,427,313.00		
Difference between Expected and			
Actual Experience	12,615,981.00		
Net Changes		_	29,331,673.00
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$	104,081,242.00

Changes of benefit terms reflect no increase in the retirees' share of health insurance premiums.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.49% at December 31, 2019 to 1.91% at December 31, 2020. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Bond index rate.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONT'D)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Township, as well as what the Township's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated for using a discount rate that is 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	December 31, 2020							
	1.00% Decrease (0.91%)	Current Discount Rate <u>(1.91%)</u>	1.00% Increase (2.91%)					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 125,682,112.00	\$ 104,081,242.00	\$ 87,259,102.00					

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Township, as well as what the Township's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		December 31, 2020							
	1.00% <u>Decrease</u>	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1.00% Increase						
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 86,093,508.00	\$104,081,242.00	\$127,574,573.00						

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONT'D)

OPEB (Benefit) Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Township recognized OPEB (benefit) expense of \$4,504,381.00.00. As of December 31, 2020, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 21,524,616.25	\$ 3,022,752.00
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	11,564,649.25	7,903,783.00
	\$ 33,089,265.50	\$ 10,926,535.00

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB (benefit) expense as follows:

Year Ending <u>Dec 31,</u>	
2021	\$ 1,312,675.50
2022	1,312,675.50
2023	1,312,675.50
2024	1,312,675.50
2025	1,312,675.50
Thereafter	15,599,353.00
	\$ 22,162,730.50

Supplementary OPEB Information

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the following information is also presented for the Township's OPEB Plan. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONT'D)

Schedule of Changes in the Township's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Last Three Years):

	Plan Measurement Date December 31,					
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost Interest Cost Benefit Payments Changes in Assumptions Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,366,587.00 1,825,118.00 (2,903,326.00) 16,427,313.00 12,615,981.00	\$	1,010,740.00 2,324,482.00 (2,133,411.00) 8,621,662.00	\$	2,032,032.00 2,860,414.00 (2,133,411.00) (4,836,402.00) (12,646,054.00)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Fiscal Year		29,331,673.00		9,823,473.00 64,926,096.00		(14,723,421.00) 79.649.517.00
Total OPEB Liability - End of Fiscal Year	\$	104,081,242.00	\$	74,749,569.00	\$	64,926,096.00
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	20,506,538.41	\$	20,166,668.40	\$	19,738,519.60
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		507.55%		370.66%		328.93%

Other Notes to Supplementary OPEB Information

Changes in Benefit Terms

None

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 2.49% at December 31, 2019 to 1.91% at December 31, 2020.

Note 11: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Non-uniformed Township employees are entitled to fifteen paid sick leave days each year and uniformed employees are entitled to seventeen paid sick leave days each year. Police and fire employees are entitled to seventeen paid sick leave days each year. Unused sick leave may be accumulated and carried forward. Vacation days not used during the year may be accumulated and carried forward; however, only a maximum of one's year unused vacation days may be carried forward. All full-time employees are entitled to three personal holidays, plus fourteen or thirteen holidays depending upon whether they are uniformed or non-uniformed employees respectively. All police and fire employees may carry forward an unlimited number of unused vacation days and holidays but are compensated for a maximum of one hundred upon termination. Permanent part-time employees are entitled to compensated absences; however, regular part-time employees are not compensated for absences.

Only members of the Fraternal Order of Police, Garden State Lodge No. 3 are entitled to payment of unused sick leave upon termination or retirement. This payout is limited to sixty-five (65) days, in combination with unused vacation and holiday time, and is subject to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 11A:6-19.

The Township does not record accrued expenses related to compensated absences. However, it is estimated that, at December 31, 2020, accrued benefits for compensated absences are valued at \$1,882,272.17.

Note 12: DEFERRED COMPENSATION SALARY ACCOUNT

The Township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which has been approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services. The Plan, available to all full time employees at their option, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Amounts deferred under Section 457 plans must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating employees and not be accessible by the Township or its creditors. Since the Township does not have a fiduciary relationship with the Plan, the balances and activities of the Plan are not reported in the Township's financial statements.

Note 13: LEASE OBLIGATIONS

At December 31, 2020, the Township had lease agreements in effect for the following:

Capital: Seventy-eight (78) Golf Carts

Capital Leases - The following is an analysis of the Township's capital leases:

		December 31,			
<u>Description</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Golf Carts	\$	90.849.91	\$ 152.101.99		

The following schedule represents the remaining principal and interest payments, through maturity, for capital leases:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021 2022	\$ 63,620.62 27,229.29	\$ 2,143.58 172.46	\$ 65,764.20 27,401.75
	\$ 90,849.91	\$ 2,316.04	\$ 93,165.95

Note 14: CAPITAL DEBT

General Obligation and Refunding Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 - On August 31, 2011, the Township issued \$12,850,000.00 in general obligation bonds, with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.0%. The purpose of the bonds is to fund various capital ordinances in the Township. The final maturity of the bonds is August 15, 2026.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 - On June 22, 2016, the Township issued \$13,236,000.00 in general obligation bonds, with interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 2.375%. The purpose of the bonds is to fund various capital ordinances in the Township. The final maturity of the bonds is March 1, 2029.

Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 - On June 15, 2017, the Township issued \$4,455,000.00 in refunding bonds, with an interest rate of 1.95%. The purpose of the bonds is to refund a portion of the Township's 2008 General Obligation Bonds. The final maturity of the bonds is September 1, 2023.

Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 - On December 9, 2020, the Township issued \$5,665,000.00 in refunding bonds, with interest rates ranging from .5% to 1.45%. The purpose of the bonds is to refund a portion of the Township's 2011 General Obligation Bonds. The final maturity of the bonds is August 15, 2026.

The following schedule represents the remaining debt service, through maturity, for the general obligation and refunding bonds:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ 2,910,284.00	\$	308,198.11		\$ 3,218,482.11
2022	2,973,861.00		260,217.50		3,234,078.50
2023	3,007,082.00		216,145.00		3,223,227.00
2024	2,150,659.00		169,843.50		2,320,502.50
2025	2,193,880.00		137,414.00		2,331,294.00
2026-2029	 5,611,663.00		220,619.00	_	5,832,282.00
	\$ 18,847,429.00	\$ '	1,312,437.11		\$ 20,159,866.11

Golf Course Utility Debt - General Obligation and Refunding Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 - On June 22, 2016, the Township issued \$1,014,000.00 in general obligation bonds, with interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 2.375%. The purpose of the bonds is to fund various capital ordinances in the Township's golf course utility. The final maturity of the bonds is March 1, 2029.

Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 - On June 15, 2017, the Township issued \$365,000.00 in refunding bonds, with an interest rate of 1.95%. The purpose of the bonds is to refund a portion of the Township's 2008 General Obligation Bonds. The final maturity of the bonds is September 1, 2023.

The following schedule represents the remaining debt service, through maturity, for the general obligation and refunding bonds:

<u>Year</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>			<u>Total</u>
2021	\$	144,716.00	\$	18,647.50	\$	163,363.50
2022	•	146,139.00		15,773.50	·	161,912.50
2023		152,918.00		12,867.50		165,785.50
2024		79,341.00		9,833.00		89,174.00
2025		81,120.00		8,229.00		89,349.00
2026-2029		343,337.00		15,647.00		358,984.00
	\$	947,571.00	\$	80,997.50	\$	1,028,568.50

Note 14: CAPITAL DEBT (CONT'D)

The following schedule represents the Township's summary of debt for the current and two previous years:

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	
Issued						
General: Bonds and Notes Water Utility:	\$	29,432,429.00	\$	29,149,136.00	\$	29,237,267.00
Bonds and Notes (Note A) Golf Course Utility:		5,047,740.41		3,423,249.26		3,989,740.29
Bonds and Notes		947,571.00		1,090,864.00		1,232,733.00
Total Issued		35,427,740.41		33,663,249.26		34,459,740.29
Authorized but not Issued						
Bonds and Notes		576,200.00		5,200.00		6,450.00
Total Authorized but not Issued		576,200.00		5,200.00		6,450.00
Total Issued and Authorized but not Issued		36,003,940.41		33,668,449.26		34,466,190.29
<u>Deductions</u>						
General: Cash Pledged to Payment of Notes Water Utility:		110,000.00				
Self-Liquidating (Note A) Golf Course Utility:		5,047,740.41		3,423,249.26		3,989,740.29
Self-Liquidating		947,571.00		1,090,864.00		1,232,733.00
Total Deductions		6,105,311.41		4,514,113.26		5,222,473.29
Net Debt	\$	29,898,629.00	\$	29,154,336.00	\$_	29,243,717.00

Note A - Represents the Township of Pennsauken's share of the debt of the Merchantville-Pennsauken Water Commission. The Commission is jointly owned by the Township of Pennsauken and the Borough of Merchantville.

Note 14: CAPITAL DEBT (CONT'D)

Summary of Statutory Debt Condition - Annual Debt Statement

The summarized statement of debt condition which follows is prepared in accordance with the required method of setting up the annual debt statement and indicated a statutory net debt of 1.211%.

	Gross Debt	<u>Deductions</u>	Net Debt
School Purposes Self-Liquidating General	\$ 34,395,000.00 5,995,311.41 30,008,629.00	\$ 34,395,000.00 5,995,311.41 110,000.00	\$ 29,898,629.00
	\$ 70,398,940.41	\$ 40,500,311.41	\$ 29,898,629.00

Net debt \$29,898,629.00 divided by the equalized valuation basis per N.J.S.A.40A:2-2, as amended, \$2,468,383,397.00, equals 1.211%.

Borrowing Power Under N.J.S.A. 40A:2-6 as Amended

3 1/2% of Equalized Valuation Basis (Municipal) Less: Net Debt	\$	86,393,418.90 29,898,629.00
Remaining Borrowing Power	\$	56,494,789.90
Calculation of "Self-Liquidating Purpose," <u>Golf Course Utility Per N.J.S.A. 40:2-45</u>		
Cash Receipts from Fees, Rents, Fund Balance Anticipated, Interest and Other Investment Income, and Other Charges for the Year	\$	1,955,746.23
Deductions: Operating and Maintenance Costs Debt Service \$ 1,531,155.00 163,839.30		
Total Deductions		1,694,994.30
Excess in Revenue	\$	260,751.93
Calculation of "Self-Liquidating Purpose," Merchantville-Pennsauken Water Commission Per N.J.S. Cash Receipts from Fees, Rents, Fund Balance Anticipated, Interest and Other Investment Income, and Other Charges for the Year	A. 40 ::	2-45 10,487,762.30
Deductions: Operating and Maintenance Costs Debt Service \$ 6,966,515.42 636,639.03		
Total Deductions		7,603,154.45

\$

2,884,607.85

Excess in Revenue

Note 15: DEFERRED CHARGES TO BE RAISED IN SUCCEEDING BUDGETS

Certain expenditures are required to be deferred to budgets of succeeding years. At December 31, 2020, the following deferred charges are shown on the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balance of the following fund(s):

<u>Description</u>	<u>Dece</u>	Balance mber 31, 2020	<u> Ap</u>	2021 Budget propriation
Animal Control Fund:				
Deficit in Reserve for Aninmal Control Expenditures	\$	13,125.38	\$	13,125.38

The appropriations in the 2021 Budget as adopted are not less than that required by the statutes.

Note 16: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>Property and Liability Insurance</u> - The Township maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, vehicle, surety bonds, etc.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance - The Township has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Township is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Township is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

The following is a summary of Township contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the Township's trust fund for the current and previous two years:

<u>Year</u>	Township Intributions	terest <u>irnings</u>	Amount eimbursed	Ending <u>Balance</u>
2020	\$ 15,499.35	\$ 7.05	\$ 14,745.46	\$ 1,072.80
2019	7,761.86	52.66	12,587.07	311.86
2018	11,219.80	16.85	7,003.12	5,084.41

It is estimated that unreimbursed payments on behalf of the Township at December 31, 2020 are \$4,473.45.

<u>Self-Insurance Plan</u> - The Township has adopted a plan of self-insurance for workers' compensation insurance, and as a result, has established a trust fund to fund potential claims up to \$500,000.00 per any one accident. Scibal Associates acts as administrator of the plan. The Township purchases commercial coverage for claims in excess of \$500,000.00. There have been no settlements that exceed the Township's coverage for years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Payments from the reserve for 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$510,035.18, \$553,170.66 and \$394,836.54, respectively. At December 31, 2020, there is a \$7,083.72 balance in the reserve. The 2021 adopted budget includes an appropriation in the amount of \$270,130.00 to fund the reserve for future claims. The management of the Township believes that the 2021 budget appropriation to fund the reserve is adequate to meet the needs of the Township and any additional funding required for claims in excess of the trust fund's reserve will be paid and charged to future budgets.

Note 17: CAPITAL DEBT REFUNDING

On December 9, 2020, the Township issued \$5,665,000.00 in general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from .5% to 1.45% to advance refund \$5,375,000.00 of outstanding 2011 series bonds with an interest rate of 3.0%. The net proceeds of \$5,554,250.00 (after payment of issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Treasury Bills. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2011 series bonds. As a result of the current refunding, the Township will reduce its total debt service payments over the next six years by \$244,173.64, which results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the old and new debt) of \$239,684.64, or 4.459% of the principal amount being refunded. The current refunding meets the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the liability for the refunded bonds was removed from the Township's financial statements.

Note 18: CONTINGENCIES

<u>Grantor Agencies</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies could be subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Litigation</u> - The Township is a defendant in legal proceedings that are in various stages of litigation. It is believed that the outcome, or exposure to the Township, from such litigation is either unknown or potential losses, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

Note 19: INTERGOVERNMENTAL SERVICE AGREEMENTS

<u>Pennsauken Sewerage Authority</u> - The Township has entered into a service agreement with the Pennsauken Sewerage Authority, a component unit of the Township, whereby the Township has agreed to pay any shortfall the Authority may encounter in making payments for either operating expenses or debt service requirements. Should the Township make any payments in accordance with this agreement, the Authority would be required to repay any amounts advanced by the Township plus interest at a rate of 1% per year above the highest rate paid by the Authority on any outstanding bonds.

<u>Merchantville - Pennsauken Water Commission</u> - The Township has entered into a service agreement with the Merchantville - Pennsauken Water Commission, which is a component unit of the Township of Pennsauken and the Borough of Merchantville. Both municipalities act as guarantors of all Commission bonds and loans in accordance with the following percentages:

Township of Pennsauken 88.42% Borough of Merchantville 11.58%

No payments were required to be made by the Township relative to any intergovernmental service agreements during the year 2020.

Note 20: CONCENTRATIONS

The Township depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of New Jersey. As a result of this dependency, the Township is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Note 21: TAX ABATEMENTS

The Township is authorized to enter into property tax abatement agreements for commercial and industrial structures under N.J.S.A. 40A:21-1 known as the "Five Year Exemption and Abatement Law" and long-term exemption agreements under N.J.S.A. 40A:20. Under these laws, the Township may grant property tax abatements for a period of five years from the date of completion of construction for the purpose of encouraging the construction of new commercial and industrial structures or other terms for long-term exemptions for the purpose of economic development or affordable housing.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township abated property taxes totaling \$1,014,873.80 under these programs, including the following long-term tax exemption agreements that each exceeded ten percent (10%) of the total amount abated:

- An abatement of \$187,662.44 to a redeveloper formed to own and redevelop property into residential housing units to foster redevelopment.
- An abatement of \$337,706.07 to the owner of a HUD approved apartment complex for affordable housing.
- An abatement of \$193,390.54 to the owner of a senior housing facility to provide for affordable housing for senior citizens.
- An abatement of \$210,422.94 to the owner of a HUD approved apartment complex for affordable housing for senior citizens.

Note 22: REDEVELOPMENT ZONES

The Township has created two redevelopment zones. One encompasses waterfront properties with more than 700 acres of underused industrial property. The Township is uniquely situated on an urban waterfront, which mirrors a growing international trend. Communities across the country and around the world are rediscovering and capitalizing on the potential of urban waterfronts. The Township is in the process of negotiating redevelopment agreements with Buckeye Partners, LP and Liberty Terminal, LLC for large industrial use projects encompassing significant portions of land in this unique environment. In addition, substantial studies, planning and testing have already been conducted to facilitate the redevelopment effort. Moreover, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and the Township have executed a Brownfield's Development Area Initiative Memorandum of Understanding to promote environmental protection for the waterfront development area and to foster neighborhood revitalization.

The other redevelopment zone is located along the Route 73 corridor, an area beginning close to the Tacony-Palmyra Bridge and continuing into the southern end of the Borough of Cinnaminson, known as the "Crossroads Redevelopment Area". The Camden County Improvement Authority ("CCIA"), the governmental economic development agency of Camden County, found the Crossroads Redevelopment Area to be an attractive location for residential and retail redevelopment activities. Specifically, to facilitate redevelopment of the Crossroads Redevelopment Area, the CCIA applied for, received a grant from the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, and was designated by the Township as the redevelopment authority for a portion of the Crossroads Redevelopment Area by Ordinance 02-43 duly adopted after public hearing on December 30, 2002. Site clearance, preparation and environmental studies and remediation have been completed and the CCIA has sold the property to DELCO Development, LLC, a qualified nationally recognized multi-family developer.

Note 22: REDEVELOPMENT ZONES (CONT'D)

DELCO has begun the redevelopment of the 35 acre Crossroads Redevelopment Area, a project named Haddon Pointe, that includes the construction of 189 Townhouses, Eleven (11) residential apartment buildings comprising a total of 264 units, a club house and other related site improvements. The first Ten (10) apartment buildings have been completed and are near full occupancy. The remaining apartment building is under construction with an expected completion date in early 2022. As of June 21, 2021, seventy-seven (77) townhomes have been completed and issued certificates of occupancy. The developer estimates an additional thirty-eight (38) units will be completed by the end of 2021. The remaining buildout schedule has fifty (50) units scheduled for completion in 2022 with the remaining twenty-four (24) units scheduled for completion by the fall of 2023.

Note 23: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Authorization of Debt - Subsequent to December 31, the Township authorized additional bonds and notes as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Adoption</u>	<u>Authorization</u>
General Capital Fund: Various Capital Improvements and the Acquisition of Various Capital Equipment	2/18/2021	\$ 4,275,000.00
Development and Construction of Improvements as Part of the Route 130 Redevelopment Plan	3/18/2021	13,800,000.00

COVID-19 - On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Township's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Township is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for calendar year 2021.

APPENDIX C FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION

PARKER McCAY

Parker McCay P.A.

9000 Midlantic Drive, Suite 300 P.O. Box 5054 Mount Laurel, New Jersey 08054-5054

> P: 856.596.8900 F: 856.596.9631 www.parkermccay.com

June 7, 2022

Mayor and Township Committee of the Township of Pennsauken 5605 North Crescent Boulevard Pennsauken, New Jersey

RE: \$31,880,000 TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN, COUNTY OF CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY, GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022

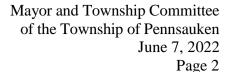
Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have served as Bond Counsel to the Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township") in connection with the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the above-referenced obligations ("Bonds").

The Bonds are authorized pursuant to and in accordance with: (i) the Local Bond Law, constituting Chapter 169 of the Laws of 1960 of the State of New Jersey, as amended and supplemented ("Local Bond Law"); (ii) the bond ordinances set forth in the Resolution (hereinafter defined), each duly and finally adopted by the Township Committee of the Township and published in accordance with the Local Bond Law (collectively, the "Bond Ordinances"); (iii) a resolution adopted by the Township Committee of the Township on May 19, 2022 ("Resolution"); and (iv) a Certificate of Determination and Award executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Township on May 25, 2022 ("Award Certificate").

The Bonds are dated their date of delivery, mature on March 1 in each of the years and in the respective principal amounts set opposite each such year in the table below and bear interest at the interest rates per annum in the table below, payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2023, in each year until maturity or earlier redemption.

Year	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	<u>Year</u>	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2024	\$740,000	%	2033	\$2,030,000	%
2025	855,000		2034	2,100,000	
2026	790,000		2035	2,175,000	
2027	730,000		2036	2,250,000	
2028	975,000		2037	2,335,000	
2029	1,030,000		2038	2,415,000	
2030	1,820,000		2039	2,505,000	
2031	1,885,000		2040	2,600,000	
2032	1,945,000		2041	2,700,000	





The Bonds are issued in fully registered book-entry-only form without coupons, and are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates on the terms and conditions stated therein.

The Bonds are being issued to provide funds which will be used to: (i) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment for which obligations have been authorized but not issued; (ii) permanently finance the costs of various capital improvements and the acquisition of various capital equipment by the repayment, at maturity, of the principal of certain bond anticipation notes heretofore issued by the Township; and (iii) pay certain costs and expenses incidental to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

As the basis for the opinions set forth below, we have examined such matters of law as we have deemed necessary including, *inter alia*, the Constitution of the State of New Jersey, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Code"), and the Local Bond Law. We have also examined such documents, certifications and instruments as we have deemed necessary including, without limitation, the Bond Ordinances, the Resolution, the Award Certificate, the representations and covenants of the Township given pursuant to the Code as set forth in the Certificate as to Nonarbitrage and other Tax Matters ("Nonarbitrage Certificate"), and the other certifications, opinions and instruments listed in the closing agenda prepared in connection with the settlement for the Bonds.

In rendering the following opinion, we have relied upon the authenticity, truthfulness and completeness of all documents, instruments, certifications and opinions examined including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Nonarbitrage Certificate.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, we are of the following opinion:

- 1. The Bonds are legal, valid and binding obligations of the Township enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof, except to the extent that enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium or other laws or equitable principles affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally ("Creditors' Rights Limitations").
- 2. For the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds, the Township has the power and is obligated, to the extent payment is not otherwise provided, to levy *ad valorem* taxes upon all taxable real property within the Township without limitation as to rate or amount, except to the extent that enforcement thereof may be affected by Creditors' Rights Limitations.
- 3. Interest on the Bonds is not included for federal income tax purposes in the gross income of the owners thereof pursuant to Section 103 of the Code and will not constitute a tax preference item for purposes of the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals.

Section 884 of the Code imposes on certain foreign corporations a branch profits tax equal to thirty percent (30%) of the "dividend equivalent amount" for the taxable year. Interest on the



Bonds received or accrued by a foreign corporation subject to the branch profits tax will be included in computing the "dividend equivalent amount" of such corporation.

In addition, passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to federal income taxation under Section 1375 of the Code for any S corporation that has Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of the taxable year if more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross receipts of such S corporation is passive investment income.

In rendering this opinion, we have assumed continuing compliance by the Township that it will comply with the applicable requirements of the Code, including requirements relating to, *inter alia*, the use and investment of proceeds of the Bonds and rebate to the United States Treasury of specified arbitrage earnings, if any, under Section 148(f) of the Code. Failure of the Township to comply with such covenants could result in the interest on the Bonds being subject to federal income tax from the date of issue. We have not undertaken to monitor compliance with such covenants or to advise any party as to changes in the law after the date hereof that affect the tax-exempt status of the interest on the Bonds.

Ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers including, without limitation, certain holders of an interest in a financial asset securitization investment trust, property and casualty insurance companies, controlled foreign corporations, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals who otherwise qualify for the earned income credit, and to individuals and families that qualify for a premium assistance credit amount under Section 36B of the Code. The Code denies the earned income credit to an individual who is otherwise eligible if the aggregate amount of disqualified income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds certain limits set forth in Sections 32(i) and (i) of the Code. Interest on the Bonds will constitute disqualified income for this purpose. The Code also provides that the earned income credit is phased out if the modified adjusted gross income of the taxpayer exceeds certain amounts. Interest on the Bonds is included in determining the modified adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. Section 36B of the Code provides that the amount of the premium assistance credit amount is in part determined by household income. Section 36B(d) of the Code provides that household income consists of the "modified adjusted gross income" of the taxpayer and certain other individuals. "Modified adjusted gross income" means adjusted gross income increased by certain amounts, including interest received or accrued by the taxpayer which is exempt from tax, such as the interest on the Bonds.

In addition, attention is called to the fact that Section 265(b)(1) of the Code eliminates the interest deduction otherwise allowable with respect to indebtedness deemed incurred by banks, thrift institutions and other financial institutions to purchase or to carry tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986 other than "qualified tax-exempt obligations" as defined in Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. The Township has *not* designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.



Page 4

Owners of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers as to the applicability and effect on their federal income taxes of the alternative minimum tax, the branch profits tax and the tax on passive investment income of S corporations, as well as the applicability and effect of any other collateral federal income tax consequences.

4. Interest on the Bonds and any gain from the sale thereof is not included in the gross income of the owners thereof under the New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act, as enacted and construed on the date hereof.

We express no opinion as to any matter not set forth in the numbered paragraphs above including, without limitation, any financial or other information which has been or may be supplied to purchasers of the Bonds.

The opinions expressed in the numbered paragraphs above are being rendered on the basis of federal law and the laws of the State of New Jersey, as presently enacted and construed, and we assume no responsibility to advise any party as to any changes in law or fact subsequent to the date hereof.

This is only an opinion letter and not a warranty or guaranty of the matters discussed above.

This letter is being provided solely for the benefit of the Township and may not be relied upon by any other person, party, firm or organization without our prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX D

FORM OF DISCLOSURE DISSEMINATION AGENT AGREEMENT

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

- THIS CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT ("Disclosure Agreement") is made on this 7th day of June, 2022, between the Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey ("Township") and the Dissemination Agent (hereinafter defined). This Disclosure Agreement is entered into in connection with the issuance and sale by the Township of its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022, in the principal amount of \$31,880,000 ("Bonds").
- **SECTION 1.** Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds (collectively, the "Bondholders") and in compliance with the provisions of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5), promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as it may be amended from time to time, including administrative or judicial interpretations thereof, as it applies to the Bonds ("Rule").
- **SECTION 2.** <u>Definitions</u>. Capitalized terms, not otherwise defined herein, shall, for purposes of this Disclosure Agreement, have the following meanings:
- "<u>Annual Report</u>" shall mean, the Township's Annual Report provided pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.
 - "Commission" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1 of this Disclosure Agreement
- "Business Day" shall mean any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which the Township or the Dissemination Agent is authorized by law or contract to remain closed.
- "Continuing Disclosure Information" shall mean: (i) the Annual Report; (ii) any notice required to be filed with the National Repository pursuant to Section 5 hereof; and (iii) any notice of an event required to be filed with the National Repository pursuant to Section 3(c) hereof.
- "<u>Dissemination Agent</u>" shall mean Acacia Financial Group, Inc., Mount Laurel, New Jersey, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Township and which has filed with the Township a written acceptance of such designation.
- "EMMA" shall mean the Electronic Municipal Market Access System, an internet based filing system created and maintained by the MSRB in accordance with Release No. 34-59062 of the Commission, dated December 5, 2008, pursuant to which issuers of tax-exempt bonds, including the Bonds, and other filers on behalf of such issuers shall upload Continuing Disclosure Information to assist underwriters in complying with the Rule and to provide the general public with access to such Continuing Disclosure Information.
- "Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.
 - "MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.
- "<u>National Repository</u>" shall mean the MSRB, through the internet facilities of EMMA, or any other public or private repository or entity that shall hereafter be designated by the Commission as a repository for purposes of the Rule.
- "<u>Official Statement</u>" shall mean the Official Statement of the Township, dated May 19, 2022, relating to the Bonds.

"<u>Opinion of Counsel</u>" shall mean a written opinion of counsel expert in federal securities law acceptable to the Township.

"Rule" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1 of this Disclosure Agreement.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Report.

- (a) The Township shall not later than two hundred seventy (270) days after the end of its fiscal year (currently December 31) for each fiscal year until termination of the Township's reporting obligations under this Disclosure Agreement pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 hereof provide to the Dissemination Agent the Annual Report prepared for the preceding fiscal year of the Township (commencing for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022). Each Annual Report provided to the Dissemination Agent by the Township shall comply with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement but may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package and may cross-reference other information submitted to the National Repository. Any and all items that must be included in the Annual Report may be incorporated by reference from other information that is available to the public on EMMA, or that has been filed with the Commission.
- (b) The Dissemination Agent, promptly (within fifteen (15) Business Days) after receiving the Annual Report from the Township, shall submit each Annual Report received by it to the National Repository and thereafter shall file a written report with the Township certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement to the National Repository and stating the date it was provided to the National Repository.
- (c) If the Township fails to provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent by the date required in subsection (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall send a notice to the Township advising of such failure. Whether or not such notice is given or received, if the Township thereafter fails to submit the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent within fifteen (15) Business Days after the Annual Report was due pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall promptly send a notice (with a copy of said notice to the Township) to the National Repository in substantially the form attached as <u>EXHIBIT "A"</u> hereto.

SECTION 4. Contents of Annual Report. Annual Report shall mean: (i) certain financial information and operating data of the Township consisting of: (a) Township and overlapping indebtedness, including a schedule of outstanding debt issued by the Township; (b) the Township's most current adopted budget; (c) property valuation information; and (d) tax rate, levy and collection data; and (ii) the Township's annual financial statements, audited by an independent certified public accountant, provided that the annual audited financial statements of the Township may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required in Section 3(a) hereof for the filing of the Annual Report if the annual audited financial statements are not available by that date, but only if the unaudited financial statements of the Township are included in the Annual Report. Each annual audited financial statement will conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units or will be prepared in accordance with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and requirements of the Division of Local Government Services in the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs as such principles, standards and requirements exist at the time of the filing of the particular annual audited financial statements.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

- (a) This Section 5 shall govern the giving of notices of the occurrence of any of the following listed events ("Listed Events"):
 - (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (2) non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers or their failure to perform;
 - (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
 - (7) modifications to the rights of Bondholders, if material;
 - (8) Bond calls (excluding mandatory sinking fund redemptions), if material, or tender offers;
 - (9) defeasances;
 - (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
 - (11) rating changes;
 - (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
 - (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material:
 - (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
 - incurrence of a financial obligation¹ of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
 - (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.
- (b) The Township shall within seven (7) Business Days of the occurrence of any of the Listed Events, notify the Dissemination Agent in writing to report the event pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section 5. In determining the materiality of a Listed Event specified clauses (2), (7), (8), (10), (13), (14) or (15) of subsection (a) of this Section 5, the Township may, but shall not be required to, rely conclusively on an Opinion of Counsel.

¹ The term "financial obligation" means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term financial obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement

(c) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by the Township to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, the Dissemination Agent shall file a notice of such occurrence with the National Repository within three (3) Business Days of the receipt of such instruction, with a copy of such notice provided by the Dissemination Agent to the Township.

SECTION 6. <u>Termination of Reporting Obligations</u>. The reporting obligations of the Township under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds or when the Township is no longer an Obligated Person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the Bonds.

SECTION 7. <u>Amendment; Waiver.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Township may amend this Disclosure Agreement and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is supported by an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such amendment or waiver will not, in and of itself, cause the undertakings herein to violate the Rule. No amendment to this Disclosure Agreement shall change or modify the rights or obligations of the Dissemination Agent without its written assent thereto. The Township shall give notice of such amendment or waiver to this Disclosure Agreement to the Dissemination Agent and the Dissemination Agent shall file such notice with the National Repository.

SECTION 8. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Township from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Township chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, it shall not have any obligation under this Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 9. <u>Default and Remedies</u>. In the event of a failure of the Township to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Dissemination Agent may (and, at the request of the Bondholders of at least twenty-five percent (25%) in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds and provision of indemnity and security for expenses satisfactory to it, shall), or any beneficial owner of the Bonds may, take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Township to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A failure of the Township to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed to be a default under the Bonds. The sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Township to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 10. <u>Notices</u>. All notices and other communications required or permitted under this Disclosure Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given, made and received only when delivered (personally, by recognized national or regional courier service, or by other messenger, for delivery to the intended addressee) or when deposited in the United States mail, registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed as set forth below:

(i) If to the Township:

Township of Pennsauken 5605 North Crescent Boulevard Pennsauken, New Jersey 08110 Attention: Chief Financial Officer

(ii) If to the Dissemination Agent:

Acacia Financial Group, Inc. 6000, Midlantic Drive, Suite 410 North, Mount Laurel, New Jersey 08054

Any party may alter the address to which communications are to be sent by giving notice of such change of address in conformity with the provision of this Section 10 for the giving of notice.

- **SECTION 11.** <u>Beneficiaries.</u> This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Township, the Dissemination Agent and the Bondholders and nothing herein contained shall confer any right upon any other person.
- **SECTION 12.** <u>Submission of Information to MSRB</u>. Any Continuing Disclosure Information filed with the MSRB in accordance with this Disclosure Agreement shall be in electronic format as shall be prescribed by the MSRB or such other format as the Rule may require or permit, and shall be accompanied by such identifying information as shall be prescribed by the MSRB or as may otherwise be required by the Rule.
- **SECTION 13.** <u>Compensation</u>. The Township shall pay the Dissemination Agent from time to time reasonable compensation for all services rendered under this Disclosure Agreement, and also all reasonable expenses, charges, counsel fees and other disbursements, including those of its attorneys, agents and employees, incurred in and about the performance of its powers and duties under this Disclosure Agreement.
- **SECTION 14.** Successors and Assigns. All of the covenants, promises and agreements contained in this Disclosure Agreement by or on behalf of the Township or by or on behalf of the Dissemination Agent shall bind and inure to the benefit of their respective successors and assigns, whether so expressed or not.
- **SECTION 15.** <u>Headings for Convenience Only.</u> The descriptive headings in this Disclosure Agreement are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof.
- **SECTION 16.** Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- **SECTION 17.** <u>Severability.</u> If any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, or the application of any such provision in any jurisdiction or to any person or circumstance, shall be held invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions of this Disclosure Agreement, or the application

of such provision as is held invalid or unenforceable in jurisdictions or to persons or circumstances other than those in or as to which it is held invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 18. Governing Law. This Disclosure Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Disclosure Agreement as of the date first above written.

TOWNSHIP OF PENNSAUKEN, NEW JERSEY
By: ELIZABETH PEDDICORD, Chief Financial Officer
ACACIA FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. as Dissemination Agent
By:

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO NATIONAL REPOSITORY OF FAILURE TO FILE AN ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer:	Township of Pennsauken, County of Camden, New Jersey
Name of Bond Issues Affected:	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022
Date of Issuance of the Affected Bond Issue:	June 7, 2022
respect to the above named Bond i Agreement, dated June 7, 2022, bet INCLUDED ONLY IF THE DISS	EN that the Issuer has not provided an Annual Report with issue as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure tween the Township and the Dissemination Agent. [TO BE SEMINATION AGENT HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE Issuer anticipates that such Annual Report will be filed by
Dated:	
	ACACIA FINANCIAL GROUP, INC., as Dissemination Agent

cc: Township of Pennsauken, New Jersey